St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXI. ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1882. NO. 35.

Last Edition.

THE PANIC PAST.

Order and Confidence Being Gradually Established in Alexandria.

Arabi Pasha's Position and Whereabouts Unknown.

More British Marines Ordered From Malta—The Khedive,

The Fire Checked and the Plundering Stopped—English Preparations.

ON BOARD H. M. S. INVINCIBLE, ALEXANDRIA, July 14, 5 P. M.—The Khedive's arrival caused lively satisfaction, for a way is now opened out of the dead-lock which before prevailed. It is at his request that now our marines are on shore, patrolling the streets, trying to stop the terrible chaos which has existed for three days. Streets upon streets have been burned, many more Christians in hiding have escaped, and the stories are all of the same kind, murder and robbery. The first intimation that the Khedive was alive was given by three officers who came from Ramleh to ask that assistance be sent to the Khedive, whose palace was surrounded by Arab troops, who nominally came as his guards. The Admiral promised to keep the street clear, and that officer said he would drive straight in

IF NOT HINDERED

from leaving the Ipalace by the troops. In the evening proclamations in Arabic were issued in the name of the Khedive, ordering the soldiers to leave their regiments and go back to their native villages. I accompanied a body of marines and blue jackets who landed from their ships to destroy the guns of the forts. The Ras-el-Tin and Pharos forts were in a complete state of ruin. The effect of the explosion of the great shells must have been terrible. The strongest walls were crumbled, and it is a marvel how the Egyptians fought their guns so long. The Khedive's palace, lying behind the fort, is badly knocked about. Near the entrance of the gate of the fort, whose magazine first exploded, we found the sentry dead. The ground was torn up, the walls shattered and the whole place dismantled. Several dead gunners lay in the battery close behind. Several huge pits had dug as graves, and into these most of

THE DEAD WERE THROWN

as they fell. It is estimated that in these forts alone 400 of Arabi's troops had been killed. From 200 to 2,000 Christians are said to have been massacred, but there do not appear to be any reliable data. From friendly natives the Admiral obtained information that the main body of Arabi's army has gone to Damanhour, fifteen miles away, where strong works have been erected. All reports concerning Arabi must be received with caution. It may be said all the defenses of Alexandria are now in our hands. Stone Pasha has been with the Khedive from the first to the last. It was erroneous he had espoused the party of Arabi, and he told Col. Long so this morning. Col. Long took a flag ashore. The Consulate is burned. Admiral Seymour says he would like

TO SHAKE THE HANDS

of the men behind the defenses of the Meks battery, who made a brave defense. The Quinneburg and Mystic, with Admiral Nicholson, were the first to enter the port. Admiral Seymour telegraphs the British Admiralty: "Please express the thanks of the officers and men of the squadron for the gracious and kind message of Her Majesty. The conduct of the officers and men is beyond praise. The majority of the wounded are doing well."

The Admiral seemed to be much distressed that he could not afford sufficient men to land, in consequence of information respecting the large force of Egyptians ready to attack. Two regiments of cavalry and one of infantry were with the Khedive ostensibly as a guard of honor, but on the day after the bombardment they surrounded the palace and would

HAVE MURDERED HIS HIGHNESS

had not Dervish Pasha interfered. Everywhere around us are traces of the terrific fire from the fleet to which the place has been subjected, and of the thoroughly complete manner in which the work has been performed. The fire is still raging as furiously as ever. At an early stage four distinct fires were clearly visible, but at present there is

ONE MASS OF LIVING, SOLID FIRE.

The unfortunate delay of twenty-four hours to follow up the hard but excellent work of Tuesday can never be made up. Many forebode the ghastly catastrophe that happened,

GERMANY AND AUSTRIA'S APPROVAL.

LONDON, July 15.—The War Office has ordered a sufficient number of intrenching tools sent to Egypt for the use of the first body of English regulars that lands. In regard to the reported approval of the bombardment by Germany and Austria, Sir Chas. Dilke admitted there had been no written communication expressing their approval, but he gave it to be understood verbal communications from the German and Austrian Ambassadors had justified the ministry in making the statement that the action of the fleet was approved by the two German Powers. There is evidently a divergence of views between the German and Austrian Ambassadors and the English Foreign Office as to what actually passed in reference to the bombardment of Alexandria.

JOHN BRIGHT HAS RESIGNED

In consequence of the bombardment of Alexandria. His speeches in favor of coercion were severely criticised, even by his political friends, who were unable to reconcile them with his former declarations that force was no remedy. Both in the House and in the press he was frequently taunted with being associated with measures as Minister which he would have denounced with eloquence had he been out of office.

A PRINCE AS COMMANDER.

LONDON, July 15.—It is stated that the Duke of Connaught will take command of the brigade of the Guards in Egypt. The Household Cavalry do not take heavy kits for active service.

FRANCE IS WILLING

The Daily News believes there is a growing feeling among the Powers that the time for Turkish intervention is past, that the work will be sufficiently done by an English and French occupation. Within the past two days France has shown an increasing disposition to undertake the joint occupation if invited to do so by the Powers.

THE CONFERENCE.

All the ambassadors have received instructions that the Conference will meet Saturday morning, and will in the afternoon recommend the Porte to intervene in Egypt.

PROMISED TO SUPPORT ARABI.

It is reported a number of Arabian sheikhs have promised to support Arabi Pasha.

TROOPS FROM SOUTH AFRICA.

The troops here are held in readiness to start for Egypt.

NOT SPREADING.

LONDON, July 15.—Admiral Seymour telegraphed at 11 o'clock last night that the fire in Alexandria was not spreading. Nearly all the looting had stopped. A force of Germans have landed to protect the hospital and a party of Americans to establish a Consulate. The ironclad Minotaur has arrived.

ALMOST EXTERMINATED.

ALEXANDRIA, July 15.—The bombarding of Tuesday almost exterminated the Egyptian corps of artillerymen, which was the best branch of the army.

AMERICAN MARINES ASSISTING.

LONDON, July 15.—In the Commons to-day Dilke, Under Foreign Secretary, read a telegram, stating American marines were assisting in patrolling the streets of Alexandria.

ALEXANDRIA, July 15.—It is now possible to walk the streets without escort. The cafes and shops are reopening and confidence is generally reviving. Admiral Seymour telegraphs at 10:20 this morning: "I am organizing a police force as fast as possible, and I have occupied the gates and two forts."

NO INFORMATION.

LONDON, July 15.—Charles Dilke said the Government had no information as to Arabi Pasha's position.

IMPORTANT STATEMENT

LONDON, July 15.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Sir Charles Dilkes, in reply to a question whether steps would be taken to intercept Arabi Pasha on the road, said: "Our proceedings relate to Alexandria. The other matter is for the powers to take action upon." A thousand more marines are ordered from Malta to Alexandria.

ARABI DURING THE BOMBARDMENT.

LONDON, July 15.—An Alexandria dispatch to the Times says that 1,300 Christian refugees were saved in a Coptic church during the massacre. The fires in the town are undoubtedly directly instigated by the principal supporters of Arabi Pasha, if not by himself. After the looting commenced the soldiers attacked the original plunderers and robbed them of their prey. Arabi Pasha, during the engagement, was at Fort Napoleon, which neither fired nor received a shot. After the firing had ceased he rode through the town accompanied by Mahmoud, Lami and other Ministers. Subsequently a party of soldiers deliberately set fire to the French Consulate. Another party proceeded in the same systematic manner to set fire to the other side of the great square. The whole district is so ruined that the street openings are indistinguishable.

ESCAPED.

LONDON, July 15.—The English consulate at Alexandria and the quarter containing the great grain and cotton stores escaped the conflagration. There is no telegraphic communication with any place in the interior.

THE NOTE TO THE PORTE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 15.—The conference to-day discussed the terms of the note to be addressed to the Porte demanding the dispatch of Turkish troops to Egypt.

EXPLOSIONS.

OFF ALEXANDRIA, 3 P. M., July 15.—There have been three heavy explosions on shore since noon.

EL MEHDI.

The Islam Messiah Whom Arabi Feigns to be—A Koran Prophecy.

Another complication, which may have to be calculated in the affairs of Egypt, is the prophecy in the Koran concerning the coming of the Mohammedan Messiah. This complication first manifested itself in 1850, in the person of the elder son of one Sidi Mohammed Es-Sennoussi. It concerns the Moslem rather than the Christian. In the sacred writings of Islam occurs the following prophecy: "On the first month of Moharrem, in the year of the Hegira 1300 (November 12, 1882), will appear El Mehdi, or the Messsia. He will be exactly forty years of age; of noble bearing; one arm will be longer than the other; his father's name will be Mohammed, his mother's Fatina; and he will be bidden for a time prior to his manifestation." The person who fulfills the requirements of this prophecy is the Sennoussi referred to. Sennoussi declares God has confided to him three duties:

1. To propagate the most austere principles of Islam.

2. To wage war against the contamination of Islam by contact with the Christian.

3. To punish the Turkish Government for adopting European costumes and copying European institutions.

No fewer than 700 Zeovia, or subordinate places of worship, have been established in Egypt and Arabia for the preaching of these teachings; and emissaries from Sennoussi have expounded them personally to the Sheikul-Islam and the Ulemas of Constantinople—the chief and priests of the Moslem faith. That these teaching have been greedily imbibed by the irreconcilable Arabi Bey admits of no doubt. He has already gone so far as to call himself El Mehdi, although he does not fulfill the requirements made by the sacred writings in connection with the Messiah. In dealing with the affairs of the Turkish Empire we are apt to make insufficient allowance for this great intestine commotion going on among the "faithful." Turkish rule in Stamboul, for aught that Europe is concerned, may hang on as tenaciously as did Byzantine rule in the Constantinople of 400 years ago. It will be to an internal strife of the nature of the one now being waged waged within its borders, quite as much as to any aggressive action on the part of Europe, that the collapse of the Ottoman Empire will be due. Still its present resistance to the decrees of Europe will tend toward lengthening the days of its pilgrimage.

Ras-El-Tin Palace.

The Ras-el-Tin Palace has been partially destroyed by fire from the British squadron. If the Alexandrians thought anything of this whatever, they have been unfortunate. One of Arabi Bey's first tasks was to set Egyptian and Turkish troops to place earthworks and guns upon either side of this edifice—the same which Dumas the elder contemptuously referred to as the miserable white building built by Italians. These earthworks have the appearance of being not altogether despicable from a military point of view. The ostentation which was displayed in mounting them with guns and fixing accommodations for Egyptian soldiers in their vicinity invited attack. The Alexandrians themselves were accustomed to speak of the Ras-el-Tin as invincible, and long before the British attack took place there was not a miserable donkey-beater or veiler for backsheesh who did not look upon the white outlines o the Pasha's, palace, as they shifted tranquilly on the reflection of the gently-heaving waters of the harbor, and consider that it, at all events, was a building which was sacred from the attacks of the Giaour. The harem, a more lovely building still, which stood upon higher ground, and the pomegranate gardens of which looked down upon Alexandria harbor on one side and the sapphire blue Mediterranean on the other, was not more respected by the populace than the palace. There were women there, it was true—women gathered from the shores of the Persian gulf, dark-eyed beauties born in the sweet and cedar-clad Georgian valleys, houris nurtured in the zenanas of Hindoostan, Ethiopian slaves seized from their homes in the Soudan—but the camel-driver, the dragoman, the donkey-boy, nor any other in Alexandria, thought anything of the harem in importance as compared with the palace of Ras-el-Tin. That to them was a sacred building, beautiful and invincible, by the will of All. Few Egyptians would approach it, driving around the northern circle of the harbor, without pausing to salaam it and murmur with respect that truly it was the abode of the great prophet, and therefore worthy of the most profound veneration. The palace is situated upon the northern bend of the western harbor, and its frontage dips right down into the tide. The stories which have been told of the bowstring and the mysterious caiques in the homes of Turkish voluptuaries on the Bosphorus are plentiful of this same palace on the water in Alexandria. Ancient residents, looking across from the sandy shores on the opposite side, have been veiled boats pushed off into the stream, a heavy sack thrown overboard, and the slaves returning in their craft to the white palace, leaving behind them, enveloped in the silent, rolling and inexorable waters, some tale of a sated Pasha's disgust, or the miserable mortal remains of a poor human amour. It is built, or was, upon the southern shore of the island of Pharos, and was surrounded by a series of forts, which were supposed to render it impregnable to attack from the mainland. The fire from the British fleet which destroyed it not only spoiled the chance of Arabi Bey making a successful defense from the forts which surround the Ras-el-Tin, but has ruined certainly the most costly building in Alexandria. Adjoining it were gigantic stables filled with horses of all breeds, from the docile and diminutive Arab to the larger and less tractable English charger. In the building itself there were a series of magnificent rooms, representative of the principal European countries. The furnishings of the Paris, the Roman and the London rooms were especially remarkable for costliness and characteristic design.

Arabi and the Egyptian Debt.

Arabi Pasha says: 'The fellaheen are ruined, but not by me or my party. The real reason why they are in a condition of penury is that they have never yet been able to get rid of the load of debt under which they were crushed by the regime of Ismail. This has compelled them to borrow and reborrow, and made them slaves of the Jewish and Syrian and Greek money-lenders, with whom they have always to renew their bonds at ever augumenting rates of interest. They have never been able to escape from their ruinous obligations to these blood-sucking usurers, and the high-salaried officials of the Control of course never deigned to give a thought to the intolerable misery which the tillers of the soil had thus to endure. On the contrary, they told Europe that under their improved administration these wretched people were happy and even rich. I declare this to be false.

"I say that, on the contrary, the fellaheen of Egypt owe to-day over seven millions of pounds sterling to the money-lenders, which they are too poor to pay, and it has been the principal part of my policy to deal with this fact, and to put a stop to the odious trade of the entire tribe of usurers, Greeks, Syrians, Jews, and others. Instead of their enslaving system, I intended to inaugurate a scheme for a national bank, which would have enabled the fellaheen to get over their financial difficulties equitably and easily. For this I have drawn down on my head the bitter enmity of the usurers and their hangers-on and advocates. Their lies are believed by Malet, Colvin and the official European clique, who get the English to believe them also. The intrigues of the money-lenders ramify all over Europe, and the result is that the present position of Egypt is desperate, because Europe will not open its ears to the truth about it."

But there is another side to this statement of Arabi's. The Controll benefitted the fellaheen so far that it caused the rate of interest to be vastly reduced. The intrigues and the violence of the military party really upset Cherif's scheme for establishing a national bank, and the result is that now nobody can raise money anywhere on any conditions whatever.

A Savage Murder.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

LEWISTON, N. C., July 15.—Tritty Thompson and Kitty Hardy, colored women, quarreled yesterday about some money. Thompson seized a carving-knife and Hardy an axe. A terrific fight ensued, short and decisive. Thompson drove the knife through Hardy. The latter died in two minutes. Thompson was pulled from her victim's body by her husband.

Murdered and Robbed.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHURCHVILLE, La., July 15.—John Young, employed by the Northern Pacific Railway, was murdered by four negroes in Pointe Coupee Parish and robbed of $100.

Killed by a Rolling Log.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 15.—Dennis McCarthy was killed by a rolling log near Eau Claire, this State, on Thursday. His home was in Piercy, Gasby county, Lower Canada.

WASHINGTON.

News Notes From the Capital of the Nation.

Congressional—A Dead-Lock Threatened—Capitol Chatter—Political News.

Republican Quorum.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Favorable responses continue to come from absent Republican members to-day, and the Sergeant-at-Arms is confident of a quorum on Tuesday. The Democrats propose to make as hard a fight as possible and say they believe this action of the Republicans will help Democrats at the fall election.

PENNSYLVANIA FUSS.

There is a wide variety of opinion regarding the compromise of the Pennsylvania Republicans. The National Republican, understood to represent the Administration, counsels compromise, while Don Cameron openly avows himself opposed to it and proposes to fight it out on the old line.

THE MAINE CANVASS.

A large number of Congressmen, including Keifer, Logan, Allison and others of note, are booked for the Maine canvass immediately after the adjournment of Congress.

A LOSS.

There is great regret in the House over the fact that Neal, of Ohio, was not renominated. He was a very valuable member, especially on District of Columbia affairs.

ANTIETAM.

Gen. Drum and a party of officers who took part at Antietam left this morning to visit the battle-field.

IMMIGRATION BILL.

Mr. Deuster's immigration bill will be presented to the House in a revised form Tuesday and pass without opposition. It requires that emigrants be furnished with food equal to one and a half navy rations, also to have tables, chairs, etc., with sufficient water, air, light and space. The bill has been submitted to the steamship representatives, and they profess to be satisfied.

HULLS AND BOILERS.

The bill creating a district for the inspection of hulls and boilers at New Haven, and to increase the salary of the local board of inspectors at New London, was unfavorably reported by the committee.

FAST MAIL ROUTE.

The Postmaster General is working on a plan for a fast mail South, reducing the time from New York to New Orleans by twelve hours.

THE NICARAGUA CANAL.

Kasson's favorable report on the Nicaragua Canal will be considered by the committee Tuesday, and the bill will be probably sent to the House with a favorable recommendation. No action is expected this session.

LINCOLN AND SWAIM.

There is said to be quite a coolness between Lincoln and Swaim. There are four of the seven Judge Advocates here constantly, one acting as secretary to Lincoln. Swaim has attempted to scatter them out and Lincoln thinks they ought to remain here. Lincoln also disagrees with Swaim in many of his decisions, as do many others who say he is utterly incompetent regarding army law.

GARFIELD'S FRIENDS.

The recent removal of Corbin to the far West and the practical ignoring of Rockwell by the President cause Garfield's three army friends to feel themselves ill treated by the Administration.

THE FIRST.

The First National Bank of Findlay, O., reorganized yesterday under the new act rechartering banks, being the first to take advantage of the act.

MASON'S CASE.

Gen. Swaim will submit his report in the Mason case to the President to-day. It is understood he holds that the military was illegally used to protect Guiteau, and the finding of the court-martial against Mason is invalid.

MINISTER LANGSTON

at Hayti is coming home.

WHITTAKER'S COUNSEL.

It is reported Prof. Greener (colored), Whittaker's counsel, will be appointed to succeed him.

A House and Senate Quarrel.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The House and Senate are now attempting to get up a quarrel over the salary of their employes. The House employes' salary has always been less than the Senate and the House in making up the legislation bill equalized them. The Senate put them back to the old figure and the Conference Committee failed to agree on the subject. The House this morning discussed the matter for an hour, and sent it back to the committee. There is some fear that a serious deadlock may result and add materially to the length of the session.

THE NEW BONDS.

Treasury officials call attention to the fact that bonds in exchange for the new 3 per cents will not be accepted before August 1, at 10 a. m., and then only by express or mail and in the order received. Two Senators called yesterday and asked that bonds be accepted, but were refused.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Sam'l S. Benedict (Kansas), Indian Inspector; Silas S. Garrett (Tenn.), Supervising Inspector of Steam Vessels for the Eighth District. Postmasters, Philip C. Zollman, at De Soto, Mo.; Stephen W. Rathbun, at Mitchell, Dakota.

An Official Visit.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Judge Wells and Harlan, of the Geneva Commission, and Judge Cresswell, Consul for the United States, paid an official visit to the President and Secretary of State to-day.

The President appointed James M. Haworth, of Kansas, Inspector of Indian Schools.

Tobacco Dealers' Grievance.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The tobacco dealers and manufacturers of the country will hold a meeting here this evening or Monday, to protest against the Senate Committee amendment to the internal revenue bill, by which the proposed rebate to the dealers when the law goes into effect will be done away with. The bill as passed by the House reduced the tax on cigars, cigarettes and manufactured tobacco, and provided that the difference between the present tax and that provided by the bill paid by dealers on stock which is on hand when the bill goes into effect be returned to them in the form of rebate. This provision the Senate committee struck out. The tobacco dealers say unless this can remain in the bill it will be better for the trade that the tax be not reduced.

Hennepin Canal.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—When the question of concurring in the Senate amendment to the river and harbor bill touching the Hennepin Canal came up in the House this afternoon Mr. Singleton, of Illinois, took the floor against the amendment, and against granting any money for this canal or any work of the sort. He denounced the scheme as unwise, unjust and unconstitutional. Henderson replied briefly, favoring the Senate amendment. The whole matter was sent to the conference committee.

XLVII. CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Senator Anthony introduced a bill repealing so much of the army appropriation bill as provides for the retirement of General Sherman and Lieutenant-General Sheridan. Referred.

House.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—Mr. Cannon, from the committee of conference on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, reported that the committee had been unable to agree.

After discussion the House voted to insist on its disagreement with the Senate and to ask for a further conference. Messrs. Connor, Hiscock and Atkins were reappointed conferees on the legislative bill, and Messrs. Robeson and Cox were appointed conferees on the deficiency appropriation bill. On motion of Burrows (Michigan) a resolution was adopted referring to the Committee on Civil Service Reform the question of the inequalities of salaries between the Senate and House employes, providing that no salaries be increased.

Mr. Williams (Wisconsin) reported back from the Foreign Affairs Committee the resolution offered by Mr. Cox, requesting the President to communicate any information in possession of the State Department in reference to any modification in the stipulations under which the French Cable Company was permitted to land its cable on the shore of the United States, to the effect that it does not combine with other companies to raise the rates, with a view to Congressional action to prevent consolidation. Adopted.

THE CROP ALL RIGHT.

Favorable Reports Still Come in From Various Parts of the Country.

ST. PAUL, July 15.—Crop dispatches from more than a hundred points show the general outlook to be still favorable. The cool weather and light rains have been favorable to the growth of wheat and prevented any formidable development of the insect enemies. There have been little appearance of rust, though the grain is in such condition that a few hot days would undoubtedly cause much rust and blight. The only serious damage so far has been in some low lands in the Southern part of the State and on the west side of the Red River, where the grain is weedy and sickly, on account of too much wet. Estimates of the yield per acre promise the largest crop in the history of the Northwest. The wheat in the Southern counties is now well headed out, but corn is still backward and unpromising. The other small grains are well headed out and promise the average yield and a largely increased aggregate yield on account of the increased acreage.

Stabbed by Gamblers.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—Wm. Todd, of Pittsburg, a steamboatman, was fallen upon this morning by the inmates of a gambling-house on Longworth street and stabbed in the back, groin and side. The wounds are regarded as serious. The assailants escaped.

VICTIMS OF THE CYCLONE.

The Times-Star, Little Rock special says: Thirty bodies have been recovered from the ruins of the building at Texarkana. The funerals of the victims to-day were attended by great crowds. The work of search for the missing is still going on. Three bodies taken out were burned to a crisp. Fifteen persons are still missing, and are supposed to be under the ruins.

BEATEN TO DEATH.

At Clarendon, Monroe county, Arkansas, James Green, colored, was beaten to death by a club in the hands of John Riseberg, who escaped. He is the same man who recently committed a murder at Friar's Point, Miss

Indications.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—For Tennessee and Ohio Valley and Lower Lake Region, warmer, fair weather followed by increasing cloudiness and local rains, winds mostly southerly, stationary or lower pressure. Upper Lake Region, increasing cloudiness, with rain, southerly winds, stationary or higher temperature, lower pressure. Upper Missouri Valley, cloudy, rainy weather, southern winds veering to westerly, stationary or higher temperature, lower pressure. Missouri Valley, partly cloudy weather, with rains, southerly winds veering to colder northwesterly, rising preceded in southern portion by falling barometer.

Franklin County Delegates.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, MO., July 15.—The mass meeting held here to-day appointed the following delegates to the State Convention: John W. Booth, Thos. P. Digge, Joseph M. O'Shea, Dr. J. W. Dunn and M. D. Rees. A resolution was adopted instructing for Judge Sherwood for Supreme Judge and J. L. Buskett for Railroad Commissioner.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, July 15.—First race, three-quarters mile Saunterer first, Maggie Ayer second and Fellowplay third. Time, 1:16¾.

Second race, 2¼ miles, Thora first, Carley B. second, Alta B. third. Time 4:05¾.

Third race, one mile and a furlong—Warfield first, Churchill second, Morgan Spy third. Time, 1:59¾.

A Big Fire.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

PORTLAND, OREGON, July 15.—A heavy fire is reported to-day from the town of Colfax, Washington Territory. No particulars yet. It is estimated that the loss will not fall short of $250,000. The heaviest individual loss is $35,000.

Attempted Suicide.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., July 15.—Jas. R. Collins, a highly respectable young man of Wytheville, Va., was robbed last night while on a spree. To-day he took an ounce of laudanum and is in a critical condition.

FOREIGN.

England.

LONDON, July 15.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Chamberlain, President of the Board of Trade, confirmed the rumor that John Bright had resigned the Chancellorship of the Duchy of Lancaster.

RIFLE CONTEST.

LONDON, July 15.—In the rifle contest at Wimbledon Lieut. Mitchell, of Canada, won the Prince of Wales' prize with a score of 85.

WILL NOT BE FOLLOWED.

The Pall-Mall Gazette says Mr. Bright's resignation is not likely to be followed by that of any of his colleagues.

RACES.

LONDON, July 15.—The Kempton Park July handicap of one mile was won by Winter Bournes; Edelweiss second, Sutler third. Twelve ran.

France.

PARIS, July 15.—France yesterday celebrated the taking of the Bastile. There was a great falling off, however, this year in the decorations made for the national fete. All along the line of the grand boulevards from Porte St. Denis to the Bastile, and far beyond, Paris was as brilliant a spectacle as it has ever been.

NO DISORDER.

PARIS, July 15.—The national fete in celebration of the capture of the bastile in 1789 passed off with entire success. There was no disorder.

Ireland.

LONDON, July 15.—A woman has been shot at Balla, County Mayo, for taking a farm from which a former tenant had been evicted. She is in a precarious condition.

Cincinnati Liquor Dealers.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—The Cincinnati Saloon-keepers' Protective Association has adopted a preamble and resolution reciting that the action of the Police Court in dismissing all cases for violation of the Sunday liquor law is practically an official announcement that the law is a dead letter. Yet, in view of the feelings of a large class of citizens, they recommend that on next Sunday the saloon-keepers do not defy the law, but keep their front doors closed, and conduct their business without noise or confusion, which might be offensive to others.

Sentenced to Hang.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

AMHERST, VA., July 15.—Frederick McDaniel, who was convicted of the murder of Creed Carter, was sentenced to be hanged.

In a row at a church fair at Harrison Grove, Frank Watson killed Sandy Williams with a razor, and John Brown was fatally carved by Lee Canes.

Boat Burned.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW ORLEANS, July 15.—The sternwheel steamer Ashland, belonging to the Belt Line, burned here last night. The boat is insured.

EVERETT DUNN'S PLIGHT.

An Unfortunate Accident which Recently Happened to a Quarry Foreman.

Everett Dunn is the name of an unfortunate man who arrived in St. Louis from Oregon county, Mo., this morning. Dunn was employed in the capacity of foreman at the stone quarries of Patrick & Reed, contractors, which are located on the line of the projected Kansas City, Springfield and Memphis Railroad at a little station about twenty miles below West Plains. On the 5th of July, Dunn was at work, and had ordered his men to charge a blast-hole in the rock with powder. This was done, and the cap connected with the battery. For some reason the charge did not go off, and Dunn walked over to see what was the matter. He found the powder dry, and then he did a very foolish thing. He took a crowbar and sent it sharply down the hole. An explosion followed, which burned both of Dunn's hands very severely and completely ruined one of his eyes. The other eye is seriously injured. The Dispensary physicians think the sight of both eyes is permanently destroyed, but this opinion Dunn himself does not share. His purpose in coming to St. Louis was to secure treatment at one of the city institutions, but this is out of the question, and the unfortunate man will have to look elsewhere for succor. He will probably be sent to Chicago, on his way to Wisconsin, where he claims he has friends.

A NEW CHURCH.

Corner-Stone of the Polish Catholic Edifice To be Laid.

To-morrow afternoon at 5 o'clock Right. Rev. Bishop Ryan will lay the corner-stone of the new Polish Catholic Church about to be erected on Twenty-third street and Cass avenue. The ceremony will be participated in by several Catholic societies attending in full uniform. The new church will be 145¼ feet front by a depth of 105 feet, two stories high, with a basement 8½ feet high, and containing a room 40x41½ feet, to be used for society meetings, etc. The basement will also contain a kitchen, dining-room and coal-cellar. The church will occupy the second story the first floor to be divided into rooms for school purposes and a residence for the pastor, Rev. Father Sebastian, O. S. F., has been appointed pastor of the new church, which will cost about $13,000.

A Dangerous Explosion.

At about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, while Fred Mueller, who keeps a rendering establishment on the Columbia Bottom road, was stopping up a leak in one of his steam rendering tanks, it exploded, Mueller was severely scalded and also one of his hired men named Peter Weise. Doctors were called, and upon examination pronounced the former dangerously and the latter fatally injured.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mrs. Porter White and party are summering in Arcadia.

Mrs. Clinton and family leave for the East this evening.

Mr. K. B. Armour, of Kansas City, was on 'Change to-day.

Miss Nettie Brown, of Moberly, is the guest of Miss Pauline Coronna.

Miss M. Warne leaves on Monday for Manitou, Col., and the Far West.

Mr. Fred. F. Richner has gone to Rochester, N. Y., to spend his vacation.

Mary E. and Lillie A. Quinligan are visiting their friends in Jacksonville, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Finn and family have gone to Indianapolis for the summer.

Miss Cora and Miss Effie Whitman are now visiting Mrs. H. R. Sayward, at Cambridge, Mass.

Mrs. S. F. Whitman and daughter, Miss Eady, are now visiting Mrs. Stephen Penniman, at Quincy, Mass.

Mrs. Mimi Warne has deferred her trip to St. Catharine's, Canada, owing to the serious illness of her only son.

Mrs. Algee, after a pleasant visit to her mother in Kentucky, has gone to Long Branch to spend the remainder of the summer.

Mrs. John B. Pratt left town on Thursday evening on a visit to Mrs. Kern at Topeka, Kas. Mrs. Pratt will afterward visit relatives in the East.

A HUNDRED THOUSAND persons read each ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Statistics About Missouri Roads From the Comissioner's Report.

Personal Mention—Excursions—Texas and St. Louis Railway—General Notes.

The following appointments have just been made by Mr. J. T. Goddard, general freight agent of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company: Mr. Joseph Leeds, assistant general freight agent, will have the immediate charge of the freight traffic in Kansas and that portion of Colorado east of Trinidad and Pueblo, also the live stock business, and Mr. H. C. Barlow, assistant general freight agent, will have the immediate charge of the through business to and from Pueblo and Trinidad and west and south of these stations, also the local traffic south of Trinidad, Col.

To day the Union Pacific placed on sale excursion tickets from St. Louis to Denver and return at $42 50. This reduction is made in the interest of the Mining and Industrial Exposition, which opens at Denver August 1. The tickets will be good for the return trip until October 31.

Last Tuesday the gap in the Texas and St. Louis Railroad below Bird's Point was closed and trains began running on Wednesday. By to-night the road will be opened for a distance of 125 miles from the Mississippi River. For the first thirty days, however, no regular trains will be put on, as it is deemed of more advantage to the company to forward material than to undertake to do business at present. By the middle of August the road will be completed to Jonesborough, when both freight and passenger trains will be run regularly. Until that time the construction trains will do an accommodation business for the convenience of persons living along the line of the road.

To morrow evening Mr. W. D. Sanborn, division freight and passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy here, will leave for a three weeks' jaunt through the West. During his absence Mr. J. T. Ripley, commercial agent of the C., B. & Q. at Rock Island, will attend to the business of the office at this point.

The Chicago and Alton Railroad will add another Kansas City and Chicago train to run on Sunday as the Denver express. It is now run on week days. The train will leave Kansas City at 12.30 p. m. Sunday and arrive about 1:30 p. m. in Chicago. The road will then have a through train each way between Chicago and Kansas City.

The following statistics are from the forthcoming report of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners:

Miles of railroad in Missouri in operation Dec. 31, 1880, as reported	4,006.90
Deduct track taken up in 1881	15.50
	3,991.40
Add corrections in measurements 1881	4.54
Add new line opened in 1881	238.42
Miles in operation Dec. 31, 1881	4,234.36
Miles double track Dec. 31, 1881	18.16
Miles sidings Dec. 31, 1881	649.11
Total all tracks	4,901.63
Steel rail, miles, Dec. 31, 1881	2,416.5
Steel rail, miles, Dec. 31, 1881	328.4
Cross ties, used in renewals, 1881	1,971,981
Earnings in Mo., 1881	$26,839,326 74
Passengers carried, 1881	6,565,656
Tons freight moved, 1881	12,650,000
Employes in Mo., Dec. 31, 1881	19,709

BRIDGES—DEC. 31, 1881.

Wooden truss	561	7.75 miles
Iron truss	122	4.80 miles
Combination truss	110	1.37 miles
Iron stone and girder	17	93 miles
W'd'n trestle and pile	3,166	53.20 miles
	3,976	68.07

Built in 1881.

Wooden truss	64	4,102 feet
Iron truss	16	2,252 feet
Combination truss	9	946 feet
Wooden trestle & pile	289	40,925 feet
	369	48,225 feet, 9.139 miles.

Employed on construction and repair of bridges 952 men; 6 passengers (1 in each 1,084,276 passengers carried) killed. None from company's fault.

Forty-two passengers (1 in each 156,325 passengers carried) injured. Thirty-two from causes beyond their own control.

Mr. Geo. H. Smith, late traffic manager of the Indianapolis, Decatur and Springfield Railway has been appointed general freight and passenger agent of the St. Louis and Cairo, vice H. G. Wood, resigned. Mr. Smith will assume charge of his office on Monday.

A very large representation of colored ladies and gentlemen go out to-night over the Vandalia line to Jonesborough, where they will attend the annual session of the two great colored organizations known as the United Brothers of Friendship and the Sisters of the Mysterious Ten, which convene to-morrow in the Grand Opera-house at Porkopolis. The circular over which is issued the signature of Brother C. H. Tandy, contains the following very important announcement: "The Committee of the Grand Lodge at Cincinnati have engaged the Grand Opera-house, in which some of the most eminent men in the country will speak, among them Peter H. Clark, Esq., F. D. Morton, Rev. A. J. Warner, Capt. C. H. Tandy, Prof. R. T. Greener and Prof. W. H. Bell and others." The delegates will return over the Ohio and Mississippi.

Mr. Samuel Lyman, general roadmaster of the Frisco line, is in the city to-day.

During last week a cattle train of nineteen cars on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad made the trip from St. Louis to Rock Island, a distance of 347 miles, in just twelve hours. This is regarded as the best time ever made by a purely freight train in the United States.

Mr. F. H. Bacon, editor of the St. Louis Railway Register, will be married to Miss Clara J. Cleland on the 18th of July. They will be at home in St. Louis after the 15th of September.

FEEBLE ladies, aged persons, weakly children, persons of sedentary habits, all need Hop Bitters daily.

JAIL STATISTICS.

Facts About the Inmates of the Jail at Various Seasons.

Deputy Jailer Wells to-day compiled from the books a comparative statement of prisoners confined in the Jail during the past year. On July 15, 1881, there were 166 prisoners in Jail: August 1, 160; September 1, 204; October 1, 205; November 1, 192; December 1, 200; January 1, 182; February 1, 211; March 1, 216; April 1, 187; May 1, 209; June 1, 208; July 1, 184; July 15, 165. On the 15th of the present month there was just one prisoner less in jail than on the same date last year. By the end of the summer the Jail usually contains more prisoners than at any other time in the year. The highest number of prisoners ever confined at one time during the year was 236.

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH cost ten cents.

Germania Club Concert.

A select concert will be given this evening in the gardens of the Germania Club, on Eighth and Gratiot streets. The following programme has been carefully selected and will be as carefully rendered by well known artists:

1. March, Festival, Gungl; 2. Overture, Welcome, Catlin; 3. Waltz, Promotionen, Strauss; 4. Male chorus, Jager-Abschied, Mendelssohn; 5. Lancers, Allemanta, Wiegand; 6. Potpourri, Martha, Stasny; 6. Male chorus, Die Kapelle, Kreutzer; 8. Lancers, Grand Union, Weingarten; 9. Shottische, Kentucky Jubilee Singers, Carnes; 10. Male chorus, Die Nacht, Abt; 11. Waltz, Artists' Life, Strauss; 12. Lancers, Olivette, Bottger; 13. Gallop, Immer fidel, Herrmann.

Bishop Hargrove.

Bishop Hargrove, recently appointed to the episcopacy of the M. E. Church South, is in city, the guest of Rev. Dr. Wilson, and will preach in Centenary Church, Sixteenth and Pine, to-morrow at 10:30 a. m. In the evening at 8 o'clock, in the same church, Bishop Hargrove will administer the sacrament, to which all members of the denomination are invited.

A Collision on the River.

About 9 o'clock this morning Barge No. 83 of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company collided with the Wiggins Ferryboat Cahokia, near mid-stream, opposite Carr street. The barge was being towed to Advance Elevator by a tug and the ferry was making its trip to East St. Louis. The railing of the ferry was wrecked and slight damages sustained by the barge. The accident was due to negligence on the part of the pilot of the ferryboat.

PRESSED cigarettes are in every cigar store.

AN INTERESTING CEREMONY.

Unveiling the Busts Donated by Henry Shaw at Tower Grove Park.

The unveiling of the marble busts presented to the public by Henry Shaw, Esq., will take place to-morrow afternoon at Tower Grove Park. The two busts, which are the work of Howard Kretschmar, are of heroic size and very imposing in appearance. They are, however, not quite so grand as the statues of Shakespeare and Humboldt, previously donated by Mr. Shaw. The busts are now in readiness, and all preparations have been made for the unveiling, the ceremony commencing at 5 p. m. to-morrow. The St. Louis Grand Orchestra and the Liederkranz will assist. The busts have been placed to the east of the music stand, and nearly in a line with each of the eastern corners. The speaker's stand will be between them, near the stand. The programme will be opened with an overture, Mozart's "Don Giovanni," after which the strings securing the coverings of the busts will be drawn by two young ladies, not yet selected. This ceremony will be followed by a chorus, "Bundeslied," by the Liederkranz, after which a few introductory remarks will be delivered by the donor, Mr. Henry Shaw. Hon. Gabriel J. Woerner, Judge of the Probate Court, will then deliver an address, after which the following programme will be rendered:

Overture, "La Gazza Ladra," Rossini. Chorus, "Ossian," Beschnitt, by the Liederkranz. Overture, "Semiramide," Rossini. Overture, "La Nozze di Figaro," Mozart. Introduction and Bridal Chorus, "Lohengrin," Wagner; Polonaise de Concert. Solo, for violin, flute, clarionet, cornet, horn and trombone, Beissig. Cornet solo, by Mr. James Stevens. Chant, "Sans Paroles," Tschaikowsky.

Postlewaite's Band will also perform its regular Sunday programme during the afternoon. The entire expense of the busts has been borne by Mr. Shaw, the shafts and pedestal being furnished by the Park Commissioner. It is expected that a large audience will be in attendance at the ceremonies.

TRY pressed cigarettes. Little Beauties.

ALLEN'S Brain Food is the most reliable tonic for the brain and generative organs. It positively cures nervous debility, nervous headache, loss of memory and all seminal and sexual weakness. All druggists; $1 a bottle; six for $5.

PUBLIC SCHOOL LIBRARY.

List of Latest Additions to the Catalogue of Books.

The Public School Library has added to its catalogue: "History of the English Bible," by Blackford Condit; "Longfellow," a medley in prose and verse, by Richard Henry Stoddard; "Drake's White Mountains," illustrated, by W. H. Gibson; "The Children's Book," edited by Horace E. Scudder. There will be added in a few days a collection of English publications, which will include a series of works on Heraldry, which, with the works on that subject now in the catalogue, will make the St. Louis collection the best in the West. There will be also all the latest scientific works and other standard literature.

WANTS, ten cents.

Little Beauties, the only pressed cigarettes

Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company.

The Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company, whose advertisement appears elsewhere, is by far the largest cracker firm in America, if not in the world. It is regarded with well-deserved local pride by all St. Louis business men. Their goods are so well known and in such universal demand that no real live or progressive grocer or confectioner from Minnesota to Texas or from Pennsylvania to Utah can afford to be without them. The kinds that are just now receiving the greatest attention are their new machine made pretzels, which are acknowledged to be superior to any manufactured either in America or abroad. The company owns one of the only three pretzel machines that are now in use in the United States, and it is a marvel of mechanical ingenuity. In addition to the pretzels their brands of "Baby Jumbles," which are a most attractive and salable article, are creating a furore among all dealers. It is conceded by the dealers everywhere that St. Louis has in the Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company the boss cracker house of the land.

MISCELLANEOUS wants are easiest answered through the POST-DISPATCH.

Southern Tourists.

A large number of Southern people arrived by steamer last night from the South and registered at the Lindell, the Southern and the Planters'. They are from New Orleans, Bayou Sara and Teche, La., from Shreveport and Natchez. Their appearance here at this time gave rise to the suspicion that yellow fever had struck the Southern cities again, but a careful investigation showed there was absolutely no truth in the rumor. Mr. McMullin, of New Orleans, and Mr. Irvine, of Bayou Sara, both declared that the party was composed of pleasure tourists who are in the habit of visiting the East every summer, and their northward journey has no further significance. The tourists, thirty-five in number, leave to-night for White Sulphur Springs and Cape May.

THE POST-DISPATCH has the largest city circulation in St. Louis; therefore it is the best medium for "wants."

In Jail.

Thomas Moran bears the reputation of being a rough character, and was jailed this morning on a charge of assault to kill preferred by Mr. Norton. Last Sunday evening Moran and a companion named Gallagher followed a stranger to Norton's saloon, on St. Charles street, for the purpose of robbing him. Norton interfered, and was knocked down and kicked by the roughs, sustaining severe internal injuries, besides a broken rib. Gallagher was arrested but Moran eluded the police till to-day, and is now at the Chestnut Street station to await the result of Norton's injuries.

PRESSED cigarettes are all the rage.

Street-Car Collision.

Sol. Davidson, driver for the Singer Manufacturing Co., allowed the shafts of his wagon to collide with car No. 45 of the Lindell Railway at 9 o'clock this morning. The car was coming east on Washington avenue between Sixth and Seventh streets, the wagon going in the opposite direction. Mrs. Lizzie Doyle was sitting in the corner of the car and was struck in the back with the shaft, receiving a fresh wound. The damage amounts to about $15. Mrs. Doyle was taken to her home, 3119 Hickory street, and Davidson locked up in the Chestnut Street Station by Officer Mills.

ADVERTISE for what you want for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

New Buildings.

Four thousand dollars will pay for the two brick dwellings which Mrs. Louisa Rotti will build on the east side of Third street, between Dorcas and Arsenal streets.

The two brick dwelling-houses which Mr. M. Heimbacher is about to build on the north side of Duchesne street, between Jackson and Columbus streets, will cost $4,000.

The alterations which Dr. J. F. McLean has ordered to be made in his building on the east side of Broadway, between Biddle and Carr streets, are expected to cost $3,000. The building is at present used as a hotel, but when remodeled it will be turned into stores and offices.

TEN cents invested in a "want" in the POST-DISPATCH brings you in communication with 100,000 people.

THE POLITICAL POT.

Outlook of the State Canvass in the City.

Politicians in Town and Their Business—What Candidates are Doing.

The situation in the State canvass is narrowing down to a few candidates. It is now evident that the friends of Martin are pushing ahead with renewed hopes, while the supporters of Judge Sherwood are confident of ultimate victory. Judge Cravens has hung two counties on his peg, and occupies a position of armed neutrality. The Sherwood men claim they can lose three fourths of the city delegation and still win, but believe they will divide the city equally with Martin. It amuses the politicians to hear Private Secretary Farr assert that Mr. Martin is not a Crittenden man, but that Sherwood has the support of the administration. It is generally known, however, that the Martin delegation will represent the strength of Gov. Crittenden, in so far as ward politicians are enabled to represent anything. The City Democratic Committee, in conjunction with the Police Commissioners, have condoned the most of Crittenden's faults, and are preparing to have every defender of the Administration seated in the coming State Convention, voting for Martin, and ready to vote for anything else. A prominent Martin man said to-day:

"Possibly we will not be prepared to vote for a resolution of indorsement of Crittenden, but we will unanimously vote to lay upon the table any resolution of censure that might slip into the convention. That's where I am."

"Why do you assume such a position?"

"We argue that the convention of this year is not the proper occasion for the Democratic party to pass upon Crittenden's behavior. He may have done things that are inexcusable, but the close of his Administration is the time to express our opinion. It is not customary to indorse or censure a man in the midst of his official term."

Little or no interest is being displayed over the candidates for Railroad Commissioner, a majority of whom are conceded to Gen. Harding. His opponents, Downing and Buskett, have secured several county instructions. The canvass for state Superintendent of Public Schools is never mentioned here, and the city seems prepared to let the country settle that Kilkenny fight.

NOTES.

Hugh J. Brady, who was twice a member of the House, is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for State Senator, to succeed D. H. Naylor.

Erastus Wells, who was gerrymandered into the Tenth District, gracefully yields his aspirations and will support Martin L. Clardy for the renomination.

John J. O'Neill believes he will secure the nomination for Congress in the Eighth District. In fact he has no opposition, but the election is the difficulty.

F. A. C. McManus, now a member of the House, is down up in his district to succeed Senator Cabell. The nomination is generally conceded to him by the Democratic politicians.

Thomas F. Farrell, who has for seventeen years been connected with the Pilot Knob Iron Company as secretary and treasurer, is a candidate for Recorder of Deeds and proposes to make the contest lively for Nick Bell and MacAdam. He is a "marveious proper man."

The friends of Martin now assert that their delegations will carry almost every ward in the city, but particularly the First, Tenth, Twelfth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth and all the wards lying beyond Grand avenue. They are willing to contest Sherwood's chances in the down-town wards.

John M. Glover and J. R. Claiborne are actively engaged in their canvass for the Congressional nomination of the Ninth District. They are generally offering to conciliate each other by a concession of the short term, a proposal that keeps the friends of each in a state of hilarious amusement. The two candidates are personal friends.

Hon. John H. Wear, ex-State Senator, Poplar Bluff, Mo.; Judge Denning, Potosi, Mo., and A. J. Wray, Lamar, Mo., are in the city, working in the interests of Judge Sherwood, to whom they are loyally attached. They predict his nomination and are not at all alarmed over the list of judges and clerks promulgated last night by the City Central Committee, nearly all of whom are known to be for Martin.

Hon. F. M. Greathouse, nominee for the State Legislature from Pike county, Ill., Hon. L. M. Davis, Clerk of the Circuit Court, and Hon. A. W. Argust, candidate for Congress from the Twelfth Illinois District, were in the city this morning at Hotel Hunt, en route home from Jacksonville, Ill., where a lively struggle occurred over the nomination of Democratic State officers. They are inclined to be facetious regarding the candidacy of Hon. A. J. W. Sparks for Vice-President of the United States, and incline to the opinion that Buck Townsend played it very fine in securing a clean field for Congress. They will continue their journey homeward this evening.

ADVERTISE for what you want for ten cents in the POST-DISPATCH.

A DRUNKARD'S DEATH.

The Mysterious Death of Pease, the Pianist, Solved at Last.

The whereabouts of the missing pianist, Alfred H. Pease, has at length been cleared up, and his body lies to-day in the Morgue awaiting shipment to his parents' home, at Buffalo, N. Y. Mr. Pease, who had been giving exhibitions in Chicago, came here about May 15, on a visit to his friend, Herman S. Praetorius, who is with Story & Camp. He left Praetorius on May 31, without giving any reason. The following day, he came around and told his friends that he was staying at Hurst's Hotel. It was afterwards learned that he was drinking heavily, and that he was brought home to the hotel on several occasions entirely overpowered by liquor. On the morning of June 5 he disappeared, and all attempts to find him proved unavailing. Mr. Praetorius got out cards, describing the missing man and offering $50 for the discovery of his whereabouts. The police and detectives, together with a couple of private detectives from McDonough & Huthsing's Agency, devoted all their gigantic talents and energy to the solution of the mystery, but they unraveled nothing. Pease's disappearance was laid up among the mysteries that are too deep even for St. Louis detectives. On Sunday, July 2, a man rang at the Lindell House, a boarding place on Fourteenth and Poplar streets, and registered as "John C. Doehn, Baltimore." He acted like any other boarder, only that he was around more steadily and drank enormous quantities of whisky. Mike Bruegel, the proprietor of the boarding-house, told a reporter this morning that Doehn's usual dose was a couple of quarts of whisky every day. The man was pretty well dressed, was by no means reticent, and seemed to have plenty of money. During the first week that he was at the house he was out on the street considerably, visiting the neighboring saloons for potations, in addition to his couple of quarts at the Lindell House. Last Sunday his whisky drinking began to tell on him so much that he was not as well able to go about as previously. Mr. Bruegel said that "Doehn" was drinking himself to death, and on Tuesday last he began to refuse him liquor, the boarder not making much objection to this refusal. On Wednesday last, about 11 a. m., the man came down from his room in a rather shaky condition. He sat on a table in the bar-room and called for a glass of milk. Then he called for a glass of lemonade and drank it. He told Bruegel that he had lost a $50 bill, and soon after went out into the back yard. He next wandered into the lumber yard, behind the house, and then he fell down and was picked up by some stranger, who brought him back and placed him sitting near the corner of Fourteenth and Poplar, outside his boarding-house. In a few minutes the man died. The police ambulance was called and the body taken to the Morgue. An inquest was held on the body yesterday. The Coroner wisely sat on the case and returned a verdict that John C. Doehn had died of congestion of the brain, caused by excessive use of liquor. On the body was found a fine watch and chain, and about $125 in money [illegible] administrator took charge of the [illegible] and" who was supposed to be [illegible] of the river. Will to have been buried [illegible] Sold by all Druggists [illegible] Schoerrs [illegible] called at the Morgue and examined the body. Schoerrs found on the watch-pocket the letters "A. H. Pease," a discovery which had escaped the lynx-eyed Morguekeepers and the Deputy Coroner. Mr. Schoerrs immediately called on Mr. Praetorius, and the latter identified the body. The reward of $100 was paid to the reporter. This morning the Coroner reopened the inquest and returned a verdict in accordance with the facts. Mr. Praetorius has made arrangements and will ship the body to the deceased's relatives, at Buffalo, to night.

Pease was very well known and his parents are said to be very wealthy. He had made a great reputation as a pianist and appeared here several times at the Mercantile Library Hall. He had played in all the principal cities of America and had made quite an impression in Germany. At the time of his death he was under engagement to accompany Nilsson in her fail tour of this country. He has been addicted to sprees lately, and has on more than one occasion been the cause of trouble to his friends. The case is singular in many ways, particularly that Pease could live so long within a few squares of the Four Courts while all the detectives were supposed to be looking for him, and that the Coroner and his assistants should return the final verdict so carelessly without even examining the dead man's clothes.

IN DEBT TO DELILAH.

Russell Ostrom's Forgeries for Love's Sake.

A Singular Story of Affection and Crime.

A dispatch from Chicago this morning announced that a number of our St. Louis gilded youth had been on an extended spree in Chicago, which had wound up by the capture of one of the boys, Russell Ostrom, by his father, after he had forged that gentleman's name to a number of checks, and lived quite a gay life on the proceeds. There were in the party the two Van Studdiford boys, Russell Ostrom and another named Roper, an employe of W. H. Gumersell & Co. It appears that the Van Studdiford boys met the other two young men accidentally in Chicago, and they have nothing whatever to do with the story of young Ostrom's fall. Ostrom was employed for some time past at the Excelsior stove warerooms on Main near Christy avenue, in which establishment his father is also employed, where he made warm friends not alone with his fellow clerks but with his employers. He was a hard working, bright young fellow, and the news that he was mixed up in a very shady forgery case came like a clap of thunder on his associates.

It seems that some three or four months since Russell Ostrom made the acquaintance of a lady of the demimonde, for whom he conceived a wild infatuation. Every penny of his salary was lavished upon her, and as that was not enough he ran into debt in her behalf. He took her out buggy-riding, took her to the theaters, and it is said was on the point of marrying her when the crash came. His father has discovered a bundle of the lady's letters, which are said to be of the very warmest description, and which are voluminous enough to fill a band-box. The lady is quite a Scholar, and her erotic effusions are said by those who have seen the letters to be quite imaginative enough for a modern Sappho. She has invented the last stretch of ingenuity in the adoration line by calling her admirer "My god" and "My dear god." She referred to him continually as her Cupidon. Such a wealth of affection naturally called for a return. Her picture

HE CARRIED NEXT TO HIS HEART,

and his letters were but a pale reflex of her own. Love's young dream went on in this way, getting lovelier and dreamier as the time flew by until Ostrom had no more money. Gauging the experience of her 18 year-old adorer, she sent him a sharp note to the effect that she must have more money. He had none to send. She then threatened to take his letters down to his employers and tell them the whole story of his lawless passion. The threat demoralized young Ostrom altogether and he immediately set about the preparations for flight. Three checks were forged in his father's name, whether by Ostrom or by Roper is not known, Mr. S. A. Ostrom claiming that the forgery was committed by C. Roper the companion of young Ostrom's flight. One of these checks, for $125, was passed upon W. H. Gumersell & Co. by young Ostrom, who was identified to the cashier, whether by Roper or not is not known; the second, for $65, was cashed by Crouch & Dolan, of the Park Stables; the third, for $100, was cashed into the Third National through the Clearing-house, and a fourth, for $50, is supposed to be still outstanding, unless Mr. L. A. Ostrom has succeeded in catching it and paying it. In each instance young Ostrom was the person who uttered the forged check, and all four were drawn on the Third National Bank, where Mr. Ostrom has no deposit whatever. W. H. Gumersell & Co. declined to make any explanation or to give any statement of the forgery. Mr. L. A. Ostrom, however, is known to have paid the check which was cashed by the firm.

MR. DOLAN,

of Crouch & Dolan, the Park Livery Stable keepers on Washington avenue, told the reporter that Russell Ostrom had told Mr. Crouch that he would have a good deal of riding to do during June, and that he would pay for what buggies he took out in the first half of the month as he got them, the balance he would pay July 1. Crouch told him all right, and on July 1 there was a bill of $24 against him. Ostrom telephoned up to the stable that he would come there Monday evening and settle. On Monday, accordingly, he came, and after going over the bill presented a check for $65 returned with the name of L. A. Ostrom, drawn to the order of Russell Ostrom, and indorsed on the back with the young gentleman's name. Said he, "I want to pay the bill and leave a deposit of $25 against next month, so give me $16 and call it square." "No," said Crouch, "I don't want any deposit from you. Here is $25, all the money I have in my pocket. Come here in the evening and I will give you the balance." But Russell never came back for the other $15. "Now the singular part of the business," continued Mr. Dolan, "is that I took the check down to the Third National and got the cash for it, although Ostrom had no account there. I think the teller knew my face. At any rate he glanced at the indorsement and passed out the money. That evening he came up here and told me that Ostrom had no account with the Third National, and so I made good the check and we began looking for the boy. We found he had left for Chicago July 3, but we were assured by Mr. Dana, of the Excelsior Stove Company, that as soon as Ostrom's father came to town he would pay the checks, and that if Mr. Ostrom did not he (Mr. Dana) would. So we waited. Mr. Ostrom was here to-day and showed us a picture of the girl after whom the boy was so infatuated. He claims that it was Roper who forged the checks."

"Did he pay them?"

"Mr. Ostrom? Certainly; he is as good as wheat."

"Did you see any of the letters?"

"No, it was rather a delicate question to ask him about, and I did not care to seem curious about them. Mr. Ostrom told me that Roper's friends were putting up half the money to take up the bogus checks."

"You are sure, Mr. Dolan, that the checks were forged?"

"Oh, yes; there is no doubt about that."

The reporter discovered that the Ostroms were staying at 3616 Bell street, but a call at the residence proved that they were not at home. Their trunks were packed to leave town this evening for Fairview, Wis., where Mr. Ostrom intends to take his son and keep him. The above story is fully corroborated in all the important details by the officers of the Excelsior Stove Company.

The Weather.

The weather continues cool, with only a slight change in the temperature. The thermometric readings at Aloe, Hernstein & Co.'s to-day were as follows: At 7 o'clock, 70 degrees; at 8 o'clock, 72; at 9 o'clock, 74; at 10 o'clock, 76; at 11 o'clock 78; at 12 o'clock, 80; at 1 o'clock this afternoon, 82; at 2 o'clock, 82, and at 3 o'clock, 83.

Cupid's Contracts.

Marriage licenses were granted this morning to the following parties: Bernard J. Ruhlman and Katharine Heiewinkel, Lars. Petter Anderson and Augusta Nilson, Gabriel McDonald and Florena Wightman, Fred'k Wm. Kain and Louisa Wagner, Henry Clay and Ellen Long, Alex. Denny and Josephine Bloomburg.

CHICAGO CORNERS.

How That Market has Established Legitimate Values.

History of the October Corn and April Wheat Corners.

Contrary to the expectations of the "longs," "bulls," and the other gentlemen who were so virtuously indignant yesterday at the Arbitration Committee's decision in the June wheat deal, the doors of the Exchange were opened promptly on time by Jimmy Newell this morning, the usual crowd streamed in, the early worm seekers leaped into the arena, the bull-pen, or rather bear-pit, as the markets were lower, and business opened up in speculative trading about the same as of yore. The exciting subject of yesterday was still the principal theme of conversation to-day, and though men's blood had cooled down and their judgments not so much clouded by self interest or prejudice, yet there was still considerable anger rankling in some of their hearts, and some of the conversation between different members was pretty spicy. The course pursued by other markets in denouncing St. Louis merchants for unfair and outrageous action in defaulting upon their contracts and in stigmatizing the decision of the committee has aroused great feeling and caused something of a reaction in favor of this committee among men here who yesterday could not find words harsh enough to upbraid them. Said a member:

"St. Louis merchants remember only too well the action of the Chicago Board of Trade directory when they marked the marginal value of their corn down about 15 cents a bushel, and caused St. Louis men, who were largely interested there and here, to lose money heavily. Why, sir, St. Louis puts $1,000,000 a year into the pockets of those Chicago sharpers. Supposing we had withdrawn our trade from that market upon this sharp action of theirs, don't you suppose they would have felt it? The Chicago trade to St. Louis is not worth a tenth of what ours is to her."

The work referred to above of the Chicago directory was as follows: J. B. Hobbs & Co. were

NURSING A "CORNER" IN OCTOBER CORN

last year. They had the market tight and fast in their grasp and had run prices into 76@78c per bushel. Upon application of the shorts the Chicago Board of Trade directory heard evidence as to the true market value of corn in the market in order to fix the marginal value of October corn, so that the shorts could call the longs for margins and protect their own contracts. Before that all the calling for margins had been on the part of the longs. The Board of Directors, after hearing the evidence, fixed the market value of corn at 63c, or 14@16c below the price it had been forced to. Upon this the shorts called the longs for heavy margins, and the market broke down to 65c. This action of the directory of "busted" the corner, for though Hobbs made a game fight, borrowing three million dollars from the banks to carry the deal through, he was unable to do so, and the result was a flat failure of what had promised to be a big squeeze. A notable fact in this case was that John B. Lyons, one of the directors before whom this case was tried, and who helped fix the market value, was personally interested on the short side of corn.

THE APRIL WHEAT DEAL

of Chicago was another case wherein that sharp market pulled the props out from under the longs and let them fall, and at the same time knocked a corner in the head. Peter McGeoch, George C. Walker, N. K. Fairbank and others had a corner in April wheat in Chicago. Holding all the stock of wheat in store, the combination forced the market up to $1 40 on the last day of the month. The shorts defaulted on their contracts to the extent of 500,000 bushels, refused to settle at the price demanded by the longs and asked for an arbitration under the rules of the Board of Trade to find the true, legitimate value of the wheat. A committee composed of gentlemen who, like the St. Louis committee, were above suspicion, had a patient hearing of all the evidence produced and finally fixed the true value of the wheat on the 30th of April at $1 31 per bushel. This action of the Chicago shorts and this decision of the committee has provoked the same storm of censure from other markets that is now directed against St. Louis, but Chicago is still situated upon the shores of Lake Michigan, is still the leading speculative market in the world and receiving just as many orders as ever before. They have now before their Board of Trade another combination of a wheat corner, this time of June, and upon which Mr. Peter McGeoch, one of the principal longs in the April corner, is a defaulter on the short side.

"The men," said a member to-day, "who are trying to manufacture public opinion against this market are such men as Phil Armour, David Dows, Kershaw, Handy and others—men who control millions, who are always bulls, and who use it as the means in their power to squeeze out and ruin men who have the courage to go short. You take solid honorable gentlemen on this floor, such as Gov. Stanard and Nathan Cole, and they say the committee did right and that they now feel easier in their minds as to the future of this market and the rights of the members of this exchange being protected. Why, the millers of this city were obliged to close down their mills, pay off their hands and stop all their orders owing to the manipulation of the market by Mr. Oliver. You will see, if you look around you, that the men on this floor who are loudest in their denunciation of the shorts are tallers on the big bulls of this market."

"In Milwaukee," said another, "they have no rules prohibiting corners, and what kind of a mess has there been? Most of the grain there they get are for Chicago people, as people are afraid to trade direct on the Milwaukee market. All the large markets of this city, including New York and Chicago, have rules prohibiting corners and making only a legitimate shipping and manufacturing value the basis for a settlement of option contracts."

This vexatious June deal will probably be brought before the Board of Directors next week, and the same evidence submitted for their consideration as was brought out in the late arbitration.

THE JULY OAT DEAL

has not been affected by this decision of the committee, and the parties running the deal appear to be well satisfied that they occupy an impregnable position, in that they have not run the July option up to the price of cash, and consequently the shorts could not possibly refuse to settle on the longs' terms. Said W. L. Green, of R. S. McCormick & Co.: "Cash oats is worth 65c in this market and 58c in Chicago. We are offering to settle July at 52c. Do you think the shorts would have nerve enough to lay down on that price? Well, hardly." The July corn option is also held under the price of cash by Redmond Cleary & Co., who hold most the short contracts.

A Comfortable Home

Always has a refrigerator, water cooler, ice-cream freezer and fly brush. The best can be had of Simmons Hardware Company,

CITY HALL NOTES.

Mayor Ewing is still at home sick.

Receipts at the City Treasury to-day are: From the City Market scales, $112; from Sarah A. Robertson, $35; from the City Marshal on account of the Second District Police Court, $50; from the bridge scales, $112 20, and from the City Collector, $5,654 84.

The following contracts were awarded at the special meeting of the Board of Improvements this morning:

Letting No. 873, to Henry Bickers, for $1,539 33.

Letting No. 873, to Martin Lorenz, for $778 90.

Letting No. 874, to Steffens & Skrainka, for $420.

Letting No. 876, to M. L. Bates, Jr., for $2,057 01.

Letting No. 877, to Martin Lorenz, for $1,001 40.

Letting No. 878, to Joseph O'Mera, $3,685 85.

Letting No. 879, to Daniel Cavanagh, $472 60.

Letting No. 880, to Patrick Bambrick, $3,435 92.

Letting No. 881, to Henry Ruckert, $2,006 25.

Letting No. 882, to Kern & Schauenberg, $1,854 72.

Letting No. 883, to Kern & Schauenberg, $1,909 44.

Letting No. 884, to Timothy Cavanagh, $1,663 60.

Letting No. 885, to Daniel Cavanagh, $1,289 40.

The monthly report of the Superintendent of the Work-house for June was received. The total receipts and earnings for the month were $1,925 86, and the total expenditures $7,430 04. The contract for furnishing and erecting in place the iron railing of the Twelfth Street Bridge, from the south line of the present north abutment to the south line of Austin street, was awarded to Messrs. Sharpe, Koken & Graydon for $3,829 80.

You can buy a fine split Bamboo Rod, or any other article that may be necessary to complete your fishing or hunting outfit, for a very limited amount of money at C. & W. McClean's, 412 N. Fifth st.

Permanent Improvements.

Fifty-four building permits were issued during the week just ending. Forty-three of these were for brick and eleven for frame structures. The aggregate sum represented is $153,980. Of this amount only $3,200 is for frame buildings. The noteworthy permits of the week were the one which was issued to the Mound City Warehouse Company to erect a warehouse to cost $16,000, on the west side of the Levee, between Mound and Howard streets, and one to the Atlantic Milling Company to build a $30,000 mill on Main and Plum streets.

A HUNDRED THOUSAND persons read each ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

A Slander Suit.

A slander suit for $10,000 was filed this afternoon by Smith P. Gault for Ed. C. Crosby against Hugh L. Fox. The plaintiff is in the stove business, on Franklin avenue. The defendant is a partner in the railway supplies firm of Fox, Corby & Co. Mr. Corby, of Franklin avenue, complains that Fox, in the presence of others, reflected grossly upon his integrity and said that his conscience would allow him to commit any crime. The trouble arose from a dispute about the date of certain money payments.

The Christians Assign.

A deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors was executed this morning by the Christian Manufacturing Company. The deed is made in favor of Samuel B. Gordon and the assets, consisting of baking-powder, jellies, axle-grease, machinery, general stock, etc., are sworn to a value of $10,000. The liabilities are not stated as yet. The business is located at Tenth and Walnut streets.

ABOUT TOWN.

THE law docket will be called in the Criminal Court on Monday.

BISHOP HARGROVE will preach at Centenary Church, Sixteenth and Pine streets, at 11 a. m. to-morrow.

THE regular Saturday afternoon shoot of the St. Louis Gun Club took place at Compton Avenue Park this afternoon.

THE Coroner held an inquest on the body of Richard Brooks (colored) this morning, and a verdict of death from dropsy was rendered.

THE first lawn party given by Emerald Council, No. 10, Knights of Father Mathew, will take place Thursday evening, July 20, at Sportsmen's Park, Grand avenue.

RICHARD BROOKS, an aged colored man, died last night at 705 North Tenth street suddenly and without medical attendance. The Coroner will investigate the case.

DR. GILBERT CLARK, of Warren, R. I., says: "I have used for years in my practice Hunt's Remedy, for dropsy and kidney diseases, always with success. It is a standard remedy."

CONRAD SCHROEDER, aged 12 years and four months, died of lockjaw yesterday at No. 1815 Buel street, the result of an accidental shot by a toy pistol on July 4. The shot was fired by his own hand.

JACOB DALEMAN, a German, seventy-two years old, without home or relatives, was found last night on Main street, near Kansas. He was very sick and unable to speak. An ambulance was telegraphed for and the man removed to the City Hospital.

A LITTLE four-year-old girl named Annie Fennon, residing at No. 1705 Biddle street, was run over yesterday evening by a horse and buggy driven by John Yann, who lives at No. 1807 Division

THE PENITENTIARY.

A Glimpse at This Department of the State Government.

Convict Life, Fare, Discipline and Relaxation.

Sketches of Warden Willis, Capt. Bradbury, Dr. Winston, and Roster of Employes—Cost of the Institution, Etc.

There are five ill-shaped, unsainly and rocky hills fronting the Missouri River and overhanging the Pacific Railroad track at Jefferson City. The first to the westward is occupied by the magnificent residence and orchards of Col. J. S. Ambrose, president of the Gas Company, the second by the State Capitol, the third by the Executive Mansion, the fourth by the State Penitentiary and the fifth by the residence and orchards of Gen. L. Jas. Minor, ex-Secretary of State. The distance from the Capitol to the Penitentiary is estimated at one mile, but standing in the door of the prison office one may look through the mansion into the Statehouse. The prison area is equal to about three city blocks, and is surrounded by great stone walls mounted with parapets and guard towers. The drainage is toward the northeast corner, the slope being rapid and appreciable, so that the guards of the upper corners have a sweeping view of the entire enclosure. The northern wall of the prison rises abruptly from the railroad track. Outside the walls, and at the extreme southwestern corner of the prison property is the Warden's residence, an unpretentious two-story building, standing a considerable distance back from the street. It is fronted with a little lawn, containing flower-beds, summerhouses and rustic benches, while a large garden slopes backward from the rear. Adjoining the Warden's yard northward are the horse-lots and wagon-stands for the Penitentiary animals and vehicles, ending with a row of stables. Passing through a small court the visitor confronts the prison office. He enters unheeded into a hallway, thence into a reception office where he is confronted by an attendant who conveys his card to the Warden. That official's private office opens from the reception room and leads into the room occupied by the clerks and bookkeepers. If the visitor has chanced to call in visiting hours, he is cordially transferred to the conductor, who leads him into the reception-room and thence eastward to the revolving, semi-circular gate, into which he climbs and is turned around by a convict and dumped into the prison yards. The first building to the left is the stone hospital, with its numerous wards, its dispensary, kitchen and dining-room. The hospital yard is a hollow square, directly overlooked by the Warden's private office. Around the western wall, beginning at the hospital, are massive buildings, in which the contractors are working the convicts at their various trades. The largest buildings are the shoe-shops and saddle-tree factories. The conductor leads his visitor through these buildings slowly, pointing out the various noted criminals, elaborating the manner in which labor is carried on and showing specimens of the work performed. There are few opportunities for acquiring a complete trade in the Penitentiary, for the work is divided up so completely that the new convict may learn his duty in one day. One set of men are cutters, another set stitchers, another are peggers, still another set are making heels, another are polishing, and so on by easy stages, until a pair of shoes has passed through a dozen hands before being finally delivered to the packers.

THE CONVICTS ARE DIVIDED OFF in numerical order, a certain number being assigned to a guard, while in the center of the floor sits the keeper, with his eyes upon everybody. A visitor never attracts attention, because the busy and hopeless workers scarcely ever raise their eyes. With bowed heads and nimble fingers they ply their ceaseless vocation, a shade of melancholy permeating their entire existence. The labor is apportioned into daily tasks, which each convict is required to perform, and at its completion he may either leave the shop and return to his cell, or else continue his labor at a specified compensation for the extra work. Some of them become so proficient that their task is easily finished by 3 o'clock, giving three hours to earn money for themselves or otherwise dispose of the time as they shall see proper, subject always to the rules and regulations of the prison. There are two interesting sights at the Penitentiary—one is the proceeding at meal-time and the other is the Sunday morning assemblage in the chapel. Promptly at noon the factory whistles blow, the yard-bell rings and the fifteen hundred convicts are marched from their various employments to the immense dining-room, situated on the eastern side of the inclosure. The procession moves slowly in, and under the supervision of guards the convicts are seated. Upon raised platforms, scattered at regular intervals through the room, are placed the keepers, while every place of exit has its armed guards. Not a word is spoken during the day, and particular silence is maintained at meals. The movements of this large body of men are governed entirely by mallet taps, given generally by the yard-master, and the system resembles that of calisthenics. The week-day meal consists of a square of cornbread, a slice of well-cooked meat, two kinds of vegetables, and water. The Sunday dinner is varied by the introduction of soup, coffee and a light dessert. The chapel services consist of singing, both congregationally and by a convict quartet, accompanied by an organ, followed by prayer and the chaplain's sermon. Visitors are admitted to the Sunday services, but never at the meals, because the rebellious outbreaks are nearly always consummated or carried into execution at the dinner hour. The cell building is located near the center of the yard, and has its turnkey and keepers selected from the convicts themselves. Auditor Heath, of St. Louis, is now the chief turnkey. The cell doors are hewn out of solid stone, nearly two feet in thickness and very low. Some of the cells contain two beds, some three and some four. Each convict is required to take care of his own bed and bed-clothing. The rules and regulations are severe. The punishments are a certain number of lashes and a certain number of hours in the blind cell, for disobedience, theft, failure or refusal to perform duty, etc. The blind cell contains darkness so intense that it may be felt. A few yards south of the cell-building is the yardmaster's office, a circular building made of glass, and is in the nature of an observatory. A new cell-building has recently been erected near the hospital.

Directly above the Warden's office is the female department, in charge of the matron. The same system of government prevails here. The women are employed generally as seamstresses, and are perhaps allowed greater liberties than the male convicts. This department is separate and distinct, and the male visitor is seldom, if ever, conducted through it unless he has special business there, thus keeping the women as secluded as possible.

Since the war the State Penitentiary has been a white elephant to every administration, costing the State from $50,000 to $125,000 a year above its income, until within the last four years the institution became self-sustaining and continues to pay its own expenses.

MAJ. J. R. WILLIS,

the present Warden, is of large, rotund figure, healthful face and suave manners. He wears a small white beard on his chin, has small blue eyes and gray hair. His bearing is firm and manly but always kind, and he has a rare faculty for execution. He pays some attention to religious matters and is a prominent member of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. Warden Willis has an interesting family, with a grown son and three daughters who occupy a prominent position in the society of the capital. Maj. Willis is the son of a Methodist minister, and was born on the eastern shore of Maryland in 1830. At the age of thirteen, in company with his father, he emigrated to St. Joseph and was there reared as a farmer. He was married in 1852. In 1854, when Kansas was opened for settlement, he moved with other Missourians to that Territory, and took an active part in pro-oslavery politics, being a zealous supporter of the Le Compton Constitution. When Kansas was admitted as a free State he returned to St. Joseph and entered into business, becoming one of the largest Government contractors and freighters in the Northwest. In St. Joseph he was prominently interested in every movement calculated to enhance the business interests and promote the welfare of the city. He assisted materially in the organization of two national banks, and was appointed by the city as a director of the St. Joseph and Denver Railroad, helping to rescue it from bankruptcy and placing it in a substantial and remunerative condition. In 1873 Major Willis associated himself with Perry & Co., as the lessees of the State Penitentiary and thereupon removed from St. Joseph to Jefferson City. Owing to the panic of that year the enterprise was not successful, but the venture gave him a thorough insight into prison management, and when Gov. John S. Phelps came into power, in 1877, he was appointed Warden of the Penitentiary, and conjointly with the Governor succeeded in not only bringing the institution from under a heavy load of debt, but making it self-sustaining. He still remains one of Gov. Phelps' personal friends. In 1880 Gov. Crittenden reappointed Maj. Willis as Warden, not because of any admiration that existed between the two men, but because Crittenden regarded Mr. Willis as a necessity of his administration.

CAPT. W. H. BRADBURY,

the Deputy Warden, is the disciplinarian of the institution, regulating the punishments and individual government of the convicts. The position is a thankless and onerous one, but Capt. Bradbury has had considerable experience and seems to have grown quite accustomed to the business. He is the man who naturally incurs the enmity and hatred of every unruly convict, many of whom have threatened to kill him soon as discharged from prison. In fact, Captain Bradbury's life is continually in danger from the revengeful spirits that are daily discharged from the institution, but no one has get dared to meet him openly. He has frequently been fired upon at night from hidden places, and his residence, near the penitentiary, has on several occasions received a volley of rocks. Capt. Bradbury is tall and slender, with a long brown beard and mustache. He has large eyes, containing that mixture of cold gray and white which indicates nerve and coolness. When he walks calmly through the shops a sort of hush falls among the workers, and he reminds one of a lion-tamer catering a den of wild animals. Capt. Bradbury has a large family, his oldest son being deputy clerk of the Supreme Court. The Captain is decidedly uncommunicative on all occasions and apparently takes little interest in outside affairs, but his home is characterized by frequent assemblages of young people, with whom he is a great favorite. He is generous to a fault and turns nobody from his door empty-handed. He has been connected with the Penitentiary at intervals during many years, but he and Warden have had nearly equal years of experience in running a Penitentiary. It is rumored that Capt. Bradbury has aspirations in the direction of the Wardenship and that his friends are grooming him to come in with the next administration. At present, however, he has the hard work of all the really onerous and disagreeable duties in connection with the discipline of the institution.

DR. WILLIS B. WINSTON,

the prison physician, is the youngest man ever appointed to such a responsibility, being only twenty-three years of age at the time of his first appointment. He was born at Jefferson City, November 19, 1854, and was reared in the shadow of the Executive Mansion. He commenced the study of medicine in 1872 and graduated at the Missouri Medical College, in this city, March 4, 1875. He then returned to the capital and began the practice of his profession in company with his father, Dr. G. B. Winston, a prominent practitioner, who died in St. Louis about five weeks ago. In 1875 the young physician was appointed city physician by the Mayor and county physician by the County Court. In April, 1876, he was reappointed city physician and continued in that office until its abolition. He was twice elected Coroner of Cole county. Finally, in January, 1877, Dr. Winston received from Gov. Phelps the appointment of physician and surgeon of the State Penitentiary, in which office he served with such fidelity that in 1881 Gov. Thos. T. Crittenden promptly reappointed him. Dr. Winston has a boyish appearance, but is quiet, modest and unobtrusive.

THE COMPLETE ROSTER

of the Penitentiary shows the total number of employes to be 72, enumerated in the following order:

Inspectors—Hons. Phil. E. Chappell, John Walker and D. H. McIntyre.

Warden, James R. Willis: deputy warden, W. H. Bradbury; chief clerk, Ralph D. Willis; Physcian, Dr. Willis B. Winston; chaplain, Rev. Wm. B. Palmore; matron, Miss Emma Sandford.

Yardmaster, W. M. Todd; commissary, Peter M. Willis; master carpenter, J. L. Keown; master mason, J. B. Ruthven; master mechanic, G. Flemming; time clerk, A. H. Tuttle; steward, J. J. Lewis; assistant yardmaster, J. L. Gates; night yardmaster, J. J. Maloney; general foreman, J. W. Ruthven; stable superintendent, J. B. Tolin; foreman brickyard, S. K. Miller; hospital steward, J. E. Gates.

Keepers—J. B. Adams, Nat. Adams, T. M. Bradbury, Thos. Brown, Baster Brown, H. C. Catlett, B. B. Clark, P. H. Crump, Jno. Donohue, W. W. Gillum, S. P. Garrett, T. Hunter, J. J. Henderson, J. W. Mahan, Peter Meyers, Alex. Mitchell, J. P. Newbill, G. W. Garks, H. C. Scruggs, Henry Shoup, S. H. Lane, J. M. Shrader, C. G. Spaunhorst, John Stewart, R. S. Tarleton, J. D. Thurmond, W. B. Van Horn, Peter Wulser.

Guards—Henry Allen, W. W. Barkley, B. F. Bolton, J. M. Bolton, Charles Barlow, R. Brenners, A. J. Carnutt, W. Cartwright, James Donohue, J. M. Fawks, Henry Faust, J. A. Gallagher, J. J. Gordon, J. W. Grishaw, N. W. Hackney, E. H. Jackson, Mat. Mulligan, W. D. Skidmore, W. B. Taylor, T. B. Tichenor, R. S. Wade, Charles Weiss.

The average monthly pay-roll is $4,000, and the employes are selected from almost every county in the State.

PRESSED cigarettes. Turkish & Virginia tobacco

ASK your grocer for Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company's Pretzels. They are healthy and nutritious.

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH cost ten cents.

Hatters who import their novelties from London lead the fashions here in round hats for ladies. These hats are of very fanciful shapes, laden with feathers, and are worn with severe costumes made by tailors in style copied from English dresses.

THE POST-DISPATCH has the largest city circulation in St. Louis; therefore it is the best medium for "wants."

THE EGYPTIAN WAR.

What the Learned Men in Washington Have to Say.

Washington Special to Chicago Tribune.

The situation in Egypt has attracted much attention at the capital to-day, and the press bulletins have been eagerly scanned. Even greater interest has been manifested at the War and Navy Departments, where the army and navy officers are awaiting with interest the result of the bombardment. A scientific and practical interest is felt in this contest, as it is believed it will be very instructive in determining the actual fighting value of the latest pattern of ironclads armed with the heaviest ordnance. The British ships, especially the Inflexible, are provided with new eighty-one-ton rifled guns. The representative here of the largest manufactory in this country, as he read the announcement that four forts had fallen, said: "No more convincing proof is necessary of the great value of heavy ordnance. Fortifications cannot stand against them. That same British fleet off Alexandria Bay there to-day could batter down every fort that we have from Maine to the Rio Grande, and could sail directly under our guns and fire with impunity. This is the lesson of the Alexandria bombardment for this country, and the Government had better be doing something about it, for Abe Hewitt said very truthfully in the House the other day, it would take three years to build a single one of these eighty-one-ton guns." This is a statement from one who desires legislation, but it is in a good deal of the same spirit that the officers of the Ordnance Corps and the naval officers generally are watching the contest in Egypt. The duel between the British fleet and the Egyptian forts affords the first real opportunity for studying, in a practical way, the workings of many theories as to marine architecture, ordnance and fortifications which have been developed since there has been any considerable naval warfare. Especially is this true as to the defensive strength and aggressive power of the heavy-armored British ships. At the end of the first day's fighting the advocates of heavy armor and heavy ordnance claim that their theory has been confirmed, and no fortifications can be built to successfully withstand the force of modern projectiles. The eighty-one-ton guns in use on the Inflexible throw a projectile of about 1,700 pounds with, of course, enormous power.

Simon Wolf, late Consul-General to Egypt, speaking of Arabi Bey, said: "Arabi Pasha is the head of the National party, whose slogan is Egypt for the Egyptians. They desire that all the offices shall be filled with native Egyptians; that native Egyptians, while bearing the burdens, shall enjoy the honors and receive the emoluments of state. In many respects this is a laudable policy. The Khedive is not opposed to this, but holds, and justly holds, that the people must be educated up to such a condition of affairs. Arabi Pasha and the National party want a Republic. The Khedive sees that they are not fitted for such a Government, and will not be for a hundred years. Arabi Pasha is a poet, a philosopher, a fanatic—educated, intellectual, with much force and many graces of character, but he lacks physical courage, it is asserted.

"The Khedive is a highly educated man, fully alive to the highest requirements of modern civilization, has but one wife and no concubines, while his father, the famous Ismail Pasha, had 600 or 700. This fact illustrates his desire to keep abreast of the requirements of modern civilization. He has been planting schools all through the country—schools which teach the fellaheen the arts and sciences taught in England, Germany, France and this country. The Khedive is sincerely devoted to the interests of his country, but he is powerless. The army is with Arabi Pasha. There is one factor in this Egyptian problem which gives promise of future light. The Board of Missionaries of the United Presbyterian Church of this country are doing a great and good work—doing it quietly, unostentatiously, unselfishly, and thoroughly and well. They are educating the Egyptians in the principles of honor and morality. I do not mean they are doing it by denominational work, but the influence of the principles they are disseminating is vast, beneficial and widely spreading. The Egyptian fellaheen are regarding this country with respect and intelligent consideration. The example of our institutions will, in course of time, produce an effect that cannot but be good." This statement of Mr. Wolf is not without significance, as he is a Hebrew in his faith.

George Bachellor, for a long time connected with the International Court in Egypt, was recently here and talked freely of Egyptian affairs. He sides with Arabi against the Khedive, and considered that he represented the progressive element to a very much greater extent than the Khedive does.

A gentleman who is familiar with the geography of Egypt, and who knows the fighting qualities of the Arabs, to-day, at the Capitol, expressed the opinion that, if the Egyptian war extended to the interior, it would continue a considerable time. He believed, however, that when Alexandria was captured by the British the war would close. The interior of Egypt is especially well adapted to fighting when occupied by troops having the sympathy of the inhabitants, and it will be difficult to dislodge Arabi's forces if they take possession of interior places.

A HUNDRED THOUSAND persons read each ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

Dead Fish in the Schuylkill.

Philadelphia Special to the New York World.

Reports from points along the Schuylkill River to-night indicate that the fish continue to die in large numbers and float along the river banks. They are decomposing rapidly under the hot sun and emit a sickening stench, and several persons have been made ill by breathing the impure air. The fish which have not died are congregated in large schools at points where fresh and pure streams empty into the river. Several men have gathered these dead fish from the surface of the water, but it has not yet been ascertained whether they ate them or offered them for sale. The officials have been informed, and will take immediate steps to prevent the catching of fish at this time. The river at Reading is rapidly becoming worse. The bass succumbed this morning for the first time and are dying very fast. A petition will be presented to the Legislature asking that fish-ways be placed in the river. The Health Commissioner at Reading thinks the death of the fish is caused by some diseases peculiar to them, or by alkali washed up from the river bed. The Reading Board of Health will make an immediate attempt to ascertain the cause. The president of the Pottstown Water Company went to Reading to-day with some of the water taken from the river at that place. He proposes to have it analyzed to-morrow. He says that thousands of dead fish are in the river at Pottstown, and that the people are greatly alarmed. The poisonous water has reached Phœnixville, although it advances very slowly. Chief Engineer McFadden, of the Philadelphia Waterworks, went to Pottstown to-day on a tour of investigation. He returned to-night and says that the pollution and the death of the fish are caused in all probability by the water from an old mine near Pottstown which is full of sulphate of lime, a deadly poison. He says the same trouble occurred from the same cause about five years ago, only to a less extent. He believes that the pollution will not reach below Stony Point, near Norristown, and that this city will not be affected. He admits, however, that it may creep further down and get into the Fairmount dam. If it does the result in Philadelphia would be appalling. Almost the entire water supply would be cut off in the heat of midsummer. The people are growing anxious over the state of affairs.

Killed by an Elephant.

From the London News.

Yesterday Sir John Humphreys opened an inquest at Elm Hall, Church road, Tottenham, on the body of Charles Hughes, aged 26, a groom, who was killed by an elephant at the Alexandra palace on Sunday morning last. Mr. Myers, the proprietor of the circus, and a large number of gentlemen were present. William Atkinson, employed in Mr. Myers' circus at the Alexandra palace, stated that he acted as groom, and the deceased was in the same employ. Deceased went by the name of Hughes. His duty was to attend to the horses, and not to any other animal. On Sunday last, about half-past 8, witness was standing in front of an elephant who was about to go out into the grounds. It was a female elephant known by the name of "Blind Bill." The elephant was blind, and the keeper was behind it. Deceased was standing close by, against two tubs, and as the elephant came along she put her trunk into one of the tubs and the deceased pushed the trunk away, saying "Get away Bill." The elephant then pushed deceased against the wall, and squeezed him. She gored the deceased with her tusk, and he fell dead. After the elephant attacked him the deceased tried to get the animal away. Witness could not see whether deceased raised the lip of the animal or whether she raised it herself. Deceased did nothing else to the elephant besides what witness had stated. He had never known the elephant to do any mischief before. Witness could not account for deceased being attacked. J. Block, 2 Westmore grove, Woodgreen, stated that he was stud-groom in the employ of Mr. Myers, who had a circus at the Alexandria palace. On Sunday morning he saw the deceased fall down, but did not see the attack. Mr. James Washington Myers stated that he was the proprietor of the circus and elephant. He had had the latter about 20 years. She had always been very quiet unless something was done to her. About thirteen years ago one of the grooms put one of her eyes out, and the man was dismissed. About a year afterward the elephant lost the sight of the other eye, and became stone blind. Two years afterward, when the company was at Brighton, the same groom came into the stable, and slapping the elephant on the side, said: "This is the old brute that got me dismissed." On hearing the man's voice the elephant pushed him up against the wall, and twisted his head and eyes, and ever since the man has been cross-eyed. He did not mean to say the elephant had injured the man's eyes because he had served her the same, but at the same time it was a curious coincidence. The elephant had not the power to raise her lip herself, and the deceased must have pushed it away in his struggle with her. He was inclined to think that deceased was fighting the elephant before she got him close to the wall. If the lip had not been lifted up the tusk would first have had to go through it. There was a pitchfork close to where deceased was lying, and there were some marks on the mouth of the elephant. He was satisfied that deceased must have used the pitchfork against the elephant. Mr. Baron Alfred Ralph, surgeon, stated that when he was called to deceased he was dead. There was a deep wound on the left breast, exposing the lung, and the elephant's tusk had evidently gone through the larger vessels of the heart, causing instant death. It was a clean cut, as if done by a die. There were numerous other wounds about the body. Sir John Humphreys, in summing up, said there was no doubt the deceased had a pitchfork in his hand at the time, and that he used it, either in self-defense or otherwise, against the animal. The jury, after a short consultation, returned a verdict of "Accidental death." Mr. Meyers then informed the coroner and jury that about eight months ago, when in Reading, the deceased, who was then a hawker, had two baskets with vegetables in them, and the elephant in question put the trunk into the basket and ate up the contents. The man, getting angry at his loss and the people laughing at him, pulled out his penknife and stabbed the animal in the trunk; so there was a prior ill-feeling between the deceased and the elephant.

PRESSED cigarettes smoke cooler than othres.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH make the most valuable advertising medium in St. Louis.

Guiteau Boiled Down.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Speaking of the current stories to the effect that Guiteau's body has never been disturbed since its interment, the Star says: The fact is that the body was removed from the jail and deposited in the Medical Museum, where it still remains. To satisfy himself as to the removal, one of the officers of the jail, who had doubted the fact yesterday sounded the spot where the body had been placed, and found the remains no longer there. The body, as stated, is now within the museum building, and will soon be prepared for the skeleton case. Stories were set afloat yesterday to the effect that the report of the removal of the body was merely a clever dodge, under the cloak of which the coffin was quietly removed from the Jail and buried in some suburban place on the private grounds of a friend of Dr. Hicks.

Another very plausible story which was published this morning sets forth that the body had never been removed from the Jail at all, but now lies buried in the basement of the Jail, almost directly under the cell occupied by Guiteau when living. Dr. Alex McWilliams, assistant physician to the Jail, is authority for the statement that there is now no coffin or grave at the Jail, nor is there a body there.

The fact is the body was removed, as heretofore stated, between the hours of 9 and 11 o'clock on the night of the 3d inst.; that prior to its removal an undertaker's wagon was driven to the neighborhood of the Jail, and its two occupants went into the Jail and held conversation with the Deputy Warden, Mr. Russ and Capt. Coleman, and then left; that the gate was opened and the wagon driven by a circuitous route to the rear of the building, and that with the knowledge of not over half a dozen people the coffin, with its contents, was dug up, placed in the wagon and driven to the Medical Museum, where the body now is.

Most of the flesh has been removed from the frame, and in a little time it will be marked with a number and placed beneath one of the glass cases in the museum.

It is not generally known, but it is a fact, that at the autopsy at the jail portions of the body were embalmed, and it may be that the face will be preserved and kept in a glass case as well as the skeleton.

PRESSED cigarettes. Little Beauties are best.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH make the most valuable advertising medium in St. Louis.

Not as Big Fools as They Seem.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The demand for the bronze medals, commemorative of the defeat of "The 306" at the Chicago Convention of 1880, has slackened. Edwards Pierrepont is the only one of the Grant delegates from New York or Kings county who has received his medal from the Assay Office since the last list published in your paper.

For Logan For President.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Ex-Gov. Fletcher, of Missouri, is in the city for a few days, looking after business before the departments. In an interview last night with a Chicago Times correspondent he said there is a great change taking place in the State of Missouri. He believes the Republicans can carry Missouri in the next Presidential canvass. The ex-Governor was asked whom the Republicans in Missouri would try to have nominated in the next National Convention. His prompt reply was Gen. John A. Logan, of Illinois. Said ex-Governor Fletcher: "I have come out one [illegible] for Gen. Logan, and have talked [illegible] ing Republicans throughout hours of [illegible] find that they are [illegible] associated with [illegible] and [illegible]

"THE LIFE OF THE FLESH IS IN THE BLOOD."

Maguire's Quinine and Iron Cordial.

Pleasant to the taste. Vitalizes, purifies and enriches the blood, acts gently as a tonic, nourishes diseased spinal nerves, acts as a brain tonic, invigorates the whole system, allays nervous irritability caused by over brainwork, mental anxiety and loss of rest, produces appetite and healthy digestion, stimulates nerve power. If your brain is overworked, your nerves unstrung, and you suffer from nervous or general debility, and feel a want of vigor or vitality, try this Great Remedy and it will soon restore you to health and strength. Sold by A. HARLESS & CO., Druggists, S. W. Corner of Fifth and Market Streets.

SHOP NO. 1,
And General Office, 106 S. Tenth St.
SHOP NO. 2,
Cass Ave., bet. Glasgow and Garrison Aves.

EDWARD BUTLER
106 S. 10TH ST.

THE EFFECTS OF IMPROPER SHOEING

HOW THE FOOT & LIMB MAY BE PRESERVED.

Telephone No. 103. Horses called for and Returned free of charge.
SHOP NO. 4,
Channing Avenue and Locust Streets.
SHOP NO. 3,
Jefferson Avenue and Gravois Road.

POND'S EXTRACT.

THE GREAT VEGETABLE

PAIN DESTROYER and SPECIFIC FOR INFLAMMATION AND HEMORRHAGES.

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured so many cases of these distressing complaints as the Extract. Our Plaster is invaluable in these disorders. Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c. Our Ointment (50 cents) for use without removal of clothing is most convenient, is a great help in relieving inflammatory cases.

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause, is speedily controlled and stopped. Our Nasal Syringes (25 cents) and Inhalers ($1.00) are great aids in arresting internal bleeding.

Diphtheria & Sore Throat. Use the Extract promptly. It is a sure cure. Delay is dangerous.

Catarrh. The Extract is the only specific for this disease. Cold in Head, &c. Our "Catarrh Cure," specially prepared to meet serious cases, contains all the curative properties of the Extract; our Nasal Syringe invaluable for use in catarrhal affections, is simple and unexpensive.

Sores, Ulcers, Wounds, Sprains and Bruises. It is healing, cooling and cleansing. Use our Ointment in connection with the Extract; it will aid in healing, softening and in keeping out the air.

Burns and Scalds. For allaying pain it is unrivaled, and should be kept in every family ready for use in case of accidents. A dressing of our Ointment will aid in healing and prevent scars.

Inflamed or Sore Eyes. It can be used without the slightest fear of harm, quickly allaying all inflammation and soreness without pain.

Earache, Toothache and Faceache. When the Extract is used according to directions, its effect is simply wonderful.

Piles, Blind, Bleeding, or Itching. It is the only remedy ever known to rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Medicated Paper for closet use, is a preventive against Chafing and Piles. Our Ointment is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

For Broken Breast and Sore Nipples. The Extract is so cleanly and efficacious that mothers who have once used it will never be without it. Our Ointment is the best emollient that can be applied.

Female Complaints. No physician need be called in for the majority of female diseases if the Extract be used. Full directions accompany each bottle.

CAUTION.

Pond's Extract Has been imitated. The genuine has the words "Pond's Extract" blown in the glass, and our picture trade-mark on surrounding buff wrapper. None other is genuine. Always insist on having Pond's Extract. Take no other preparation. *It is never sold in bulk, or by measure.*

Price of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties.

POND'S EXTRACT	50c., $1.00 and $1.75		
Toilet Cream	1 00	Catarrh Cure	75
Dentifrice	50	Plaster	50
Lip Salve	25	Inhaler	1.00
Toilet Soap (3 Cks)	50	Nasal Syringe	25
Ointment	50	Medicated Paper	

Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO.,
NEW YORK AND LONDON.

For sale by all Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Orders for $5 worth, carriage free, on receipt of price. Orders for $5 worth, carriage free, on receipt of $3, if addressed to 14 W. Fourteenth street, New York.

LIEBIG MALT EXTRACT.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS of the highest eminence on both sides of the Atlantic, as an invaluable Tonic and Restorative in cases of General Debility, Nervous Depression, Enfeebled Constitution and Female Weakness.

NURSING MOTHERS, who suffer from poverty of milk, will find it a specific for their troubles. It stimulates the digestion, sharpens the appetite, invigorates and builds up the entire system, and excites a generous flow of milk.

WEAK AND SICKLY CHILDREN, who suffer from lassitude and weariness, the result of disease, over-study, or nervous strain, will derive substantial benefit from its use. It restores the system to its normal condition and brings back the bloom of youth.

INVALIDS AND CONVALESCENTS will find it admirably adapted for sustaining life, and restoring lost strength. When the stomach is weak and refuses other nourishment the Extract will prove an excellent substitute for food. It neither pains upon the appetite nor offends the taste.

DELICATE FEMALES, who suffer from the weaknesses of their sex, will derive lasting relief from its use. It improves the digestion, purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, and revives the spirits.

WEAK AND DELICATE PERSONS GENERALLY, who require some artificial restorative—and especially those who are inclined to Consumption—will find this preparation exactly suited to their needs. It is a specific for the Coughs and Nervous Affections usually incident to a low state of the system.

AS A FLESH RESTORER it possesses the highest value. The whole tendency of its action is to stimulate the digestion of the nourishing foods, and its effect is invariably to give fullness and roundness to the female form, and robustness to the masculine frame.

THE LIEBIG MALT EXTRACT is a pure concentrated Fluid Extract of Malt, agreeable to the taste, and free from alcohol. It is readily retained on the stomach and contains none but wholesome and nourishing ingredients. The genuine preparation bears on the label a fine engraved likeness of Baron von Liebig, and a fac-simile of his signature, as well as that of A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md., Sole Agents for America.

RIVERSIDE
SHOE MANUF'Y,
WM. BREMSER,
Manufacturer
BOOTS & SHOES,
407 N. Levee, bet. Locust and Vine Sts.

A full line of boots and shoes, our own make, from $1.75 to $6.00.

We have a large stock of hand-made Boots and Shoes on hand, which will be sold lower than the lowest, and citizens are invited to inspect the workshops and leave their orders.

FINE PREMIUM CANDY!
Is Manufactured Only by
BLANKE & BRO. CANDY COMPANY.
610, 612 Market Street.

$1000 REWARD
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated or Protruding PILES that DeSing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. MILLER, M. D., 915 Arch st., Phila., Pa. None genuine without his signature. Sold by druggists.

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of Laitner Brothers, will, until the hour of four in the afternoon on the 9th day of July, 1882, receive bids for the purchase of the property assigned to him, consisting of stock of merchandise situated at 607 and 609 South Second street, St. Louis, used in the manufacture and sale of brushes, together with materials and tools, show cases, counters, shelving, fixtures, office furniture, safe, horse, wagon, harness, and accounts due for merchandise. Terms of sale: Cash, and subject to approval of Circuit Court, city of St. Louis.

JOHN M. SAUER,
Assignee Laitner Brothers.
Gottschalk & Davis, attorneys for assignee. 310

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market street.

The Post-Dispatch for the Summer.

Persons leaving St. Louis for the Summer can have the POST DISPATCH forwarded to them at the rate of 35 cents per month, postage prepaid by us. When arrangements are made for a greater time than a fortnight the address will be changed as often as desired. Leave orders at our counting-room before your departure, if you want to keep posted on home news.

THE revolted Egyptians are simply Readjusters and they are entitled to the recognition of the ARTHUR Administration. MAHONE should insist on this point.

THE House yesterday voted down a Senate amendment to the deficiency bill providing for the payment of gigantic fees to the doctors who divided the honors with a GUITEAU by treating a pus cavity as a gunshot wound.

WE recognize the necessity of keeping our Mediterranean squadron in some harbor within swimming range of the shore. But we are sorry that it has turned up in a monkey *role* at Alexandria just when all eyes are gazing in that direction.

To some extent the terrible cannonading of the country newspapers has fallen off, and CRITTENDEN, crawling out from under the debris of his shattered hopes, his head bandaged with a piece of old bagging, inquires in a feeble and distrustful voice, "Who's hurt?"

ONE thing that recommends Judge SHERWOOD for renomination is the well authenticated statement that he is opposed to CRITTENDEN. If this were a qualification, however, about nine-tenths of the voters of the State might be running for the Supreme Bench.

THE Democratic City Central Committee, presided over by BILL JONES and the able Mr. HERCULES, has arranged all the preliminaries for the Democratic primaries on the 22d inst. Col. DAN KERWIN will see that the police force discharges its duty on that glorious day.

SOME criticism is heard in the Chamber of Commerce among the gentlemen who failed to secure their pound of flesh, touching the settlement of the disagreement growing out of the June wheat corner, but the committee having charge of the matter settled it in accordance with the rules of the Chamber and that's about all that need be said on the subject.

THE House yesterday detected and, with great unanimity, defeated a mileage steal of $33,000 in a Senate amendment to the general deficiency bill to pay mileage both ways to the Senators who attended the special executive session last fall and remained till the regular session. In its fits of abstraction the Senate is liable to make little mistakes of this kind.

IT is generally agreed that the Democrats of New York State have selected Congressman FLOWER as their candidate for Governor—as a party Uniter. TILDEN is said to be opposed to him, but then he is in favor with JAY GOULD, and JAY has promised to put a great deal of money into the canvass this year in order to punish Gov. CORNELL for his veto of the elevated railroad tax bill.

ALL harsh feeling between those distinguished Georgia journalists Col. LAMAR and Col. HOWELL, has been removed by a Court of Honor composed of the friends of the gentlemen. Both gentlemen acknowledged that they had done wrong and all is serene. It is believed that an American Court of Honor, with LEW WALLACE as president, could arrange the difficulty between John Bull and ARABI PASHA, if afforded an opportunity.

THE *Globe-Democrat* expresses the hope that there will be no such disgraceful scramble in the Republican party of this State for the Supreme Judgeship as is now going on in the Democratic camp. *Restez tranquille.* There will be no scramble. It is only where there is a sure thing in sight that patriotic men really get down and hustle. Candidates before the Republican Convention have nothing to elbow for except the empty honor of being run over by a Juggernaut loaded with 80,000 Democratic majority.

THE iron of those eighty-ton guns has entered the Quaker soul of JOHN BRIGHT and shattered the GLADSTONE Ministry. Between the large Liberal wing of the Premier's combination and the solid body of Conservatives there is hardly elbow room for a GLADSTONE Cabinet carrying chaotic Ireland on one arm and the ruins of Alexandria on the other. A statesman who entered politics as a True Blue Tory, holding that the State should have a religion of its own and maintain it, Mr. GLADSTONE disestablished the State Church in Ireland, and unless he throws himself again into the arms of the Tories the pending crisis will most probably retire him forever.

CONFLAGRATION and disorder still reign in the city of Alexandria, though Admiral SEYMOUR, assisted by the stalwart marines from the American squadron in port, is doing all he can to preserve order and protect property. No English troops have arrived to assist him, though the military depot at Malta is in close proximity. Regiments in England and South Africa are under marching orders, but none of the great military minds of England seem to have thought of the importance of having a land force to co-operate with their fleet in the work of protecting the Egyptians from their own violence. ARABI PASHA is reported to be strongly intrenched with his armed mob not far from Alexandria, but Admiral SEYMOUR is too weak to push investigation in that direction.

A WORN and weary Democrat at Springfield, Mo., who has been driven almost to the verge of insanity by the reprehensible conduct of the POST-DISPATCH, writes to Col. GEORGE and Col. JOHN KNAPP'S newspaper to complain that we recently committed an unpardonable offense in claiming the Springfield *Patriot* as a Democratic organ in the column of press comments on Gov. CRITTENDEN. We are very sorry for this. We only aimed to reproduce the spirit of the weekly press of the State regardless of politics. About four-fifths of our newspapers condemned CRITTENDEN openly and the others kept quiet, with the exception of the St. Louis *Republican* and Sedalia *Democrat*. In order to offset our scandalous conduct the injured Democrat, who nurses his aching bones so pathetically at Springfield, should call on the KNAPPS to reproduce in their able raccoon journal such indorsements of CRITTENDEN'S course in the gambling business as they may be able to pick up from time to time in the newspapers printed in Missouri. The bill for the composition may be sent to us.

IMPEACH HIM!

Upon the next Legislature of Missouri a sacred duty will rest—the impeachment of Gov. THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN. The removal from office of this man, who has brought disgrace upon the State, is demanded by every consideration of a political nature and by every material interest. He should be impeached without reference to partisanism, upon the broad platform of asserted manhood and citizenship.

We demand that he be impeached for his gross and unwarranted abuse of the pardoning power. The Constitution invests him with power to pardon convicted felons, the understanding being solely that the Governor shall stand between a victim of a court and gross injustice or error. CRITTENDEN has flagrantly and openly abused this great power and has used it in such a way as to establish the fact that his personal ends, rather than the interests of the Commonwealth have been subserved. He has made the pardoning power an instrument of political advancement, and in at least one instance has laid himself open to a suspicion of corruption which will deepen into a conviction whenever a legal investigation can be had.

We demand that he be impeached for conspiring as Executive of the State with known criminals to kill a murderer and thief who stood indicted for his offenses in one of the open courts of the State. It matters not that the removal of this bandit was a commendable murder in the sense that it relieved the State of an odious and dangerous man. There was no warrant of law or authority of any kind for the action of the Governor, and in pardoning the men who committed the murder—and who confessed themselves guilty—almost before sentence was pronounced against them, he not only shamefully abused his powers, but confirmed his early confession that he was in conspiracy with them and an accomplice in their crime. His action in disbursing to men not connected with the constabulary of the State a private fund as a reward for the killing of this bandit was an act which made him an accessory after the fact and entitles him not alone to impeachment and deposition from office, but indictment and conviction in a Criminal Court.

We demand his impeachment for corruptly accepting a consideration for the appointment of at least two members of the St. Louis Police Board in the year 1881, which placed him in the power of the gambling ring of this city. The testimony which will be brought out under this head will amply sustain the charge that we make.

The time has come when THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN should no longer be permitted to bring disgrace upon our State by his selfish, corrupt and arbitrary acts. He has turned the course of the State toward barbarism and has made its name a reproach throughout the length and breadth of the land. He richly merits impeachment, and this issue should be raised now in every city and county of the commonwealth.

We shall insist that every man nominated for either the Senate or House in the city of St. Louis define his position on this question. We will not lend our support to any candidate who will not pledge himself, in case of election, to go to Jefferson City determined to exercise the proud prerogative of the representatives of the people in bringing our law-defying, ring-ridden, pardon-broking Governor to the bar of Justice.

The issue from this time forth is: "Impeach THOMAS T. CRITTENDEN for high crimes and misdemeanors."

DAN VOORHEES has a way of bestriding political issues so as to catch the rich drippings of corporation influence in one end of his saddle-bags and the votes of the horny-handed in the other. A ranter about the wrongs of the Western Granger, he fought the Thurman Pacific Railroad law till JAY GOULD withdrew him in time to save him for another occasion. Now he is flaunting the Communistic flag of Protection as a possible incident of tariffs reformed to the revenue basis, and he declares that the prosperity of Indiana has been promoted by the protection which has made millionaires of a number of her manufacturers who have collected more from her farmers and laborers than the officers of the Govern[illegible] under our system of "prot[illegible] The Protectionists can afford to pay liberally for such weakening divisions as VOORHEES' Democratic *status* may enable him to introduce into the camp of the reform army. DANIEL is coming to be pretty well understood, and the mystery of any queer scratching by him among political issues is explained by the darkey proverb that "wharebber de hen scratch dar be de bug also."

THE merely spectacular character of the prosecution in the Star Route cases came out yesterday in a way to cure all suspense in regard to the result. The grand jury, after hearing WALSH swear that he had paid out $10,000 on behalf of Senator KELLOGG from the proceeds of mail contracts, refused to find any indictment. It is understood that they had before them the testimony of WALSH in the KELLOGG-SPOFFORD election case, in which WALSH denied KELLOGG'S having any interest in the proceeds of such contracts. It is also said that BLISS, for the prosecution, warned the grand jury that it was a very serious thing to indict a United States Senator. The predictions made when ARTHUR was inaugurated and BLISS placed in charge of these prosecutions were that the latter would be conducted on the theory that it is even a more serious thing to convict than to indict Republican Senators, members of the Republican Committee, or any looter who subscribed liberally to elect ARTHUR.

WE are touched with grief by the announcement that Prof. A. H. JOHN, the Philosopher of the Kirksville *Democrat*, has disposed of his interest in the paper and has crawled sedately down from the editorial tripod. In taking his leave the Sage returns his thanks to the POST-DISPATCH for the kind assistance rendered him during his short journalistic career. His obligation is nothing to the debt of gratitude we owe him for the instruction gathered from the pages of the *Democrat* during his intendancy. When the chroncidic and crepusculer glimpses of a preterhonic and cruprismadic cyanide of potassium gather around us and we grope, as it were, for the infinitude of the Infinite, we will miss the introspective and pragmatical, not to say erubescent Philosopher, who has turned our feet from the paleontological paths or Saurian shadows to the sunlit planes of a homboidical Oneness, where the serrated edge of Ignorance is rasped by the intellectual file of protoplasmic Enlightenment. Hail and farewell!

THE POST-DISPATCH informs us that Prohibition is a live issue in Missouri, and that it cannot be dodged. It is painful to note the fact that the POST-DISPATCH announces its determination to fight this righteous reform. The POST-DISPATCH has already won laurels and fame by its gallant and successful fight against the gambling evil. How appropriate for it now to turn its batteries on the liquor evil! It should not "weary in well doing."—[Plattsburg Lever.

WE are in this matter somewhat like the broth of an Irish boy who joined the Murphy Movement when it was sweeping the country. A few nights afterward he was seen by one of his acquaintances in a bar-room in the act of tossing off a glass of neat whisky. "Why, Pat," said the astonished friend, "I thought you wore a blue ribbon—that you had joined the Murphy's." "It's thrue, I have," was the ready response of the Milesian, as he swallowed his sitmulating beverage, "but be jabers, I'm no domd bigot."

AN official gazette issued at Dublin yesterday proclaims that the counties of Cavan, Leitrim, Longford, West Meath, Sligo, Roscommon, Mayo, Tipperary, Kilkenny, Waterford, Limerick, Cork, Clare, Kerry, Louth and Dublin, the cities of Limerick, Cork, Waterford, Kilkenny, Dublin, Londonderry, Galway and Drogheda, and two baronies in Monaghan and two in Armagh, are placed under the provisions of the Repression Act, which means that the people thereof are subjected to unlimited search and seizure, to dragoonades and to arbitrary imprisonment without benefit of *habeas corpus* or jury trial. This illustration of the humane and pacifying influence of three hundred years of British rule in Ireland sheds a lovely halo over the ruins of Alexandria and the other radiant results of a brief infusion of British statesmanship into the domestic affairs of Egypt.

PERSONAL.

—Elliott has declined to row Courtney, and the latter has quit sharpening his saw.

—Mrs. J. M. Woodworth, of Boston, is said to be ex-Vice-President Wheeler's prospective bride.

—Gustave Dore has just bought a site in Paris for something more than $115,000, on which he will build him a mansion.

—Oscar Wilde will soon start for Japan. It is not known where Japan will start for when this news reaches that country.

—A Chinaman has entered for the approaching six days' pedestrian contest in New York. The Chinese must go as they please.

—The death is announced at the age of seventy-eight of Joseph Aloysius Hansom, the inventor of the famous cabs that bear his name and a prominent architect of London.

—Queen Victoria has announced her determination henceforth to have her birthday celebrations held on the actual anniversaries of her natal day—May 24 of each year—and not, as has often been the case, on other days arbitrarily selected for the purpose.

—Mr. Austin Dobson could not sing with Beranger the praises of a garret. He lives in one of the prettiest of modern English houses where among many attractive objects of art and nature there are none more beautiful than his nine well-behaved olive-branches.

—A fashion journal says that "the latest caprice of New York belles is to suspend a beautifully painted miniature tambourine by ribbons from the neck. A satin bag upon the underside contains the handkerchief." The latest caprice of Chicago women is to suspend a shirt by clothes pins from the line.

—Dr. William A. Hammond says he considers the new medical code "illogical, absurd, [illegible]histical, unsound, unwarranted, untenable, [illegible]clusive, fallacious, specious, evasive, [illegible]ractical, unreasonable, unphilosophical, [illegible]visionary and fu[illegible]ctor should be [illegible]ld by all Druggists [illegible] pub-

MISSOURI POLITICS.

The Greenback Convention for the Eleventh District meets at Rolla, August 23.

In the Twelfth District the Republicans will put out a straight ticket in every county.

The Republican primaries of Jasper have instructed for Col. W. F. Cloud, of Carthage, for Congress.

The Republican Convention of the Fourth District will meet at St. Joseph on the 19th of September.

It will require thirty-eight votes to nominate the Democratic candidate for Congress in the Eleventh District.

The Greenback Convention of the Second Congressional District will be held at Brunswick, Tuesday, August 15.

Out of the 23 Democratic papers in the Sixth District, 13 are for More, 3 for Clark, 2 for Cosgrove and 4 uncommitted.

The Republican State Committee of the Eleventh Congressional District will convene in Rolla on August 1st, 1882.

The Monroe Appeal and Palmyra Spectator are giving Democratic County Judges fits for letting county printing to Republicans.

There will be three candidates for Congress in the St. Jo District, the Greenbackers having called a convention to meet in St. Joseph August 3.

The Third District Republicans nominate at Cameron, August 22, five days after the Democrats. The call indicates that no Greenbacker need apply.

The Greenbackers of the Fifth or Kansas City District nominate at Independence July 29, to anticipate the Democrats, who nominate August 2.

The State Central Committee (Dem.) made a mistake in their call. A Register of Lands is not to be nominated. Col. McCullough was elected and commissioned for four years.

In the Fourth or St. Joseph District, the contest for the Democratic nomination is between R. C. Wilson, of Platte, and Col. James N. Burns, of St. Joseph, with the indications decidedly in favor of Burns.

Gen. Clark having received ninety-four more votes than Sam Major at the Howard county primaries, on Saturday, the latter withdraws from the race for the nomination. The four Major delegates will support Clark in the convention.

The Greenback committee meeting of the Eleventh District was rather slimly attended. Out of thirteen counties only six were represented, and then four of these by proxies. Phelps and Maries counties were the only ones represented in person.

A little irregularity, which looks like a trick on the part of some members of the Democratic Committee, who stole a march on the others in calling the Tenth District Convention, has incensed the friends of Mr. Clardy, and there is a fine opening for a first-class kick.

There is not enough harmony in the Democratic ranks to suppress occasional threats like the following from the Columbia Herald: "There are 1,200 Republican votes in Boone county and out of the 3,000 Democratic votes there are over 1,000 who can be counted upon to support the independent movement to beat the nominees of a county convention."

Among the more prominent aspirants for the Democratic nomination in the Third District are: Col. W. H. Woodson, Clay county; Col. H. E. Glazier, De Kalb county; Senator D. J. Heaston, Harrison county; Capt. J. H. Thomas, Clinton county; Hon. J. M. Lowe, Clinton county; Judge George W. Dunn, Ray county; Hon. A. M. Dockery, Daviess county; Judge Thos. J. Potter, Clinton county; Col. J. F. Harwood, Clinton county; Capt. Thos. Doak, Clinton county.

Prohibition is holding the whip-hand over the party organization in some of the strongest Democratic counties. After a stormy committee meeting at Plattsburg the Lever defiantly remarked: "A good majority of the Democrats of Clinton county are in favor of prohibition. The men who undertake to defeat candidates that favor prohibition will get badly beaten themselves. The anti-prohibitionists are not strong enough to beat anybody. If they think they are just let them proceed to do it."

In the Thirteenth District the Greenbackers, who claim 10,000 votes, will on the 18th of July nominate either Hazeltine or Fellows, the latter being the preference of the Democrats and the former of the Republicans. The Republicans, on the 26th of July, will determine whether they will nominate the candidate of the Greenbackers or a straight. Their straight candidates are Wade, Cloud and Hubbard, with Havens, Thrasher, Gibbs, Geiger, Langston and Boyd as dark horses. Democrats will meet at Peirce City, August 15, with a full knowledge of the Congressional situation, and unless they can help the Greenbackers elect Fellows will go it alone.

The Scioto Disaster.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The disclosures of incompetence of the pilots of the steamer Scioto, made by the investigation now going on, prove the necessity of a more strict investigation of the qualifications of the applicants than is considered necessary by boat-owners. To clearly understand the case we will illustrate it by comparing steamboat officers with other professions. If a man wishes to practice law he must submit to an examination of legal experts. If he wishes to practice medicine legally he must be examined by a committee of medical experts. If, after having received his diploma, the lawyer makes an error in his pleadings, or the doctor makes a mistake in the diagnosis of his case, the one loses his case and the other his patient. In either case only one is injured. But in a mistake by a steamboat officer many lives may be (as in the Scioto case) sacrificed, and thousands of dollars' worth of property lost. The steamboatmen of St. Louis (as stated by a writer in the Republican) have tried for years to get the steamboat law amended so as to prevent, as far as human skill could prevent, such disasters, but have been steadily resisted by the owners, as they appear to think that higher qualifications might require higher wages. This was the only reason given by Mr. McPherson. It is to be hoped that those who wish to see the profession of steamboating raised to a higher plane will discuss the Scioto disaster until the present broad farce called the Steamboat Law is either abolished or amended so as to accomplish some good. STEAMBOATMAN.

A Point of Etiquette.

ST. LOUIS, July 15, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Is it impolite for a gentleman to rise and offer a lady his chair upon her entering the room, there being vacant chairs in the room? Please answer through your columns, as several claim that the New York Ledger says it is impolite and we want to know the P.-D.'s opinion. Truly, C. B. G. AND OTHERS.

[It is always politeness to offer a lady anything that you have. If there are a hundred vacant chairs in the room a lady will feel flattered if you graciously tender her the one you have been sitting on, especially if you happen to be acquainted with her. When you haven't been introduced it is just as well not to be too officious.—ED. P.-D.]

The Boss Boat-Load.

BOONVILLE, MO., July 13.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please inform me through your paper of the boat that carried the largest load on the Mississippi River, and which is the largest boat the Grand Republic that was, or the Chas. F. Chouteau, to decide an argument. SUBSCRIBER.

[The James Howard carried into New Orleans the largest cargo that ever was loaded in a single hull on the Mississippi; namely 3346 tons. The Grand Republic was the largest boat ever on the river, but she burned before her capacity was fully tested.—ED. P.-D.]

The Home of the Jack.

ST. LOUIS, July 14, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Would you please inform me through your valuable paper whether the Island of Malta is in the West Indies or not? I remain yours, Very respectfully, A READER.

[It is not. At last accounts it was reposing sweetly on the bosom of the Mediterranean Sea, being held down by a garrison of British troops and a mortgage.—ED. P. D.]

Philological Information.

ST. LOUIS, July 14, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you kindly give the correct definition of the word "looting," which you are using to such an alarming extent, and relieve the anxiety of THE WRITER.

[The word is of Hindu origin. To "loot" is to pillage or sack a city. The word was brought into European use by the Britons who soldiered in India.—ED. P.-D.]

A Settled Fact.

ST. LOUIS, July 15, 1882.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please settle an argument between several of your readers, and oblige. Must the son of an alien (though said son is born in the United States) take out his certificate of citizenship to vote? J. F. D.

[Certainly not.—ED. P.-D.]

Ode to the Buckeye.

The buckeye is the noblest fruit
That grows on woodland green;
'Tis fortunate from its tiny root
Untoe its mystic bean.
The buckeye, the buckeye,
Is luckeye, is luckeye.

The buckeye is the friend of man,
Which wears it in his pocket.
The buckeye knows a mystic plan
The playful pile to knock it.
The buckeye, the buckeye,
Is luckeye, is luckeye.

And so I sing the buckeye fair,
One specimen I nourish,
Which bean I in my trousers wear;
Long may the buckeye flourish.
The buckeye, the buckeye,
Is luckeye, is luckeye.

THOS. T. CRITTENDEN.

The Thing Boiled Down.

From the Chicago Times.

Admiral Seymour is an English constable sent out to collect the money advanced by British holders of Egyptian securities. But the money never went to the fellahs, but to the Khedive and his parasites. The fellahs are in revolt, and a revolt is exactly what an English constable likes to put down.

Don't Joke Too Much.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

The New York Sun is running a Harrison department—that is to say, it is discussing Harrison as a candidate for the Presidency. This sort of thing undertaken in jest is liable to be overdone.

An Irresponsible Statement.

From the Denver Republican.

In the absence of the editor of this paper, it may not be altogether inappropriate to state that Stephen W. Dorsey, Secretary of the National Republican Committee, is a thief.

Sympathy for the Egyptians.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

There ought to be a good deal of sympathy in Georgia for Egypt. The Egyptian militia is composed entirely of colonels, and Colonel Bey is at the head of the army.

As a British Town.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

Alexandria is not as handsome after the British boom as she was. However, she will remain a British town and flourish.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH make the most valuable advertising medium in St. Louis.

PATE'S PLEA

Probably Entered to Save Him as Security for His Venders.

On next Monday R. C. Pate's plea of guilty to a charge of establishing a lottery, which has already been offered, will be entered in the Criminal Court. The query of the past week at the Four Courts has been concerning the object in view in entering a plea of guilty to a charge which the State would at least have a difficult time proving. Some of his nearest friends say that it is a move to save McChesney. An intimate friend of Pate's said: "There is no telling positively what Pate's object is in pleading guilty, but the probability is that he fears that a conviction would result in the vender, leaving the city, which would catch him for a large amount of bond. Then again he is anxious to get this matter off of his mind, as it is bothering him and his family. He probably expects leniency. Everybody is looking out for himself now, and this is not to save McChesney."

Chester Cullings.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

CHESTER, ILL., July 14, 1882.—The County Commissioners' Court was in special session this week equalizing assessments. The average yield of wheat per acre throughout the county is said to be 25 bushels. One farmer raised 400 bu on a ten-acre field. The death of several of the oldest and most respected citizens of the county is chronicled this week in our county papers. A plan originated by some of the Texas desperadoes who are confined in our Penitentiary here, to overpower their guards and escape, was nipped in the bud last Saturday. The leaders of the conspiracy were chained and taken to the solitary cell. The Republican county primaries are to be held Saturday, the 22d, to elect delegates to the county convention to be held in Sparta on the 26th inst., for the purpose of nominating county officers. The candidates for Sheriff and County Clerk, E. J. Murphy and B. J. Hamer, have no opposition, and the scramble is confined to those who are anxious to serve the county in the capacities of County Judge, Commissioner, Treasurer and Superintendent. For each of these positions there are a half-dozen candidates. The Democrats have taken no steps as yet and it is thought by some that no nominations will be made, as there are several prominent Independent candidates who cannot be beaten.

Stephen Postmann, a respected and well-to-do Polander, who resides on his farm just a few miles from this city, was thrown from his wagon and instantly killed last Monday afternoon about 4 o'clock. He came to Chester on business, driving a large, spirited team, and had started down the hill when his team became unmanageable and ran away, throwing him to the ground with great violence, with the result as above stated. His wife, who sat beside him in the wagon, was also thrown out, but escaped with slight injury.

BABY JUMBLES. The finest little cakes ever made. Just the thing to please the "little folks." DOZIER-WEYL CRACKER CO.

A CURIOUS CASE.

Henry A. McGindley, Lawyer, Orator and Politician.

Testimony of His Brother-in-Law—A Woman Stops McGindley's Eloquence—An Awkward Incident—The Suit Against Henry Ziegenhein.

The deposition mill opened up this morning at the office of Gottschalk & Bants, before Notary O. C. Cowan, for the purpose of lessing in the light of day on the reputation of Henry A. McGindley. This distinguished young barrister not long since left the legal arena of St. Louis to hang out his shingle in Butler county. When he was here ornamenting professional circles Mr. McGindley rendered himself conspicuous in a variety of ways and in the Republican political field he was a bright particular star. Ardor and ambition shone from his clear expressive eyes, and his handsome face and form graced every Republican gathering in the southern suburbs. McGindley was no mean orator and he was recognized as one of the most brilliant local spokesmen of his party. At a Republican pow-wow on one occasion, however, the proceedings were somewhat disturbed in the midst of a powerful oration by McGindley. Mrs. Sallie D. Clements, an excitable widow who is now fighting Dr. Rutledge before a jury of the Court of Appeals for possession of a child which she deeded away, put a sudden period to a lofty oratorical flight of McGindley by advancing to the speakers' stand and PLACING IN M'GINDLEY'S ARMS A LUSTY YOUNGSTER,

openly proclaiming him as the father and demanding his acknowledgment of his own. It was a trying situation and McGindley blushed like a maiden. He stepped from the stand, and the gap in the programme was filled by another orator. The brilliant young lawyer by strategy obtained the widow's quit-claim signature, and an attempt was made to fasten the paternity upon another innocent young man. McGindley next figured in the social world wooing and winning the hand of Miss Placide Beauvais, a member of an old family of prominence, residing on Second Carondelet avenue. The union did not prove acceptable to the other members of the family. A few days since Mr. McGindley filed suit against Henry Ziegenhein, a Congressional aspirant, banker and ex-carpenter, who was curator for the Beauvais heirs. The suit is for recovery of moneys which McGindley alleges were misapplied by Ziegenhein in directing real estate improvements for the Beauvais family.

M'GINDLEY TROD ON ZIEGENHEIN'S TOES

by elaborating in his petition upon the friendly services which he rendered Ziegenhein to further his political interests, writing his speeches, etc. Ziegenhein retaliated by turning the crank of the deposition mill at the expense of McGindley. John Arnold, a plumber, brought suit upon a note against McGindley for $100. The lawyer entered a set-off of $238 for legal services. On this cog of the wheel the examination of McGindley's brothers-in-law, and other witnesses, as to character, took place this morning. Ziegenhein was an interested listener.

RENE BEAUVAIS TESTIFIED

that Henry A. McGindley was his brother-in-law. He married his sister Placide. He could say that McGindley was not a truthful man. He never heard any one speak one word in his favor. At one time he promised witness half an interest in some property, but he never got it. McGindley took his money. He once brought suit in the name of witness against Ziegenhein. When witness discovered it he at once had the case dismissed. McGindley presented a receipt, purporting to be the signature of witness, for $50. The words "balance coming to me from the estate" were inserted afterward by McGindley. The receipt bore date July 2, 1881, and was given to Ziegenhein, Guardin and curator. The witness believed that the actual balance due him was $300, and that McGindley kept it. Another time McGindley went over to East St. Louis to redeem some property at tax sale belonging to the grandmother of witness. His mother furnished McGindley the money to redeem it in her name, but he bought in the title in the name of his wife.

FRED J. BEAUVAIS TESTIFIED

testified that he was a brother-in-law of McGindley. His general reputation was not good, by any means. He, McGindley, handled the Beauvais estate, and witness did not know head or tail about it, nor did any of the family. McGindley made certain representations to the widow Beauvais about the Almond street property, said that it was in debt, and he borrowed $3,500 on a deed of trust. Of that sum $2,98 was paid to the Lafayette Bank and witness understood that it went to pay McGindley's debts. The Tennessee avenue property was sold by McGindley to Fisher. It belonged to the widow and daughter, and the proceeds, $500, were retained by McGindley; the family never got it. The witness would not believe him under oath.

H. O. SIGMUND,

a clerk in the Collector's office, testified that McGindley was an untruthful man. He employed him in a lien case. It went by default and the Sheriff came upon the witness for costs. McGindley excused himself by saying that he was sick. Afterward he learned that the $100 had been paid to McGindley. The witness told McGindley of it and, being disgusted, said to him: "You buy a couple of hats and we will call square." Adjourned.

GUARANTEEING HONESTY.

The Third National Bank will Insure the Employes Hereafter.

The Third National Bank, in view of the recent embezzlement of Oby E. Owen, which is still first in the public mind, has decided to bond all its employes in the Guarantee Company of North America, of which Bascom & Munson, of No. 317 Chestnut street, are the St. Louis agents. This singular assurance company guarantees from loss by theft or the negligence of employes, and in the East its bonds are rapidly taking the place of the uncertain personal securities with which banks and other coporations have hitherto protected themselves. The method by which this company transacts its business is original and thorough. As applicant for a bond is required to account for every year of his life from the time he left school, and his record is looked into thoroughly. After the bond is given a system of espionage of the most thorough character is kept up upon the bonded. His private life is watched ceaselessly, and almost as soon as he falls into bad company or bad habits the employer is notified, the shortage is made good and the employe discharged. The benefits given by the Guarantee Company are three-fold. To the employer it insures immunity from loss up to the face of the bond, it saves the trouble and delicacy of inquiring into the private habits of the employe as well as the supervision necessary to ascertain the continued solvency of the private sureties. It is a thorough safeguard against the employment of an unworthy person, on account of the thorough supervision of the employe by the company. This being a business with the company, the employe is under no obligations to his surety, frequently an important consideration. To the employe it is a valuable testimonial of character to receive and retain the indorsement of the Guarantee Company. To the public generally the Guarantee Company is a great boon. It precludes the necessity for them to become or to continue the always dangerous responsibility of a surety, the existence of a company wherein it can be effected for a trifling annual sum, rendering such an obligation entirely unnecessary.

Such a company is bound to be popular, and accordingly it is no surprise to learn that nearly all the great corporations of the East have their employes bonded by the Guarantee Company. In St. Louis the Wabash Railway is the largest customer of the corporation. Several banks have already begun to patronize it, and the Third National will only lead a way in which others will follow.

A Burglar Bagged.

This morning Officer McKenna arrested John T. Claiborne on Twelfth and Poplar streets. Claiborne is wanted in Indianapolis, Ind., on a charge of burglary and larceny. He has been positively identified by a man named Mayfield, whose house he burglarized. Some of the property stolen has been found in pawnshops. He will be taken back to Indianapolis to answer the charge.

SOCIETY.

A Grand Rush for Mountain, Lake and Shore.

The Summer Exodus in Full Bloom—Personal Paragraphs and General Notes.

Mr. J. Niel left this week for New York.

Miss Julia Bogy left this week for St. Paul.

Mrs. John Seymour has gone to Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. Balmer will spend the summer at Pine Lake.

Mrs. Plant is the guest of her brother in Sedalia, Mo.

Lieutenant Robinson is now stationed at the Barracks.

Gen. and Mrs. A. J. Smith are visiting Hannibal, Mo.

Miss Claudine Hunt is making a short visit to Louisiana.

Mrs. Wetzel has returned from her trip to Kentucky.

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Rutherford left this week for Boston.

Miss Mary Ridenbough is at present visiting St. Joseph.

Mrs. V. P. Sayler and family will summer at Waukesha.

Mrs. John Green left this week for the Eastern resorts.

Mr. C. A. Fowle and family left on Thursday for Boston.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Hume sailed this week for Europe.

Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Chapman sailed this week for Europe.

Mrs. T. P. Jones and family left on Sunday for the East.

Mr. G. A. Bert left with his family this week for the East.

Mrs. More Holmes leaves this week for Biddleford Pool.

Mrs. John F. Roberts is visiting her mother in Centralia.

Miss Ione Agiar has returned from a visit to Louisville, Ky.

Mrs. Cooles left with her children for New York this week.

Mr. Alex De Valcourt left last week for a trip to New Orleans.

Mrs. F. W. Paramore returned Monday from her Eastern trip.

Mrs. Joe P. Carr and family will leave for the lakes next week.

Mrs. T. J. Scott and family leave next week for Asbury Park.

Capt. Keiser left with his family last evening for Niagara Falls.

Mr. J. D. Thompson and family will summer at Rye Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Farrar left this week for the Eastern resorts.

Mrs. F. O. Sawyer has retured from a visit to her sister in Illinois.

Mrs. Eugenia Cuthbert has gone northwest to spend the vacation.

Miss Blanche Cole and Miss Nettie King are visiting Jefferson City.

Mr. Charles Brannon left with his family last night for the seashore.

Rev. Dr. Beatty will spend the summer with his family at the Lakes.

Miss Hattie Champlin leaves next week for New York and the East.

Miss Minnie Mizner left on Wednesday for her home in California.

Miss Alma Breckenridge is entertaining the Misses Batts, of Virginia.

Mr. and Mrs. Flaven with their children left this week for Rye Beach.

Mrs. Houston and children left Wednesday to summer at Waukesha.

Mrs. Wm. Collins is visiting her friend, Mrs. Donnelly, of Kansas City.

Miss Grace Waldo, of New Orleans, left on Tuesday for New Orleans.

Miss Lutie Davidson will visit Miss Bolinger, of Paducah, next month.

Gen. Harney, Mrs. St. Cyr and daughter are summering at Green Bay.

Mrs. Garth and her daughters have gone to Kentucky for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. A. Fritchie will spend the summer in the Northwest.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Havens and family have gone East for the summer.

Mr. Chas. E. Bowman has returned from his vacation trip to Kentucky.

Mrs. Dr. Moses will spend the summer, with her children, in Minnesota.

Mrs. John G. Prather, with her daughters, left this week for Colorado.

Mrs. Honora Bascome left with her children this week for the sea-shore.

Mrs. R. T. Coglin and family left on Thursday evening for Rye Beach.

Miss Fannie Field, of Columbia, Mo., is the guests of friends in the city.

Miss Francis O'Bannon is spending a portion of her vacation in Columbia.

Mr. Sam D. Jonnson, of Frankfort, Ky., is visiting relations in the city.

Miss Ada Ames was the guest this week of her aunt, Mrs. Floyd Jones.

Mr. Sterling Edmunds leaves this week for a short visit to Sweet Springs.

Mrs. Stokely V. Slayden and family leave next week for the sea shore.

Mr. William Richardson and son left this week for the Eastern resorts.

Miss Laura Doan is spending the week with friends on the Narrow Gauge.

Miss Hattie Hollingsworth is spending some weeks with friends at Palmyra.

Mrs. Ashley D. Scott leaves with her family on the 19th for Naragansett Pier.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Lucas and family left the city this week for Montreal.

Mr. Given Campbell and family left last evening for the Eastern resorts.

Mr. J. H. Overall and family are visiting Hon. J. L. Rollins, of Columbia.

Mrs. Kitty Goodrich is spending some weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Geo. Knapp.

Mrs. Marple and Mrs. Evans, with a party, left on Thursday for Rye Beach.

Miss Lizzie Webb will leave in a few days to visit friends in Middle Tennessee.

Mrs. Berry, of Pine street, entertained a few friends at Luncheon on Thursday.

Mrs. Isabel Stettinus and Mrs. Fannie Deaver left this week for the seashore.

Mr. and Mrs. Gerard B. Allen and Miss Eliza Barr, left this week for Rye Beach.

Miss Fannie Samuel is spending a few weeks with her friends at Lexington, Mo.

Mrs. E. O. Stanard and Miss Cora Stanard spend the summer in Colorado.

Mr. Hollifield and Mrs. Hollifield will next Tuesday for Asbury Park.

Mrs. Ferguson, of Columbia, Mo., is visiting brother in St. Louis county.

Mrs. Wm. Coulson, with their children this week for Geneva Lake.

J. W. Goodfellow and family left the on Thursday for Green Lake, Wis.

H. W. Chandler and family and Mrs. J. left this week for Waukesha.

R. L. Todd, after a pleasant visit to ds here, returned home last week.

Mrs. Howard Blossom, with her son and ughter, left this week for Waukesha.

Miss Bertie Berthoud will join a party of iends and go to Rye Beach August 1.

Mrs. Carry Goodrich and Mrs. Van Houton left the city this week for the seashore.

Dr. and Mrs. I. H. Forbes left on Thursday on the War Eagle for Lake Minnetonka.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Pond will go to Minnetonka before going East for the summer.

Misses Julie, Lulu and Clara Papin entertained a few friends on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Strauss left this week for Oconomowoc, where they will summer.

Judge and Mrs. John W. Henry will spend the summer at Ashland, on Lake Superior.

Messrs. Tan and Will Hume, Yale College students, are visiting Columbia at present.

Miss Gussie Evans joined a party of friends last week to spend the summer in Colorado.

Mrs. John Howard, with her daughters and maid, left this week for the seaside resorts.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse L. Boogher, with their family, left for the sea-shore on Wednesday.

Miss Jennie Schumate left the city this week, to be absent for a few weeks' visit to Chicago.

Mrs. J. M. Peters left the city this week for Saratoga, where she will spend the summer.

Mrs. Ella Durling is spending the summer with her father on a tour through California.

SPORTING.

Base Ball, Racing Events, the Archery Tournament and Other Sports.

The Browns are said to be once more in good condition. McGinnis is all right again, and the rest of the nine are in good shape. The game at Pittsburg was interrupted yesterday by rain. The Browns had been white-washed and the Alleghenies had scored one run and not finished their inning when the game was called. Chris. Von der Ahe is now in Pittsburg, and the object of his trip is said to be to hire a man or two to strengthen the nine.

The letter-carriers had a great game at Sportsmen's Park on Thursday. They had so many rows over the umpire and changed him so often that rain came before any runs were made. The fat and lean men of the Post-office play to-day for a supper.

The Standards and the Chicago Dreadnaughts meet at 3:30 p. m. to-morrow at the Grand Avenue Park.

Stella Council, No. 14, Legion of Honor, has not yet entered her nine in the base ball tournament of the Legion, but will undoubtedly do so during the coming week. Stella possesses some of the best material in the city for the purpose indicated, as may be seen at a glance by a visit to their grounds on their regular practice days. Capt. Greenhalgh is confident that in running bases (or for the Legislature) his second baseman has few equals and no superior.

The West End and the Central Base Ball Clubs, two of the strongest local amateur teams, play a match game at Red Stocking Park to-morrow afternoon for the amateur championship of the city.

The Weil Bros. and M. M. Buck B. B. C.'s cross bats at the Stocks, Park to-day.

RACING.

At Pittsburg, yesterday, in the 2:20 class, purse $2,000, Early Rose won in straight heats in 2:21¾, 2:23¾, 2:22; Driver second. The 2:25 pace, purse $1,000, was won by Bay Jim, who got the fourth, fifth and sixth heats; Princess second. Best time, 2:20¾.

At Indianapolis the 2:35 trot was taken by Lord Guffin in straight heats in 2:23¼, 2:23¾, 2:30. In the free-for-all Dick Wright won, taking third, fourth and fifth heats. In the pacing race, 2:28 class, Winder was the winner.

At Saratoga yesterday, Ada Glenn won the mile race in 1:50, Lutestring second. The mile-and-five-furlongs was won by Ella Warfield in 3:01. Saunterer took the three-fourths mile in 1:18¾, Square Dance second. In the mile-and-a-furlong, Boatman first, Mamie Fields second, Sam Ecker third; time, 2:03.

At Brighton Beach, the five-eighths mile for two-year-olds was won by Pilot in 1:04. Montauk won the one-and-one-eighth mile in 1:57. The two-miles was taken by Malise in 3:35½. Baton Rouge second. The mile-heats was taken by S. B. Sprague. Ingomar won the hurdle.

ARCHERY.

The Archery Tournament closed at Lincoln Park, Chicago, yesterday. Mrs. Gibbs won the shoot with seventy-two arrows at sixty yards. Miss Morrison captured the prize at thirty yards with ninety arrows. In the team shoot teams of four ninety-six arrows, at sixty yards, the first prize, the silver bugle was won by the College Hill team, of Cincinnati.

Oh, how refreshing, palatable and reviving is a draught of cool water with Hop Bitters in it, to a fever patient.

THE Pretzel is manufactured by the Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company are fast coming into general use. For sale by all grocers.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

It is the concurrent testimony of the public and the medical profession, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a medicine which achieves results speedily felt, thorough and benficial. Besides rectifying liver disorder, it invigorates the feebie, conquers kidney and bladder complaints, and hastens the convalescence of those recovering from enfeebling diseases. Moreover it is the grand specific for fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

WAKEFIELD'S BLACKBERRY BALSAM

For DIARRHEA, DYSENTERY, FLUX, AND ALL BOWEL COMPLAINTS.

The world has never produced its equal.

Prepared by C. WAKEFIELD & Co. Bloomington, Ill.

TRY IT!! For Sale By ALL Druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE HELMbacher Forge and Rolling Mills Company.—Take notice that a meeting of the stockholders of the Helmbacher Forge and Rolling Mills Company is hereby called by the undersigned directors of said corporation, to be held at the office of said company, on the northwest corner of Fifth and Market streets, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on Friday, the fifteenth (15th) day of September, 1882, from 9 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock m. of said day. The object of said meeting is to vote upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of the said Helmbacher Forge and Rolling Mills Company from two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) to three hundred thousand dollars ($300,000).

M. HELMBACHER.
C. STAUF.
JAMES GREEN.
ALOISE HELMBACHER.
THOS. FERRENBACH,
Directors.

St. Louis, Mo., July 15, 1882.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE MULLANPHY PLANING MILL CO.—Take notice that a meeting of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Co. will be held at the office of said company, on the corner of Tenth and Mulanphy streets, in the city of St. Louis, on the 20th day of July, 1882, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of voting upon a proposition to reorganize the Directory Board of the company, and for the election of directors.

F. LOHSE, President.
H. H. BUELTMANN, Secretary.

St. Louis, July 7, 1882.

MISSOURI FURNITURE COMPANY.—Notice of meeting of stockholders.—All stockholders of the Missouri Furniture Company are hereby notified that a meeting of the shareholders has been called by the Board of Directors, and will be held at 11 o'clock M. on the 29th day of August, A. D. 1882, at the office of the company, at No. 1427 North Twenty-second street, St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of submitting a proposition to and obtaining the consent of the majority of persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock to an increase of the stock of said corporation to 1,140 shares of $100 each. That is an increase of the capital stock amounting to 160 shares, $90,000, over and above the capital stock at the date of this notice, being an increase of 650 shares over and above an increase of 300 shares of which notice is now being given by publication to be proposed on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1882.

CHAS. A. DYER,
T. B. DYER,
WM. C. CAMPBELL,
Majority of Directors.

St. Louis, June 24, 1882. 31L

ELECTION NOTICE—The St. Louis Meat Shop Butchers' Association will hold its third annual election of officers and Board of Directors at Central Turn Hall this evening at 8 p. m. All members are hereby requested to attend and cast their vote.

By order of F. S. THOMPSON, President.

PRETZELS.

We have just added to our immense stock of machinery a newly patented machine for making Pretzels, of which there are only two others in the United States. These goods are far superior to the old-fashioned hand-made Pretzel and are a very healthy diet, their continued use being found of great benefit in the cure of dyspepsia. We are also manufacturing something new in the way of Jumbles called

BABY JUMBLES.

They are one-half the size of the regular Jumble, are made entirely by machinery, are crisp and delicious, and superior to any cakes ever sold in this market. Ask your Grocer for them.

Dozier-Weyl Cracker Co.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC

A combination of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and Phosphorus in a palatable form. The only preparation of iron that will not blacken the teeth, so characteristic of other iron preparations.

GENTLEMEN: I have used DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC in my practice, and in an experience of twenty-five years in medicine, have never found anything to give the results that DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC does. In many cases of Nervous Prostration, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, and an impoverished condition of the blood, this peerless remedy has, in my hands, made some wonderful cures. Cases that have baffled some of our most eminent physicians have yielded to this great and incomparable remedy. I prescribe it in preference to any iron preparation made. In fact, such a compound as DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a necessity in my practice. DR. ROBERT SAMUELS,
ST. LOUIS, MO., Nov. 28th, 1881. 3104 Wash. Avenue.

It gives color to the blood, natural healthful tone to the digestive organs and nervous system, making it applicable to General Debility, Loss of Appetite, Prostration of Vital Powers and Impotence.

IRON TONIC.

MANUFACTURED BY THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., 213 N. MAIN ST., ST. LOUIS.

SEASONABLE GOODS VERY CHEAP.

LUNCH AND TRAVELING BASKETS.

Fishing Outfits. Pocket Stoves.

WELL! NEVER!
DID YOU EVER?
WELL-HARDLY EVER!
MRS. POTTS' COLD HANDLE SAD IRON
I WANT MY PINAFORE IRONED BY MRS. POTTS' COLD HANDLE SAD IRON I DO!
ENTERPRISE MFG. Co. PHILA.
THE BULWARK OF THE NATION CALLS FOR IT.

REFRIGERATORS AND ICE CHESTS.

Baby Carriages.

JAMES HOGAN PRINTING CO.

Best Work! Lowest Prices! Prompt Delivery!

Bill Heads $3 per ream. Cards 75c, 90c and $1 per M. Envelopes from $1 per M upward. Letter Heads $2 per ream. Note Heads $1 25 per ream.

413 and 415 North Third Street.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.

NEW DESIGNS AND COLORS IN

Plain and Embossed Mohair Plushes,
Saddlery Plushes and Moquettes
Plain and Embossed Silk Plushes,
English and French Cretonnes,

Just Received Direct from the Manufacturers.

WASHINGTON AVE. AND FIFTH ST.

SUMMER FURNITURE,

Cottage Suits,

BAMBOO CHAIRS, GARDEN SETTEES.

FOLDING ROCKERS and CHAIRS

Largest Stock, Lowest Prices.

SCARRITT FUR. CO. 609, 611, 613 N. Fourth

RUPTURE.

Drs. LOGAN & LOGAN, of Carlinville, Ill., have opened a branch office in this city. We guarantee a perfect cure in all cases of REDUCIBLE HERNIA. For further particulars call upon or address, with stamp,

Drs. LOGAN & LOGAN,
Belvedere Flats, cor. Thirteenth and Washington ave., St. Louis.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee, will, on JULY 20TH, 1882, at the east front door of the Court-house of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 11 and 2 p. m. of said day, sell, to the highest and best bidder for cash, all the right, title and interest of [illegible] Real Estate [illegible] and George [illegible] Bohle, Young & Co [illegible] personal property [illegible] firm.

JOHN [illegible] Consignments Solicited, but no Option Business. Liberal Advances Made on Shipments.

NO. 9 MARKET ST., ST. LOUIS.

AMUSEMENTS.

PICKWICK Illuminated Garden IN DOOR AND Alfresco Theater. To-night. Positively Last Performance. HESS OPERA CO. In Bolte's BOHEMIAN GIRL. Grand opera at popular prices. Admission 50c; reserved seats 75c, obtainable at BALMER & WEBER'S, 311 N. Fifth st., by telephone 508, at the theater. Doors open 7:15. Band Concert to 8:15. Curtain rises 8:30.

LOUREINIA matinees Wednesday and Saturday only.

UHRIG'S CAVE. LAST NIGHT OF THE FORD'S OPERA CO., In the Standard Theater success CLAUDE DUVAL. Sunday, July 16—BILLEE TAYLOR. No postponement on any account. Down-town ticket office, 517 Olive street.

BASE BALL. Standards vs. Dreadnaughts, of Chicago, SUNDAY, JULY 16, At Sportsmen's Park, Grand Avenue. GAME AT 3:30 P. M. ADMISSION 25c VEHICLES 25c EXTRA.

LAWN PARTY! LAWN PARTY! The first grand select Lawn Party of Emerald Council No. 10, Knights of Father Mathew, of Missouri (late Emerald Club), will be given at Sportsmen's Park, Grand avenue, Thursday evening, July 20. Tickets, admitting Gent and Ladies, 50c. In case of rain, will be postponed to Tuesday evening, July 25.

SCHNAIDER'S GARDEN. TO-MORROW, JULY 16. GRAND CONCERT Given by the Celebrated St. Louis Grand Orchestra. Conductor Prof. L. Mayer.

CREVE CŒUR LAKE. Round trip fare 75 cents. Trains leave Union Depot week days at 8 a. m., 9:15 p. m., and 6:22 p. m. Sundays leave at 9:10 a. m., 1:30 and 6:22 p. m. Music always on hand. Round trip tickets, week days as well as Sundays, 75 cents.

SUMMER RESORTS.

ROSSMORE HOUSE. SPEONK, LONG ISLAND. Beautifully situated on the Shinnecock Bay. Being within a quarter of a mile of the ocean, superior facilities are afforded for still-water and surf bathing, boating, fishing, etc. Good stabling on the premises. Board from $8 to $12 per week, according to location of room. Special rates to families. Address H. M. GREENE, 23 West Washington Square, New York. Or E. W. GREENE, 21 South Fifth street, St. Louis, Mo. Take L. I. R. R., foot of East Thirty-fourth street, or at Peck Slip.

WEST END HOTEL, Cottages and Restaurant.

LONG BRANCH, Will open for the season of 1882 on SATURDAY, THE 17TH OF JUNE. PRESBURY & HILDRETH.

KIRKWOOD HOTEL. KIRKWOOD, MO. Is now open to the public. Surroundings cool and delightful. Sixteen trains daily. Dinner at 4 p. m.

LONG BEACH HOTEL, LONG BEACH, L. I. Forty-five minutes from New York, via L. I. R. R. A magnificent resort for Western people. Finest, safest beach in America. Schreiner's Famous Orchestra from Berlin, pronounced the best in this country. This hotel has been completely remodeled with 200 additional rooms, cottage suites, parlors, bowling alleys, with fifty electric lights. Special rates for families. R. H. SOUTHGATE & CO.

DIED.

DAVIS—On the 14th inst., at 2:20 o'clock a. m., SARAH P., beloved wife of Frank A. Davis, at residence, 1350 North Seventeenth street. Funeral at 3 o'clock on Sunday, 16th inst. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Pittsburg and Vancalia papers please copy.

GOKIN—On Friday, July 14, 1882, at 12:40 o'clock p. m., CLEMENT GOKIN, aged 31 years and 9 days. The funeral will take place Sunday, July 16, 1882, at 1:30 o clock p. m., from the family residence, No. 1632 North Nineteenth street, to St. Liborius Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Deceased was a member of the United Order of Foresters, Court Emerald, No. 162.

HAUS—On Friday, July 14, 1882, at 3:15 a. m., DANIEL HAUS, in the 75th year of his age. The funeral will take place Sunday, July 16, at 2 p. m., from his late residence, No. 1517 Decatur street. Friends of the family are invited to attend. Charleston, S. C., and New Orleans papers please copy.

HATTON—On the 14th inst., at 8 o'clock p. m., MARY HATTON. Notice of funeral in Sunday morning papers.

OBERMEYER—The funeral of Mrs. SIMON OBERMEYER will take place Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, from 1801 Kennett place.

PILSING—On Friday, July 14, at 11 o'clock a. m., JOSEPH O. PILSING, youngest son of Charles and Mary Pilsing, aged 1 year and 8 months. Funeral will take place Sunday, July 16, at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 821 Franklin avenue. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

SHANNON—At 9 a. m., Friday, July 14, our beloved mother, Mrs. ELLEN SHANNON, aged 54. Funeral at 1 p. m., Sunday, July 16, from residence, 713 North Eleventh street.

E. J. SHANNON,
JOS. J. SHANNON,
MRS. J. E. MCCARTY,
MRS. CAULFIELD,
Sons and daughters.

WITHALL—On the 14th instant, CHARLES B., infant son of Charles E. and EVA WITHALL.

JAPANESE ART. Vases, Bronzes, Screens, Tete-a-tete Sets, Lacquerware, Fans, Lanterns, Parasols, etc. As the agents of the Nippon Mercantile Co., importing direct, we offer these goods at lower figures than they can be purchased elsewhere. We also desire to call your attention to the finest stock of PAINTINGS, WATER COLORS, ETCHINGS and ENGRAVINGS, ETC., now in the city. ARTISTIC PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES a specialty. Our work the best. Prices reasonable. REDHEFFER & KOCH, PARLOR OF FINE ARTS, 914 Olive Street.

S. E. Grote. IMPORTING AGENT HARLAND'S ENGLISH VARNISHES 701 Washington Av. and 601 to 605 N. Seventh St.

BICYCLES, ALL SIZES, RUBBER TIRED, AMERICAN and IMPORTED. GARVEY'S Bicycle Agency, 407 Chestnut St. Call or send for Circular.

J. & M. BUCK & CO., Dealers in Every Article used in Grain and Operating Railroads. 8 Third St., St. Louis.

Branch Offices St. Louis Post-Dispatch

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the "Post-Dispatch" at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office. Each of the branch offices are provided with telephone connection with the main office. All wants handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

E. Geisler, Pharmacist, St. Ange and Park Aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison Ave.
Otto D'Amour, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
Jno. W. O'Brien, Druggist, 1737 Cass Avenue.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3342 Olive St.
H. F. A. Spliker, Druggist, 1500 Chouteau Ave.
J. B. Good, Druggist, 2248 Olive St.
Geo. Weinsberg, Apothecary, Marion and Menard streets.
Thos. S. Glenn, Druggist, 2238 Washington Ave.
Chas. Gulath, Druggist, 2618 Carondelet Ave.

Telephone Numbers—

Business Department	621.
Editorial Rooms	501.

PERSONAL.

ALL cast-off clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust st.

THE Tally-Ho Drag, with six horses, coachman, guard, ice chests and canopy can be chartered by parties in good standing only, for drives to the parks or for pleasure and picnic parties, for $30; seats 19. Engagements booked at office of Southern Hotel. 28

A WEALTHY young man, with considerable leisure time, wishes to make the acquaintance of a handsome and intelligent young lady; object fun; no professionals need apply. Address C. 34, this office.

ALL cast-off clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 306 Locust street.

BOSTON STEAM DENTAL CO.,
802 Washington Ave.
(Over Crawford's Drug Store.)

Best set of S. S. White's gum teeth	$7 00
A good set of teeth	4 00
Gold fillings from $1 50 to	2 00
Silver fillings	75
Composition fillings	50
Teeth extracted with gas	25

All work warranted. DR. CASE, Manager.

DEATH. DEATH.

FOR Roaches, Ants, or any kind of garden insect, use Gets Insect Powder; warranted never to fail. For sale only at 605 Market st. 38

FIVE-CENT sheet-music at Piper's, 703 Olive st. We have not only a complete assortment of Evans', which is the best, but hundreds of different pieces, besides further bound collections, etc. s1

FINE laundrying, collars and cuffs equal to Eastern work. 20c per dozen. 409 Pine st., 312 Locust st. 815 Washington av. Missouri Steam Laundry.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

ICE CREAM, all flavors, 10 and 15c per plate. 209 North Fourth street.

L. D.—Did not receive your letter until this morning. Please address No. 46, this office, and make another appointment. A. Z. C.

MRS. LAURA DE KNEVETT, spiritualist medium, natural clairvoyant and test guide to business. 1415 Morgan st. 38

PERSONAL—Trunks and satchels of every description on hand and made to order, wholesale and retail, 809 and 811 N. Third street; new factory corner Twenty-second and Morgan streets; repairing promptly done and goods sold at retail. Hickman Trunk Manufacturing Co.

PERSONAL—Revolution in sheet music. We are now selling the latest and most popular pieces of music, printed on good paper and full sheet music size, former price 30c to 75c, now selling for 5c sent by mail for 6c. Send for July catalogue to Edward T. Jett, music dealer, 804 Olive.

REVOLUTION in sheet-music—the latest and most popular pieces, being sold from 30c to 75c, now for 5c only. New catalogues out. Send for game to Piper's, 703 Olive st. s1

REVOLUTION in sheet music. The latest and most popular pieces of music now selling for 5c. Send for catalogue to Edward T. Jett, music dealer, 804 Olive street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BOOK-KEEPER with $2,000 to $3,000 to loan employer; good security and best business refs. req. A. 54, this office.

FOR SALE—The best cash grocery business in North Missouri, located in a city of 2,000 population, railroad division, surrounded by rich farming country; stock and fixtures about $4,500; annual sales, $20,000, all cash; satisfactory reasons for selling. Ad. Grocer, St. James Hotel, city, one week.

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

A SALOON doing good business. 1601 Clark av. s4

AN old established confectionery combined with ice cream, oyster and news stand; also toys and notions; reason, sickness. Apply Sunday at 2018 Broadway. J. Ernst. s4

CALL and see our gasoline stoves, cheapest and best. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

FOR SALE—Restaurant. 716 Locust st. t4

LAUNDRY in good location doing pretty good trade; will sell cheap for cash or give on time; good reason for selling. Address T. 44, this office.

MILLINERY store for sale; good location; will be sold reasonable. Call at 1418 Franklin av. s4

FOR SALE—A saloon doing a good business, centrally located. T. 25, this office. t4

FOR SALE—First-class beer saloon on Franklin avenue, two pool tables; best stand in city for the business. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. 7th.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

A SELF-LEARNING telegraphing apparatus, key-sounder and battery; working order; cheap. Ap. D. 14, this office. s5

BUTCHER counter scales; balance; 60 pounds; nearly new; cheap. Ad. B. 44, this office. s5

GASOLINE stoves and fixtures at cost. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

FOR SALE—Elegant bedroom set, carpet, shades, etc. Call for four days 1201 Washington av., from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. s5

FOR SALE—One planer, 24-in., one re-saw, 16-in. moider and other machinery. Call or address Albert Campbell, 1940 O'Fallon. Call before 12 o'clock. s5

FOR SALE—Good route on this paper. L. 15, this office. s5

FOR SALE, cheap, a No. 1 milk goat. Apply 216 Benton, upstairs. s5

FOR SALE—Elegant second-hand doors and blinds, joists, partition stuff and bricks, at a sacrifice, at Tenth and S. Charles. s5

FOR SALE—Grindstones, 40 cents per 100 lbs. 1907 N. 10th st. s5

FOR SALE—$10 will buy a Singer sewing machine, in good order, from party leaving city. Call at 1715½ Wash st., in rear. s5

FOR SALE—Dogs at the Missouri Breeding Kennel, Old County Farm, St. Louis; two fine, large Newfoundland dogs, over one year old; two Chesapeake duck retrievers, three months old, by Greek out of Mermaid; one all red Irish setter dog, five months old, by Erin II. out of Bell; one orange and white English setter dog, six months old, by Brackett out of Nannie; also some fine fox terrier pups. S. A. Kaye. s5

FOR SALE—1 14x28 in. steam engine, with 2 pulleys 36 in. x20 ft. long, 2 18-in. flues each, mud drum and steam drum, fire front and screening, all in good order, and can be seen at Wittenberg, Mo.
1 14x24 in. steam engine.
1 18x42 in. steam engine cylinder.
3 run of 4-ft. millstones, with irons complete.
2 run of 3½-ft. millstones, with irons complete.
1 run of 3-ft. millstones, with irons complete.
1 6-ft. bedstone.
1 No. 3 Vandegrift patent smutter.
1 72 in. pulley, 14 in. face.
1 32 in. boiler, 28 ft., 4 flues.
1 small upright engine, 8 in. cylinder.
Apply to I. Q. HALTEMAN & CO., Manufacturers of Steam Engines and Mill Machinery, 1611 S. Third st. s5

FOR SALE—Full set of Appleton's Cyclopedia, including annals, 23 vol., Turkey morocco; brand new; cost $161; price, if sold at once, $125. Ad. B. 29, this office. s5

HEDGES' Saratoga spring bed bottom mattresses, pillows and spring beds of all kinds for sale. Mattress-making, upholstering and chairs reseated to order at 817 Pine st. 42

HANDSOME set (heavy) gold-mounted single harness; also a double set. Ap. room 34, Singer Building. s5

PURE old-fashioned New York candies. Wardell's, 209 N. 4th st.

PIANOS of all grades, new and second-hand, for gains or for rent at H. Koerber's

SINGER No. 4 sewing machine, ... work, very cheap. Northe... Chamers st., third door, over dr...

PROPERTY OUT OF CIT...

PURCHASER for A No. 1 ... farm, 220 acres, near Buffalo, ... Mo. Call on or address E. Ho... Sedalia, Mo.

IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TWO new brick cottages, 5 rooms each, lot 30x132, at Tower Grove Station P. R. R., on Swan av., near the terminus of Market street cars. They are worth $2,100 each, but if sold within ten days I will take $1,800 each; time given for part of purchase money. Apply at room 15, Ins. Exchange, or at A. R. Newcombe's residence, Tower Grove. 9

FOR SALE—$300 cash, balance monthly, will buy choice 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6-room houses near cor. west; Aubert place; 8c car fare. Ap. to Barlow, 715 Pine street. s7

FOR SALE—$1,400, $900 cash, balance on time; new four-room house, lot 25x180 to alley; sewer and water; very desirable location; one block from cars and water tower. Apply at once to Horace Fox, owner, 4348 N. 18th st. s7

FOR SALE—$1,500—A neat five-room house, all city improvements made; stable and sheds; yard paved to the alley. Call West 1990 Montgomery st.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—The premises now occupied by Messrs. Paton & Kluegel as a carriage manufactory on Chouteau avenue, between Third and Fourth street. Lot 68 feet on Chouteau avenue by 125 feet in depth, surrounded by a fifteen foot alley. Apply to Hill & Hammel, Temple Building, Room No. 1, N. W. corner Fifth and Walnut. 69

HOUSE of 3 rooms, lot 30x143, for $630; $400 down, balance on time, if sold at once; it is a good bargain. Inquire at C. Fecke's, cor. Withers av. and Heilefontaine rd. s12

STRICTLY pure unadulterated candies. Wardell's, 209 N. 4th st.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

HORSE, wagon and harness for light delivery; must be cheap and good. P. 35, this office.

WANTED—A good sound horse for riding and driving. 3616 Chestnut st. s11

WANTED—A good single set of harness, also one good saddle. 3616 Chestnut st. s11

For Sale.

A THREE-SPRING top wagon in first-class order; price, $78. 1516 Walnut st. s12

A SPLENDID team of matched ponies for sale; very cheap. 620 Wash st. s12

FOR SALE—A very light, first-class top buggy and two sets single harness; but little used; a bargain. Gibbin's, 105 South Third street. 12

FOR SALE—Sound and gentle buggy mare, 16 hands high and 5 years old. Inquire of E. Sudendorf, 1520 Park av. s12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A large, heavy working horse, about 9-year-old, for a gentle, light buggy horse. Apply to Andrew Auer's Wine Garden, cor. Rappahannock and Grand av. s12

FOR SALE—One bay horse, sound and gentle; also, light three-spring covered wagon and harness. Call at 2932 Wash st. s12

FOR SALE—Horse; price $15. N. w. cor. W. 20th and Exchange.

FOR SALE—Two spring wagons at 926 Wash st. s12

FOR SALE—A horse; price $150. North west corner West 20th and Exchange sts. s12

HORSEMEN who have heavy hauling should use Richard-on's metal hame fasteners; they prevent your horses from having shoulder diseases and your collars from ripping and getting out of shape. Enterprising agents wanted everywhere. Alex. Heburn, 919 Olive st., St Louis. 32

PASFURK—Good blue-grass, running water and plenty of shade in Dawson's pasture of 80 acres, one mile west of Fair Grounds, on White avenue. s12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

119 SOUTH SEVENTH ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms for rent, for light house keeping; near business center; terms reasonable. s13

608 MARKET ST. (Near business center)—Elegantly fur. rooms, by day, week or month.

623 AND 625 LOCUST ST.—Read's Commercial Rooms, nicely fur., large, light sample rooms. 46

805 N. 16TH ST.—A large room with two beds; use of bath; with or without board. s13

810 CHESTNUT—Elegantly furnished rooms. Terms reasonable. m13

813 WALNUT ST.—To parties without children, 3 rooms for light housekeeping.

918 N. SIXTH ST.—Newly furnished room for two gents or small family. s13

1004 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms by the week or month; transients accommodated. m13

1023 N. NINETEENTH ST.—Hall room, furnished, large enough for two, $6 per month; also two unfurnished rooms, $8. s13

1113 LOCUST ST.—Front rooms; southern exposure; with or without board. s13

1205 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished back parlor, also one other room. m13

1322 SPRUCE ST.—Two furnished rooms, up stairs; suitable for gentlemen. s13.

1327 PINE ST.—One or two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. s13

1417 OLIVE ST.—Rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished. w13

1517 OLIVE ST.—Two handsomely furnished cool rooms; gas and bath; second floor; gents only. s13

1525 OLIVE ST.—First floor saloon parlor; a cold very handsome, cool room. Also two other front rooms, southern exposure, furnished; one large, the other small.

1700 CHESTNUT ST.—Large, airy front room; richly fur.; suitable for one or two gentlemen; use of bath, etc.; ref. req. s13

1823 N. TENTH ST.—Nicely furnished front room, with board, in private family; convenient to three lines cars; first-class table; no other boarders. s13

2023 WALNUT ST.—Four unfurnished rooms, with water and bath; first floor; very desirable. s13

2110 GRATIOT ST.—3 rooms, basement and cellar; new house. Ad. C. 307 S. 21st st.

2321 OLIVE ST.—Two furnished rooms first floor, three or four unfurnished rooms second floor; bath and gas; so. exp.; ref ex. f13

A LARGE front room, southern exposure, private family, near Garrison and Lucas avs. Ad. C. 28, this office. m13

COZY room in sin er Building and furniture for sale cheap, suitable for office and bachelor's quarters. Ad. at elevator. s13

FOR RENT—One large, cool, elegant furnished front room and hall-room; stationary washstands, warm and cold water, with bath; southern exposure; private family. 1909 Carr place (Wash street). s13

FOR RENT—A second-story front room; so. exp.; in private family. Ad. E. 29, this office. s13

FOR RENT—New hotel, 26 rooms; price $65 per m. Ad. Dr. McElfinsey, St. Charles, Mo. f13

FOR RENT—Large room, furnished or unfurnished; second-story front. 2936 Arsenal st.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished large second story room, with privilege of bath. 1022 N. Nineteenth st. s13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished 3d-story front room; rent, $10 per month. 2921 Olive st. Ref. req.

FOR RENT—2102 Chestnut st.; front parlor; fur. for two or three gents; bath and gas. s13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished hall room, $5 per month. 914 Morgan st. f13

FOUR very desirable unfurnished rooms on first floor of private dwelling in the West End, for light housekeeping. Ad. A. 31, this office. s13

FOR RENT—A house with 4 rooms and kitchen; all conveniences; rent low. Inquire at 2214 O'Fallon st. s13

FOR RENT—Nicely fur. second-story front room suitable for two gents at 1708 N. 10th. s13

FRONT room, nicely furnished. 2926 Gamble av. m13

FURNISHED rooms for rent at 1015 N. 8th st. w13

FOR RENT—Low to desirable tenant, second floor of nice 6-room house, best location in town; Grand avenue, near Easton; Franklin avenue cars; e., w. and s. exp. Large front, side, and rear yard. Rent $15. No children. C. 35, this office. m13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished, cool and comfortable third story back room; suitable for two gents; ref. ex. 1627 Carr st. 12

FURNISHED ROOMS—Single or en suite, with gas and bath; southern exposure; at 1207 Washington av. s13

DEATH. DEATH.

MOLASSES, Peppermint and Wintergreen Drops 20c per pound. 209 North Fourth street.

MOUND CITY HOTEL—Furnished or unfurnished rooms for families, with room board, at reasonable rates. Day board, $2 50 a week. s13

NO. 28 S. 19TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, southern and eastern exposure; single or en suite.

NEWLY and nicely furnished second-story front room, suitable for two gents or man and wife; bath, etc.; reasonable price. No. 613 N. 24th st. s13

ONE large and one small handsomely furnished front room, in view of Lafayette Park; cars pass the door; ref. req. Address H. 17, this office. s13

PART of house, two parlors and kitchen unfurnished, front entrance, for rent. Apply at 921 N. 14th st., bet. Franklin av. and Wash st. s13

ROOM to rent, furniture for sale and specialties. Active man with small means can realize handsome profit. Ad. 47 Singer Building. s62

...ished rooms, suitable for two gents or ... basis, and he dicta... 2025 Clark av. f13

Indiana has been prompt... back, for housekeep... protection which has made ... sink in kitchen. 3075

of a number of her ma... h, etc., to par... who have collected more fro... rooms are ve... farmers and laborers than the officers ... lished fo... the Govs...opolic. ... under our system of ... "prote... The Protectionists ... and 193...

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

16 COMPTON AV.—Two-story and mansard, 8 rooms and laundry, hall, gas, bath, etc. $35. BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

2701 N. TENTH ST.—Two-story brick of 8 rooms in good order; $25. BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

2802 LAFAYETTE AV.—Two-story brick, 10 rooms, hall, gas, bath, etc.; $40. BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

1347 GARRISON AV.—Two-story stone front and mansard roof; 8 rooms and laundry, gas, bath, etc.; $45. BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

1224 WASHINGTON AV.—Three-story stone front, 10 rooms and all modern improvements. BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

1513 WALNUT ST.—Three-story brick; 15 rooms, hall, gas, bath, etc.; large yard. BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

2105 NORTH TWELFTH ST.—Two-story brick of 8 rooms; large yard; $25. s14 BUDD & WADE, 612 Olive st.

A NICE new house for rent; six rooms and a kitchen; large yard and good stabling; good supply of water; will rent low to a permanent tenant; near cars; one fare to city. Inquire of Murnane, florist, on premises, Taylor avenue, bet. Easton and Page ave. s14

DWELLING of six nice rooms, 2d floor, southwest cor. Page and Prairie ave. Ad. H. Blakesley, 6 N. 3d st. s14

ELEGANT 8-room house, near Lafayette Park. Call at Wm. S. Pope's law-office, 414 Olive st., No. 8 second floor. tf

FOR RENT—One house of five rooms, suitable for small family; rent cheap. Ap. 854 Olive st. t15

THE new stone front residence, 2836 Franklin av.; ten rooms elegantly furnished. Inquire at Fred Raacke, southeast cor. 4th and Morgan sts.

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—STORES.

1033 N. Main, manufacturing or warehouse purposes
800 N. Main, large room.
1225 N. Fifth street, extending to alley.
102 N. Fourth street, retail business or offices.

C. H. TURNER & CO.,
706 Pine st.

BOARDING.

1106 LOCUST—Large and small rooms, nicely fur., with or without board; day boarders wanted. s18

1834 LUCAS PLACE—One or two rooms en suite, handsomely furnished, with or without board. s18

BOARD at Watkins' North Park Place Family Hotel, where you can have all the comforts and advantages of the city and country combined. Large shaded grounds, free from dust, smoke and noise. Large family rooms, southern and northern exposure. Twenty-five minutes to Washington avenue. Take the Bellefontaine cars on Washington avenue. Call and see.

FORD HOUSE—S. w. cor. of 8th and Pine sts; St. Louis, Mo. Terms: Meals, 25c; per day, $1; per week, $5. s18

WANTED—Summer boarders on Maine Seacoast. Portland suburbs, high, cool, shady grounds; fine scenery; sea and inland breezes; large, airy rooms; substantial home; private family; excellent accommodations; best water; no smoke or nuisance. Ad. Charles W. Wells, Woodford's, Maine. m18

BOARD WANTED.

A STEADY young fworkingman wants to board in some widow's family where there are no other boarders. Ad. at once T. 39, this office. t19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

HOME comforts and private board, by two Southern young men; reference given and required; no boarding-house or second-class concern need answer. Ad. for two days A. 32, this office. m30

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

BY a lady, an unfurnished room; one in house of strictly private family preferred, and situated south of Franklin avenue and west of Twelfth street. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, B. 62 this office. t21

DEATH. DEATH.

MOLASSES butter taffy. 209 N. 6th st., between Pine and Olive.

WANTED—Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for housekeeping; southern part of city preferred. Ad. T. 32, this office. t21

WANTED—To rent, a stable suitable for storage purposes, between Walnut and St. Charles and 5th and 12th sts. Call at 202½ N. 8th st., room 1. s21

WANTED—To rent a small house of about four rooms, south of Chouteau av., west of 9th st., by a respectable small family at reasonable rent. Address B. 21, this office. s21

WANTED—To buy, for cash, small house, four to six rooms, or two small houses, if cheap; must be bargain. Address, with particulars, C. 23, this office. s21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—To buy for cash a house and lot centrally located, within fifteen blocks of Courthouse, suitable for new and second-hand furniture business. Inquire at Sharpe furniture store, 703 Market st. s22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—An elderly business man, $100 to $150 to purchase one-half interest in a market stand, established four seasons as an oyster, fruit, nuts, canned goods, etc., business; applicant must be desirous to succeed; hence strictly business. Ad. T. 26, this office. s23

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

CHEAP FOR CASH—Parlor set furniture; must be nearly new; hair cloth preferred; give number of pieces, description, price, etc. C. 37, this office. m26

DEATH stares you in the face if you are using Gasoline or Vapor Stoves. For six years I used one, little heeding the danger that hung over my family, until on the evening of July 1, the tank that holds the fluid sprung a leak. My wife saw a blaze flash to the tank. She ran out of the kitchen, barely having time to save herself. In a moment the room was filled with flames so intense that all the tinware in the room was unsoldered. So fortune would have it my five children were out of the room at the time or nothing could have saved them. Mr. Charles Primm, a clerk in the Post-office, rushed in and by heroic effort saved the house, but not until he was so severely burned that he was confined to bed for two weeks. The tanks that hold the fluid may give way at any time and envelope you in flame and death. Do not delay a moment in seeing that your wife and little ones are removed from such danger.

Feeling that there were many such accidents liable to happen, I have devised a tank that is absolutely safe, and may be the means of saving many lives. Call and examine at 308 N. 6th st., opposite Barr's. s26 GEO. M. JACKSON.

FIRE-PLACE heaters, all kinds and prices, 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

GO to D. Strawbridge for pattern and models, wood or metal. 411 Morgan st.

IF Lewis Woods, formerly of Belleville, Illinois, will call on his aunt, he will hear of something greatly to his advantage. Emily A. Irving, No. 2816 Franklin av., St. Louis. s26

SHOT-GUN wanted; must be cheap and a good one; name style and price. B. 42, this office. s26

THE fixtures, counters, shelving, etc., wanted for a No. 1 grocery store; second-hand and cheap. Ad. box 226, East St. Louis. t26

WANTED—To exchange lessons on piano for instruction in bookkeeping; best of references as to ability given and required. Address H. H., care A. Biggs & Co., 711 Pine st. s26

WANTED—Some party to take a house with me; I need four rooms—two in family; rent not to exceed $30 for house. A. 38, this office. s26

WANTED—Latest imp. Domestic sewing machine. 416 S. 7th st. s26

WANTED—Will pay spot cash for dwelling house of 7 or 8 rooms, in respectable residence neighborhood. Sharpes' furniture store, 703 Market st. m26

WANTED—A second-hand set of platform scales weighing from 1,000 to 1,500 pounds. Address word at M. W. Watson's office, 517½ Chestnut st. m26

WANTED—Good second-hand guitar; Martin preferred; state price. G. 49, this office. s26

WANTED—A few lively young ladies and gentlemen, possessing some musical talent, to join an amateur comedy company. C. 19, this office.

WANTED—One share stock in Fair Ground Association. Inquire I. B. S., 814 N. 6th st. 26

MUSICAL.

IMMEDIATELY—Vocal teacher for two ladies. ... Broadway. s27

... Wheelock pianos, the best ... made, for sale on easy ... Olive street.

EDUCATIONAL.

AN experienced teacher wishes pupils for the guitar. Terms, $2 per month. Address S. E., 918 15th st. s29

EXPERT book-keeper will give private lessons evenings. Ad. B. 45, this office. s29

FRANKLIN COMMERCIAL AND Mathematical Institute, Granite Building, southwest corner Fourth and Market.
F. C. KOSSAK.

Henderson's Book-Keeping Academy.
702 1-2 Olive St.
Tuition $10, $20 and $30.
Book-keepers and business men taught by writing up their own business transactions. Call or address Ferdinand Henderson, 32 years established in this city, an expert book-keeper and teacher. Specialty in obtaining situations for those out of employments. s29

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

MARTIN'S Short-hand and Type-writing Institutes, 618 Olive st., third floor. Get circulars.

LOST AND FOUND.

$10 REWARD will be paid for the return or for information which will lead to the recovery of the black-and-tan pup which strayed, on the 23d of June, from 19 S. 4th st. s30

LOST—On Pine street, between Twelfth and Thirty-second streets, a red pocket-book contain ng a small sum of money and an annual pass over Chicago and Alton Railroad and other passes. A suitable reward by returning same to John B. Collins, 212 Olive st. s30

LOST—Pocket-book, Planters' Hotel, notes for amounting to $400, cash $10; finder can have the money. Frank Huss, 208 S. 5th st. s30

LOST—A red pocket-book containing P. D. bills and pencil. Please leave it at the office or at 2216 Morgan st. s30

TAKEN UP—Brindle cow; owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. A Krieger, 2227 N. Eleventh st. s30

FINANCIAL.

Money to Loan.

$50,000, $10,000, $3,000, $1,000 on real estate at 6 per cent. Inquire at JOHN LADY'S, 305½ Olive street.

MONEY TO LOAN on household goods without removal; business confidential; no brokerage or commission charged. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Voorhis, 603 Pine.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 N. Eighth street.

MONEY TO LOAN—On all personal property in sums from 25c to $5,000. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL SORTS.

A GOOD CHANCE—Pictures, frames, mirrors and furniture sold on time at R. McNichols, 1024 Market.

BIRDS, PARROTS, pet animals, gold fish, bird-cages, bird-seed, mocking-bird food, etc. A. Bohne, 625 Olive st.

BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, EGGS. WM. N. TIVY, 402 N. Second st. HONEY.

Bonsack & Vogel,
Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons. City Trucks. Painting and repairing.
MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

CORNS!

Extracted without pain. 25c each. All troubles of the feet treated in a skilled manner by DR. N. RENISON & SON, No. 923½ Olive street.

CROWN VAPOR STOVE is the best in the world, and is made at 1015 Washington avenue.

CARAMELS, all flavors, 30c per pound. 209 North Fourth street.

DEATH. DEATH.

FIRST-CLASS photographing at second-class prices; taken regardless of weather at B. F. Adams & Co.'s gallery, 715 North Fourth street.

GASOLINE, coal oil and cook stoves at cost. 115 and 117 Washington avenue.

ICE BREWERS, ice retailers, butchers, packers, grocers, and panting humanity generally, can buy 100 lbs to a car-load of Litchfield Reservoir Ice (purest in the market) at our new branch office and wagon scales, railroad track, Eighteenth and Clark avenue.
JAMES A. SMITH & SON.

ICE SHIPPED by barge-loads or car-loads to all accessible points.
HUSE & LOOMIS ICE AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.
409 Washington avenue,
St. Louis, Mo.

NO. 7 COAL COOK STOVES, $7. 115 and 117 Washington av. 42

SIMPLEX WASHER.

With it one woman can do more and better than ten by hand. No rubbing or tearing. No chemicals. Wash day, the dread of the household, turned into a day of recreation and pleasure. No bending; no tired backs. Clothes last twice as long. Sent anywhere for $3, and money refunded if not satisfactory. Drop postal and will send party to do washing and explain. Call and see us washing. Agents wanted everywhere; $100 monthly. For sale by Simmons Hardware Co., Lindell Grocery, Fixe & Nasse, and other first-class dealers. George M. Jackson, Manager, 308 N. Sixth st., opposite Barr's.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st.
Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

REMOVALS.

DR. BRYSON'S office removed temporarily to his residence, 3335 Pine st., cor. Channing av. (4th st.) 155

MRS. L. MAYFIELD, dressmaker, has removed to 2616 N. 10th st., where she will be pleased to see her old customers, and young ladies to learn dressmaking on their own dresses, how to cut and fit. w25

FREE OF CHARGE

All advertisements under the head of "Wanted," for either situations or help—male or female—will be inserted without charge. All other "Wants," not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, ten cents each insertion. The Post Dispatch has a much larger city circulation than any other paper in St. Louis, and is specially adapted for small advertisements under this head. To secure proper classification ad vertisements must be handed in before one o'clock.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

A COMPETENT bookkeeper and accountant, well recommended, wants in his leisure hours suitable employment; terms moderate. Ad. A. 30, this office. t26

SITUATION as book-keeper or entry clerk, by a thoroughly competent man; twenty years' experience; best references. Address Book-keeper, 107 South 15th street. t26

The Trades.

A STEREOTYPER wants a situation; job or newspaper; can run molding machine if required. Ad. T. 3, this office. s28

A GOOD machinist wishes a situation, either by lathe or plane; good reference. Address M. S., 701 S. 2d st., city. w28

A COMPETENT mining engineer, by trade a machinist, wishes a situation; good reference can be given. Address A. W., 701 S. 2d st., city. w28

A PRACTICAL printer, who is married, wishes a situation in some country office. Address Postoffice box 94, East St. Louis. m28

BAKER wants a situation. Address 1016 N. 11th st. w28

CARRIAGE TRIMMER, first class, wants a job. Address A. B. Goode, City Hotel, 4th and Elm sts. m28

EXPERIENCED cabinetmaker and joiner, lost his tools by fire, wants a job, the boss to furnish tools. Address Alec., 1726 North Second st. t28

SITUATION wanted as blacksmith; eight years' exp.; can come well recommended. Ad. J. B. H., 2516 N. 11th st. t28

WANTED—By car-truck repairer a steady job. K. 94, this office. m28

WANTED—Situation by a practical shoe-nitter and button-hole maker; competent to take charge of fitting department. Ad. E. 35, this office. s28

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

AN experienced drug clerk desires a position; reference given. Ad. T. 28, t. o. m27

A 6c erk in retail grocery or dry goods house; six years' experience in a general store; good city reference. Address H. W. Gross, 1302 Benton st.

BY a young man competent to take charge of set of books, good mercantile house or railroad office; employment more an object than pay; can give reference. Ad. G. 50, this office. w26

BY thoroughly com. and exp. person, sit. as asst. bookkeeper or invoice clerk; No. 1 ref.; salary secondary. Ad. E. 36, this office. s26

BY a married man, position as clerk, bookkeeper, or porter; references. Ad. T. 40, this office.

SITUATION as city salesman; refs.; wholesale and jobbers. Ad. L. 5, this office. m27

SITUATION wanted by a young man as boot and shoe salesman, retail; best refs. Ad. J. D. M., 2022 Carr st. w27

WANTED—Sit. in a first-class prescription store by a man of 12 years' experience; qualifications and address of the best. Thoroughly competent to take charge. Permanent position more desired than big wages. Ad. Z. 51, this office. m27

WANTED—Situation as shipping clerk; 13 years' experience. Ad. E. 33, this office. t27

WANTED—Situation as boot and shoe or grocery salesman; refs. Ad. G. 47, this office. t26

DEATH. DEATH.

WHITMAN'S fine Philadelphia candies 60 cts. at Wardell's.

WANTED—By a young man with six years' experience in a railroad office, a sit. here or elsewhere; good penman; best ref. Ad. E. 41. w27

Coachmen.

A COLORED man wants a sit. as coachman; can give good reference. Ad. W. A. C., 1220 N. 16th st. t29

BY a young man to take care of horses; is a good driver, and willing to make himself useful. Good refs. Address E. 35, this office. t29

COACHMAN and gardener wants place in private family; the best of city references given. Ad. T. S., 913 Locust st. w29

COACHMAN and gardener wants a situation; best city reference. Ad. T. S., 913 Locust street. m29

SITUATION wanted by a young German as coachman; also to take care of cows; good city reference given. Ad. C. 20, this office. s29

SITUATION as coachman in private family; understands the care of horses and cows and driving. Address A. B. Goode, City Hotel, 4th and Elm sts. m28

EXPERIENCED mining engineer, by trade a machinist, wishes a situation; good reference can be given. Address A. W., 701 S. 2d st., city. w28

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SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation as private watchman; has exceptionable references given. Ad. G. 31, this office. w27

WILL give $30 to party securing permanent situation for middle-aged man; collector, bookkeeper or other capacity; speaks English and German; best city references. Ad. B. 41, this office. w27

WANTED—Situation as teacher of English branches. Apply at 925 North Fifth street.

WANTED—A situation by a young man of 22, as driver of a delivery wagon; is well known in the city and is a fair penman. Address T. 6, this office. m28

WANTED—Respectable employment by a young Englishman willing to work; good ref. Ad. D. D., Y. M. C. A., 11th and Locust sts. 146

WANTED—By a reliable man who has best of city references, circulars to distribute at $5 per 1,000. Address C. 1.1 this office. s29

WANTED—Situation by a jack of all trades, handy with all kinds of tools. Ad F. Shapley, 1343 Lucas ave. s29

WANTED—Situation by a young man; willing to work; prefer indoor employment. C. 2, this office. s29

WANTED—A situation by a young man to collect or learn a good trade; can give ref. and bond. Ad. G. A. C., 1111 Stoddard av. w29

WANTED—Chairs to recane at 912 St. Louis av. s29

WANTED—Situation of any kind where honesty, sobriety and industry are appreciated, by a young Englishman of 30; can come highly recommended. Ad. A. 20, this office. s29

YOUNG man having considerable time on his hands wishes to employ same on the road or in office; reference, etc. L. 34, this office. w29

YOUNG man wants a situation in a wholesale house to do general work; is willing to work and learn. Ad. Z. 60, this office. m29

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Housekeepers.

BY an experience housekeeper situation in city or country. Ad. V. 4, this office. w47

BY experienced woman as housekeeper of hotel, or else take charge of dining-room and kitchen; no objection to leaving the city. Ad. Mrs. Helmar, No. 1103 South Seventh st. w47

SITUATION by respectable American widow lady as housekeeper for a widower or widower's family; is experienced at the business in the city or country. Call for four days at No. 1836 Geyer av.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper in a small family with a boy 6 years old. Please call for two days at 919 N. 14th st.; can give the best of references; no objection to the country. m47

WANTED—A situation to keep house; will work if desired. Apply to Mrs. Marion, room 18, 919 Olive st. w47

YOUNG lady of exp. wants sit. as housekeeper; no objection to country. T. 48, this office. w

DEATH. DEATH.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

A YOUNG lady desires a situation in a store or writing to do in an office; best of refs. given. Ad. Z. 50, this office. m46

BY a young lady, a situation in a confectionery or bakery. Ad. Z. 39, this office. m44

WANTED—Employment for a girl of 16 in a store; has six months' experience at dressmaking and sewing machine; or as any occupation by the day. Address 2916 Lindell av., city. m44

General Housework.

A GIRL 15 years old would like a situation to assist in housework. No. 1615 Wright st. w49

BY a steady woman of experience, to do laundry and housework in private family. Room 18, 919 Olive st. 148

GIRL wants a situation to do housework or general housework for small family. Call on or ad. 2306 Chestnut st. s48

MIDDLE AGED LADY would like to find a home in a middle class family to assist in light housework; sewing, care and instruction of children. G. 11, this office. s48

TWO young girls want a sit. to to housework or general housework.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION wanted by lady to do copying in an office, or anykind of writing. Address D. 47, this office. m52

TWO first-class cooks want sit. in a private family; one nurse,one house girl. Call at 1282 North 17th street. m52

WANTED—A position as housemaid by a German girl. Inquire for same of Mr. Broehl, 1238 S. 5th st. m52

WANTED—Situation as compositor, by young lady; experienced. Address C. 9, this office. m52

WANTED—Situation by a widow woman, to take care of furnished rooms; also plain washing. Ad. 2722 Division st. m52

WANTED—Situation by a lady to go traveling with a family for the summer; will give satisfaction to the party. Call for four days at No. 1805 Geyer av. 152

WANTED—Situation by a young lady to make use of a good common education. Please address T. 37, this office. m52

WANTED—Situation to do housework and dining-room work. Address C. 24, this office. m52

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

A PERSON to assist in copying. Address in own handwriting, 2907 Dickson st. w54

Cooks.

WANTED—A good cook; one that understands his business and would take a working interest, to run a first-class dining-room on economical principles; no money required; everything furnished; first-class opportunity for good man with references. Address P. 4, this office. m56

Waiters.

TWO waiters (men) immediately. 810 Christy av. w57

The Trades.

7 LBS. choice candies, packed in tin box, sent by express, $2; try one. Wardell's, 209 N. 4th st.

BRICKLAYERS wanted on 18th and St. Louis av. at St. Louis Avenue School. L. McLaughlin

EXPERIENCED sewing machine operator, accustomed to carriage trimming shop. Apply to MillburnManfg. Co , 7th and Cass av. m58

JOB PRINTER—For country office; must be good workman; references required; wages $2 per day; work steady. Ad A. P. C., Alton, Ill. m58

MAN capable of firing brick kiln, night work; none but those who can come recommended need apply. 2727 Papin st. w58

WANTED—A good carriage smith. Apply at once. Jess & Wawer, springfield, Mo. 158

WANTED—A good tinner; steady job and good wages to the right man. Address McGinnis & Ingels, Nevada, Mo. 158

WANTED—Four box stove molders and one stove molder. Apply to Rogers Foundry Company, Belleville, Ill. m58

Boys.

A BOY at saloon, Second and Mound sts. s61

COLORED boy to take care of a horse and do chores; wages $10 per month. Ap. at room 11, 6th and Locust. w61

TWO good bell boys at Hurst's Hotel, 4th and Locust sts. m61

WANTED—A good German boy, 16 or 17 years of age, to make himself generally useful around a hotel. Ap. at the Mortell House, East St. Louis, near Relay Depot. t61

WANTED—A stout boy to work in a coal yard at 220 N. 18th st. s61

WANTED—A bright, tidy colored lad to carry samples. Room 1 124 S. Fifth st. s61

WANTED—A boy. 1028 Broadway. t61

Miscellaneous.

100 MEN to stop at the Galt House, 1029 Broadway; single beds 15c; single rooms 25c per night. Open day and night. s62

DEATH. DEATH.

MEN and teams wanted on Frisco Extension; $1.75 and $2 per day for men, and $4 for teams. Apply to J. Dignon, 1206 Broadway; for transportation. Mandeville, Dowling & Co. 62

STRONG man or boy wanted to work in the country. 2943 Olive st. m43

TEAMS wanted to haul brick. Hydraulic Press Brick Co., Forest and Chouteau ave.

WANTED—An advertising agent; must have good reference and be all business; a good thing for the right party. Call on P., 944 Chouteau av., from 9 to 1 a. m. to-morrow. m62

WANTED—Two first-class solicitors; good commission; call at once. 1841 S. 5th st. w62

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant. 625 Morgan st.

YOUNG man wants a situation to drive delivery wagon; drove one before; can give best of refs. B. C., 2010 St. Charles st. m62

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—An experienced saleslady for the hosiery department. A German preferred. Must have city reference. Apply at the New York Store, 703 Franklin av. m62

General Housework.

2026 MORGAN ST.—Wanted, a girl to do washing and general housework for a small family. 166

A GIRL for general housework at 3664 Page av. Ref. required. w66

GOOD girl for general housework at 2936 Thomas st. 166

GIRL for general housework. 3014 Laclede av. s66

GOOD GIRL to do housework in a small family; references required. Call at 1424 Washington av. s66

GOOD girl for general housework at 931 N. 5th st. m66

GOOD girl wanted for general housework. 320 S. 22d st., with refs. m66

GIRL wanted for general housework in a small family. Ap. Sunday. Refs. req. 3419 Franklin av. w66

GIRL for general housework in a small family; good wages paid. 2716 Russell av. m66

GIRL to do general housework for small family. Apply 2918 Washington av. w66

GOOD girl for housework. Apply with refs., No. 802 S. 8th st. m66

GIRL to do general housework for small family without children. 1216 Chambers st. w66

LARGEST and best assortment of homa-made candies. Wardell's.

TO hire a good woman for general housework at 2932 Market st. s66

WANTED—A girl to do general housework at 1119 S. 13th st. s66

WANTED—A girl for general housework for family of two; must be able to cook, wash and iron and have references. 1002 Mississippi av. s66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 1512 Lafayette av. m66

WANTED—A good German girl to cook and do general housework. 1710 Chouteau av. m66

WANTED—A young girl to do light housework for small wages. 626 Beaumont st. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework in a small family; no children. Inquire at No. 203 Compton av. 166

WANTED—A girl to do general housework in a small family. Apply at 1730 South Park Place.

WANTED—A neat German girl for general housework; no washing or ironing. Call at 1113 Valle av. w66

WANTED—By a good German girl to do housework and to assist with sewing. Inquire at 2009 Cass av. E. H. Hensing. w66

WANTED—Woman for general housework. Apply at 2219 Pine streets. w66

WANTED—An industrious woman of ability is willing to work for a home. Ad. in sealed envelope for two days, A. E. T., room 18, 919 Olive st.

Laundresses.

WANTED—A reliable white woman to do laundry and chamber work for genteel room downtown. ref. Ad. T. 27, this office. m67

Cooks, Etc.

COMPETENT cook at 2201 Lucas place. Apply Thursday morning. s68

WANTED—Experienced cook, has to attend to washing and ironing for a small family, best wages. 1814 Kennett place. s68

Nurses.

A GERMAN nurse girl at 1127 N. 3d st. 170

A YOUNG girl to nurse a little baby for board; comfortable home. No. 1602 State st. 170

GOOD German nurse girl. Apply at 615 Olive st., up stairs, to-morrow morning. s66

HEALTHY wet-nurse wanted, whose milk is from 2 to 8 months old. Ad. immediately with refs. 1535 Pine st. w70

WANTED—Nurse girl, 2134 S. Spring st. m70

YOUNG nurse-girl wanted. Apply at 1025 N. 16th st. 170

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Ten good sewing girls with machines; good wages; steady work. Apply at once at 817 Morgan st. m69

WANTED—A first-class seamstress on dressmaking. Call at 2011 Eugenia st. m69

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A smart little girl at 1822 Olive st. to do chores and sleep at home. w71

WANTED—Apprentice girls to learn dressmaking trade at 2634 Clark av. s71

WANTED—Capable girl to do the work of a small family. Apply immediately at No. 3102 Washington av. s71

WANTED—A girl for the country to assist generally, for a h me and small wages; would adopt a girl of 15. Ad. G. 26, this office. w71

WANTED—Respectable girl of 14. Call at 1110 Pine st. m71

WANTED—A lady barber or young lady to learn barber trade. Ad. B. W. Knight, Jamison, Mo. s71

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Reliable agents. Every horse should have a Richardson hame fastener. It is simple, durable, and keeps horses from having sore shoulders; it sells at sight. Send 50 cents for sample and circulars. Gentlemen in the country can do well with them. Alex Heburn, 919 Olive street, St. Louis. 73

WANTED—Active man to solicit orders in the city for custom shirts. Address for two days C. 10, this office. s73

STORAGE.

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. J. B. Brolaski, 603 Pine st.

STORAGE for furniture cheapest in the city. Loans made. R e & Condy, 329 N. seventh st.

STORAGE for urniture, clean, dry and at low rates. Money advanced on same. Novelty Chair and Storage Warshouse, 713 and 715 North Eighth street.

Wm. C. Little. H. E. Weber. Mitchell Scott.

Drafts Drawn on All Parts o Europe at Lowest Rates by

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,

Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND NOTES. Special attention given to defaulted bonds of Missouri Stocks and Bonds carried on Margin in New York. Terms liberal. Public sales made on 'Change.

MONEY.

Wall Street News.

NEW YORK, July 15, 11 A. M.—Stocks opened strong, ¼@1 higher, the latter Toledo, Delphos and Burlington. In the early trade the market was strong and active and prices advanced ¼@1¼. Lake Erie and Western, Louisville and Nashville, Denver and Rio Grande and Hannibal and St. Joe preferred being the most prominent in the upward movement. At 11 o'clock Louisville and Nashville reacted ¼.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Whert unsettled; ¼@ ¾ lower; fair speculative trading.

BANK STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Loans, increase, $1,873,700; specie, increase, $1,645,700; legal tenders, increase, $1,429,600; deposits, increase, $3,274,700; circulation, decrease, $200,500; reserve, increase, $2,236,625. The banks now hold $10,595,950 in excess of legal requirements.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Money 3; prime mercantile paper 4@5; bar silver 113¾. Exchange steady at 85¾ for long and 88¼ for sight. Government unchanged. States dull. Railroads generally strong. Stocks after 10 o'clock were active and prices sold up ½@2; Milwaukee, Lake Shore and Western, C., C., C. & I. and Hannibal and St. Jo preferred being prominent in advance, and the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba advanced 3. This was followed by reaction of ½@1, latter St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba, but at noon there was another advance of ¼@¾, latter Louisville and Nashville, while St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba sold up 1¾. Sixes extended 101; 5s 101½; 4½s 114; 4s 118¾; Pacific 6s '95 130.

New York Money Market.

Corrected by Wm. C. Little & Co., 213 N. Third street.

Stocks.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	56¾	58¾	56¾	58¾
Central New Jersey	97⅝	96¾	95¾	96¼
Central Pacific	95¾	96¾	95¾	96¼
Chesapeake and Ohio	24¾	24¾	24¼	24¼
Chicago and Alton				
Chicago, St. P., M. & O	46¾	47	46¾	46¾
Do pref	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾
Omaha				
Do pref				
Chicago, R. I. & P	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾
Chicago, B. & Q	119¾	119¾	119¼	119¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. Paul				
Do pref				
Chicago, St. L. & N. O				
Chicago and Northwest	134	134¼	133¾	134
Do. pref				
Clev., Col., Cin. and I				
Col., Chicago and I. C				
Del., Lack. and Western	127¾	128¾	127¾	128¼
Delaware and Hudson	112¾	113¾	112¾	113¾
Denver and Rio Grande	80¾	82¾	80¾	82¾
Hannibal and St. Joe				
Do pref	86	89	86	89
Houston and Texas				
Indiana, B and W	43¾	44¾	43¾	44¾
Lake Shore	112¾	113	112¾	112¾
Lake Erie and Western	35¾	37¾	35¾	35¾
Louisville and Nashville	71	74	71	73¾
Marietta and Cincinnati				
Memphis and Charleston				
Michigan Central	94¾	95¾	94¾	95¼
Missouri Pacific	99¾	100	99¾	100
Mo., Kansas and Texas	38	38¾	37¾	38¾
Mobile and Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated				
Metropolitan Elevated				
New York Central	134¾	135	134¾	134¾
Erie	39¾	40¾	39¾	40¼
NorthernPacific	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
Do pref	86¾	87¾	86	87¼
Nashville, Chat. and St. L				
Norfolk and Western				
Do pref				
Ohio and Mississippi	37¾	37¾	37	37
Ohio Central				
Ohio Southern				
Ontario and Western	27¾	28¾	27¾	28¼
Pacific Mail	46¾	47	46¾	47
Philadelphia and Reading	59	60¾	59	60¾
Peoria, D. and E				
St. L. and San Francisco				
Do pref				
Do 1st pref				
Texas Pacific	48¾	48¾	48¼	48¾
Union Pacific	116¾	116¾	116¾	116¾
Wabash, St. L. and P	34¼	35¼	34¼	35¼
Do pref	58¾	61¼	58¾	61¼
Western Union Tel. Co	88¾	88¾	88¼	88¾
Terre Haute				

EWING HILL, W. H COOK,
Member New York Cotton Exchange. Member Chic go Board of Trade.

EWING HILL & CO.,
Brokers in
Grain, Provision and Cotton,
122 North Third Street.
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed in all leading markets. Telephone No. 845.

WALL & BIGELOW,
Commission Merchants, St. Louis and Milwaukee.
Special attention given to all consignments of grain, either St. Louis or Milwaukee.
Offices: St. Louis, 307 Chamber of Commerce; Milwaukee, 27 Chamber of Commerce.
Options bought and sold in St. Louis, Chicago and Milwaukee.

R. R. MAGNUS,
Broker in
COTTON
Grain and Provisions,
219 CHESTNUT ST., ST. LOUIS.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Callender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; Brancker, Boxwell & Co., Liverpool.

COMMERCE.

Grain Inspection.

IN—Wheat—1 car No. 3 white, 239 cars 9,893 sks No. 2 red, 9 cars 1,505 sks No. 3 red, 1 car 480 sks No. 4, 1 car rejected, 37 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 9 cars No. 3 do. Total, 297 cars 11,876 sks.

Corn—1 car St. Charles, 34 cars No. 2 white-mixed, 18 cars rejected do, 10 cars No. 2 mixed, 1 car rejected, 4 cars no-grade. Total, 68 cars.

Oats—1 car No. 2.

Rye—11 car rejected.

Total in, 367 cars 11,876 sks.

OUT—Wheat—80 cars 50,000 bu No. 2 red, 29 cars No. 3 red, 1 car No. 4, 2 cars rejected, 6 cars No. 2 Mediterranean. Total, 109 cars 50,000 bu.

Corn—4 cars No. 2 mixed, 1 car no-grade. Total, 5 cars.

Rye—10 cars No. 2.

Total out, 124 cars 50,000 bu.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis,

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING YESTERDAY.

	City	E. S.	River	Total.
Wheat	7,075	71,059	50,000	128,134
Corn	18,363	5,039	496	18,898
Oats	7,207	.....	.....	7,207
Rye	1,081	.....	.....	1,081
Barley	.....	.....	.....	.....

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevator at the Opening of Business.

	Wheat	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
To-day	337,062	126,681	8,382	5,144	609
Yesterday	339,606	127,855	13,467	5,795	609
July 16, 1881	306,046	487,771	20,320	2,218	.....

Leaf Tobacco.

No public sale to-day.

We quote: Old style—Common dark lugs $4 75@5 50; common leaf $6@7 00; medium to good $7 50@8 50; choice none offering. Burley—Common lugs $4 75@5 50; extra $5 75@6; common leaf $6 00@8 00; medium do $8 50@11; good $12@14; choice do $15@20. Wrapping leaf—Common $10@12; medium half bright $15@ $18; medium bright and mahogany $20@25; good do $25@35; fine bright $40@60. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds about 25@50c per 100 lbs less.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts are mainly of fancy, which sellers are anxious to dispose of, hence they were weak and lower, affecting the two next grades, too. Lower qualities well sustained in price, as they were scarce and ready sale.

Wheat lower. Cash grades broke down heavily in price on an urgent pressure to sell, the shipping demand continuing active for No. 2 red and fair for others on East side and in C., but other houses dead flat. At close cash not worth within 1@2c of lowest prices paid. Futures were unsettled and irregular at declines early, but when cash dropped futures fell, too, closing weak at declines of ¾c for July and August, ⅞ for September and 3½c for year from yesterday's close.

Corn lower. Cash grades fell from their strong position and were rather slow sale, as order demand was small and other buyers kept aloof. Futures dull and weak at decline, most trading being in the year, which closed 1¾ lower, while latest figures on others were 1¾c lower for July and October, 1c for August, ¾c for September and 1½c for November.

Oats also weakened off. Offerings of grades extremely small, but the demand insignificant and sellers not inclined to give way. Futures weak, except July, which was instiff demand, closing steady, while August had sellers at 1c decline, September at ½c lower and year at 1¾c lower.

Rye entirely nominal, as sellers would not came down to buyers' bids.

Hay—Prairie was lower and dull, but timothy strong and in demand.

Milfeed firm and selling readily.

Provisions were in the dumps, both in feeling and movement. The demand was very light and buyers held out for sharp declines, which sellers were obliged to accept to make any sales.

Highwines steady, with sales of 93 bris at $1 15. Cincinnati $1 14; Chicago $1 16; Peoria $1 13.

Lead strong, especially on the part of sellers, who held very stiffly. Refined was held at $4 80 and hard was fully worth $4 75. Spelter dull and nominal at 5½@5¾.

Flour—Receipts 5,164 bris. We quote extra fancy $6 10@6 25; fancy $5 90@6; choice $5 75@5 80; family $4 90@5; xxx $4 25@4 35; xx $3 35@3 80; x $3 20@3 75; superfine $3 00@3 10; fine $2 60@2 80; favorite brands 15@25c higher; patents $7@ $7 75. Wheat—Receipts 22,612 sks, 127,800 bu; No. 2 red cash $1 12@1 10 E. s., $1 11@1 09¾ t. s.; July $1 10@1 06⅞; August $1 06¾@1 05¾, closing $1 03¾; September $1 06¾@1 03¾; October $1 07, closing $1 03¾ bid; year $1 05¼@1 02½; No. 3 red $1 05 t. s., $1 06¼@1 06 E. s.; No. 4 bid; No. 2 Mediterranean $1 08¾ @ 08 in C., $1 06¾ E. s.; No 3 do $1 05 in C., $1 06½@1 06 E. S. Corn—Receipts 850 sks, 26,000 bu; No. 2 mixed cash 80 in A. and V., 80¾@¾ in U., 81 in C. and St. L., 81¾ in E.; July 80¾ asked, 79¾ bid; August 78@76¾; September 17¾@¾ to 75¾; October 74 asked, 73 bid; November 67¾ asked, 66¾ bid; year 64½ to 63¾@¾, closing 63¾ asked; No. 2 white mixed cash 85 in St. L., 92 in U., 90 in A.; rejected do 90 in A.; rejected 77 regular; no grade —. Oats—Receipts 2,018 sks, 5,600 bu. No. 2 cash 62 in V., 64 bid for U.; July 51¾@51¾; August 48 and late 37¾; asked; September 37¾ and late 36¼ asked; year 35¼; inter 35¾ asked; No. 2 white 65 bid; rejected 53½ regu ar. Rye—Receipts — sks, — bu; No. 2 cash 68 bid nominal, 69 t. s.; September 70 bid. Hay—Receipts 285 tons. This side—Prairie $12 for prime, $14 for choice, $14 50@15 for fancy; timothy, $20 50 for prime, $28 for fancy; East side—Timothy $19 50@21 for prime, $24 for fancy. Millfeed—Sacked bran 72@73 E. track, 72¾@73 at mill; bulk 62 E. track. Provisions—Receipts 415 bris pork, 202,000 lbs meats, 65,300 lbs lard. Standard mess pork sold at $21 50@21 60. For current make lard 12 was bid. No prices can be quoted on dry salt meats, as none changed hands except on orders. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 10¾@10¼, long clear and clear ribs at 13.85@¾ and short clear at 14¼@¾. Hams range from 15 to 16; orders ½c higher. Tallow 7½@8 for prime and choice country in oil bbls; irregular pkgs and falling off lots 7¼@⅛; grease tallow 6¼@7. Breakfast bacon 15¾@17. Grease 5@6 for brown, 6¾@7c yellow, 7@8c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00@ 17 00 per brl, according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c, strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 20@25 per brl. Ground alum $1 10 per sack.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—Regular: July $1 14; August $1 08¾; Sept. $1 05¾; Oct. —; year $1 03¾. — Old: July $1 29 b.; August —; year —. Corn—July 77¾; August 77¾@¾; September 76¾; October 75¾; November 71¾; year 67¼. Oats—July 52¾; August 39⅝; Sept. 37¾; Oct. —; year 36¾. Pork—July and August $20 55; September $20 72½; October $20 80. Lard—July and August 12.15; September 12 30; October 12.35. Short ribs—July and August 12.05; September 12.05; October 12.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—July $1 16¾; Aug. —; September $1 10¾; October $1 11; year $1 09¾. Corn—July —; August 78¾; September 73; year 66¾.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—July $1 24¾@¾; August $1 21@1¾; September $1 20¾@1 21¾. Corn—July 84@¾; August 85 b.; September 86¾.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—July $1 27; August $1 22½@¾; September $1 21¾@1 22; October $1 23@¾; November $1 24¾@¾. Corn—July 84¾@85¾; August 85; September 85¾@86; October 85¾; November 84¾.

DETROIT.

Wheat—July $1 26; August $1 09¾; September $1 08¾; October $1 08¾; year $1 07¾.

MILWAUKEE.

Wheat—July $1 23¾, August $1 14¾, September $1 08.

Cotton.

Spots steady, but no sales reported. New York quiet and steady for spots and 4@11 points higher. Liverpool spots quiet and unchanged and futures 1-32@1 64n better.

ST. LOUIS SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 9; ordinary, 10; good ordinary, 11¼; low middling, 12; middling, 12⅝; good middling, 12¾; middling fair, 13¾. Stained—Good ordinary, 10; low middling, 11; middling, 11¾.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts 95 bales, against 144 last year; since September 1, 871,963, against 891,189 last year; shipments 199 bales, against 415 last year; since september 1, 874,632, against 891,266 last year. Stock 6,155 bales, against 14,630 last year.

NET RECEIPTS AT U. S. PORTS.

For one day: 201 bales, against 1,261 last week and 3,469 last year. Exports — against 7,918 last year. Stock 252,089, against 308,380 last year. Net receipts since Sept. 1, 4,627,045 bales.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6 15-16d. Orleans 7¾d. Sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed quieter; July and August 6 60-64; August and September 6 62-64; September and October 6 57-64; October and November 6 41-64; November and December 6 38-64; December and January 6 38-64.

NEW YORK.

Middling 12¾c spot. Futures closed steady; July 12.77; August 12.80; September 12.55; October 11.96; November 11.78; December 11.78; January 11.88; February 12; March 12.12; April 12.24. Sales. — bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Middling 12⅝ for spot. Futures closed very steady. July 12.83; August 12 83; September 11.86; October 11.57; November 11.47; December 11.48; January 11.59; February 11.70; March 11.81; April 11.92. Sales 32,000 bales.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for 24 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1882.	1881.	1882.	1881.
Cattle	914	822	1,486	1,976
Hogs	540	3,329	.....	3,063
Sheep	514	260	94	.....

CATTLE—About fifty car loads of grass Texans constituted the supply which is fair for Saturday. The Canning company and interior shippers entered the market early and by 11 a. m. all had been sold and in round lots at strong prices. The quality is not very good. Native cattle, none offered and not wanted. The prospects for the coming week as regards the demand and prices on good cattle quite flattering. Common should be held back.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price
46	grass Texan	866	$4 40
44	grass Texan	992	4 37½
47	grass Texan	967	4 37½
25	grass Texan	947	4 37½
300	grass Texans	971	4 10
25	grass Texan	827	4 00
98	grass Texan	852	4 00
59	grass Texan	750	3 75
72	grass Texan	829	3 75

HOGS—No supply, no demand and no disappointment. If offerings had been in the dullness could not have been dissolved. Values show. Shipping pigs $7@7 50; light to good Yorke, $7 40@7 80; common to good packing $7 50@8; butcher and select $8 10@8 40; skips and culls $5 50@6 50.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
45	232	$8 10	54	293	$8 05
30	240	7 95	39	179	7 65
29	160	7 50	11	117	7 00

SHEEP—There is nothing new to note in the sheep market. No supply and only moderate demand. Values slow.

Common to medium $2 50@3; fair to good $3 25@3 75; good to prime $4 @4 50; fancy $4 60@5 00; stock sheep $1@1 50 per head; Texan sheep $3 00@4 50.

Horses and Mules.

The demand for good stock quite urgent; common dull.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, July 15.—Hogs—Receipts 7,000; slow; weak at 5@10 lower; light $7 50@8 10; mixed packing $7 50@8 15; heavy $8 20@8 70. Cattle—Receipts 3,000; exceedingly dull; exports $7 40@8; good to choice shipping $6 90@7 40; common to fair $5@6 20; butchers $2 40@5; stockers $1 70@4 90; Texans $3 40@5 25.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 15.—Flour dull and strongly in buyers' favor; receipts 9,300 barrels; sales 12,000 barrels. Wheat—Receipts 5,000 bu; heavy; fairly speculative business. Sales 216,000 bu No. 2 red July at $1 27¾@28; 280,000 bu August at $1 22¾@23¾; 184,000 bu September at $1 22¾@23; 116,000 bu October at $1 23½@24½; 96,000 year at $1 21@22¾. Corn ¼@1 lower; dull; heavy mixed Western spot 85@88; futures 81@89; sales 380,000 bu. Oats ½@1 lower; Western 60@68; sales 180,000 bu. Beef steady and quiet. Pork dull and drooping; new mess $22 25; old $21 25. Lard .15@20 lower and unsettled; steam-rendered at 12.00. Butter quiet and firm; Western 14@23; Elgin creamery 26. Cheese firm at 12@11. Sugar quiet and molasses firm. Petroleum dull. Rice firm. Coffee firm. Freights steady. Turpentine firm at 47. Rosin dull at $1 90@2 05. Tallow firm at 8¾. Western eggs firm at 20@21.

BALTIMORE, July 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat—Western lower and active; No. 2 Western winter red spot $1 26¾@1 27¼; July $1 24¼@¾; August $1 21@¾; September $1 20¾@21¾. Corn—Western lower and quiet; mixed spot 84 bid; July 84@¾; August 85 bid; September 86¾@87; October 87½ asked. Oats scarce and higher; Western white 78@80; mixed 75@76; Pennsylvania 75@80. Rye unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Butter firm; favorite brands 15@25c higher; patents $7@ $7 75. Wheat—Receipts 22,612 sks, 127,800 bu; No. 2 red cash $1 12@1 10 E. s., $1 11@1 09¾ t. s.; July $1 10@1 06⅞; August $1 06¾@1 05¾, closing $1 03¾; September $1 06¾@1 03¾; October $1 07, closing $1 03¾ bid; year $1 05¼@1 02½; No. 3 red $1 05 t. s., $1 06¼@1 06 E. s.; No. 4 bid; No. 2 Mediterranean $1 08¾ @ 08 in C., $1 06¾ E. s.; No 3 do $1 05 in C., $1 06½@1 06 E. S. Corn—Receipts 850 sks, 26,000 bu; No. 2 mixed cash 80 in A. and V., 80¾@¾ in U., 81 in C. and St. L., 81¾ in E.; July 80¾ asked, 79¾ bid; August 78@76¾; September 17¾@¾ to 75¾; October 74 asked, 73 bid; November 67¾ asked, 66¾ bid; year 64½ to 63¾@¾, closing 63¾ asked; No. 2 white mixed cash 85 in St. L., 92 in U., 90 in A.; rejected do 90 in A.; rejected 77 regular; no grade —. Oats—Receipts 2,018 sks, 5,600 bu. No. 2 cash 62 in V., 64 bid for U.; July 51¾@51¾; August 48 and late 37¾; asked; September 37¾ and late 36¼ asked; year 35¼; inter 35¾ asked; No. 2 white 65 bid; rejected 53½ regu ar. Rye—Receipts — sks, — bu; No. 2 cash 68 bid nominal, 69 t. s.; September 70 bid. Hay—Receipts 285 tons. This side—Prairie $12 for prime, $14 for choice, $14 50@15 for fancy; timothy, $20 50 for prime, $28 for fancy; East side—Timothy $19 50@21 for prime, $24 for fancy. Millfeed—Sacked bran 72@73 E. track, 72¾@73 at mill; bulk 62 E. track. Provisions—Receipts 415 bris pork, 202,000 lbs meats, 65,300 lbs lard. Standard mess pork sold at $21 50@21 60. For current make lard 12 was bid. No prices can be quoted on dry salt meats, as none changed hands except on orders. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 10¾@10¼, long clear and clear ribs at 13.85@¾ and short clear at 14¼@¾. Hams range from 15 to 16; orders ½c higher. Tallow 7½@8 for prime and choice country in oil bbls; irregular pkgs and falling off lots 7¼@⅛; grease tallow 6¼@7. Breakfast bacon 15¾@17. Grease 5@6 for brown, 6¾@7c yellow, 7@8c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00@ 17 00 per brl, according to brand; $8@9 per half brl; dried 13@16c, strictly choice 17c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 75@5 per doz. Salt—Lake $1 20@25 per brl. Ground alum $1 10 per sack.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, July 15.—Bacon—Short rib dull at 61s. Lard—Prime Western dull at 62s. Hams—Long cut dull at 63. Corn—Mixed old steady at 7s 3¾d. Turpentine spirits dull at 37s.

LIVERPOOL, July 15.—Spot wheat firm, fair inquiry; corn unchanged; wheat to arrive firmer; corn strong.

LONDON, July 15.—Weather in England unsettled. Spot wheat strong; Western winter 10s 5d; No. 2 spring 9s 11d; No. 3 spring 9s 3d; spot mixed Western corn strong. Mark Lane wheat and corn firm. Country markets unde higher. Continental demand good for wheat and corn.

Cravens Gets the Delegation.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

SPRINGFIELD, MO., July 15.—Democratic ward and township meeting held at 2 p. m. Cravens carried Campbell township solid, which insures him the delegation to the State Convention from Greene county.

Gotham News.

NEW YORK, July 15.—The losses of the Holbrook Manufacturing Co. by fire last night foot up $200,000.

Affairs among the freight depots to-day have not materially changed.

THE City Counselor to-day filed suits in the Circuit Court relative to the opening up of Grand avenue from Delor street, Eichelberger street and the Wilmington road to Kansas street.

W. E. D. Scott, Princeton, N. J., and George Goldthwaite and wife, [illegible] as the Southern.

WHITE VESTS

Of SUPERIOR QUALITY and MAKE reduced from $2 50 and $3 50 to $1 and $1 50.

GREAT REDUCTIONS

IN

SUITS, PANTALOONS

AND

THIN COATS

TO CLOSE OUT SUMMER STOCK.

THE GOLDEN EAGLE,

Southwest Corner Fifth and Pine Streets.

LATER POLITICAL NEWS.

Senate.

Mr. Windom offered a resolution calling on the President for copies of the declarations of Edward Lytton Bulwer and Clayton upon the ratification of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and for any other documents referred to in the instructions of Secretar Frelinghuysen to Minister Lowell, dated May 8, 1882. Adopted.

On motion of Senator Van Wyck, a resolution was taken up directing the Secretary of the Interior to withhold action on the payment of a double pension to Gen. Ward B. Burnett until the President shall act upon the bill passed yesterday, which contains a provision prohibiting the payment of double pensions.

Senators Voorhes and Blair opposed the resolutions which was advocated by Sen ators Van Wyck and Broome.

Mr. Williams thought it an extraordinary proceeding for a legislative body to serve an injunction on a gallant old soldier in order to restrain him from collecting his just dues from the Government, and he opposed the resolution. Pending further discussion the morning hour expired, and the matter went over.

House.

The House went into committee of the whole on the Senate amendments to the river and harbor appropriation bill. The first seventeen amendments were non-concurred in.

RIVER NEWS.

GRAY'S Iron Line is loading ore at the Sulphur Spring' pits.

CAPT. HENRY LEYHE'S Spread Eagle dashes off for Grafton at 3 p. m.

CAPT. HENRY JONES, of Cincinnati, is spending a few days in the city.

THE Fannie Tatum, Capt. Jno. B. Conway, leaves for Paducah this evening.

THE Dora, Capt. Alex. Lamont, Ed. Murphy clerk, leaves for Cairo at 5 p. m.

THE Barge Line announces the Future City to leave for New Orleans to-day with a tow.

THE Josephine of the Diamond Jo Line departs for St. Paul at 4 p. m. Wm. Boland has charge.

THE iron steamer Chas. P. Chouteau makes an excursion trip to Montesano Springs this evening.

THE Bright Light, Capt. Wm. Thompson, Ross Powell clerk, leaves for Kansas City this evening.

THE Calhoun, which leaves for Peoria today, gives special excursion rates to Ferry Springs and return.

THE old reliable Star Line will dispatch the Fannie Lewis for Kansas City this evening. E. W. Gould, Jr., commands.

A FEATURE of to-day will be the departure for New Orleans of the John A. Scudder. She leaves at 5 p. m. Baker master.

CAPT. J. W. WALDRON has opened business on shore, the "Favorite House" Eleventh and Washington avenue, Capt. Chas. C. Mathias is chief clerk.

W. H. STROMBERG, of 1226 Broadway, has been appointed agent of the excursion steamer Colorado. The boat's advertisement appears in to-day's POST-DISPATCH.

THE Centennial, the largest and one of the finest boats on the Upper Mississippi, leaves for Keokuk every evening. Thos. S. Davidson has charge and George Marsh is clerk.

THE river is falling, but not so rapidly as might be expected, considering the time of year. The decline since yesterday amounts to about ten inches, and at noon to-day there was 25 3-10 feet by the gauge.

MR. THEODORE ALLEN, of Allen & Blaisdell's South St. Louis iron boat building works, returned from New Orleans yesterday, where he has been for the past ten weeks superintending the erection of the creosoting works for the New Orleans and Northeastern Railroad on the north shore of Lake Ponchartrain. The works consist of two injecting cylinders for tre

Commercial Printing!

First-Class Work at Bottom Prices.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED BY

Robt. D. Patterson & Co.

STATIONERS,

316 and 318 North Third Street.

HARD AND SOFT COAL.

BEST GRADES! LOWEST PRICES!

JAS. J. SILVESTER, 416 Olive St.

From this date the Bellefontaine Railroad will run only Summer Cars.

The Bellefontaine Road is the best route to the Fair Grounds.

The Bellefontaine Road is the best route to Bellefontaine and Calvary Cemeteries.

The Bellefontaine Road is the best route to O'Fallon Park.

The Bellefontaine Road is the only route to the Water Tower.

The Bellefontaine Road is the best equipped horse railroad in this or any other city.

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE

To buy bargains in unredeemed pledges in the line of Diamonds, Fine Timing Watches, Gold Chains of all descriptions, Bracelets, Chatelaines, Rings and a full line of new and second-hand Jewelry at remarkably low prices, at

I. G. MOSS' RED FRONT,

208 North Fourth Street.

Money to loan in sums to suit at the lowest rates.

LOCAL NEWS.

TO-DAY—Buy your hosiery, handkerchiefs, gloves, laces, collars, ties, underwear, ribbons, parasols, etc., etc., at D. Crawford & Co.'s, where are to be found full lines of new, fresh goods, and at least 25 per cent below all competition.

GENUINE BOSTON ART FURNITURE

In St. Louis at Boston Prices.

No extra charge for freight.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE CO.,

500 N. Fourth street, cor. St. Charles.

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH are the most widely-read part of the paper.

NEXT to beautiful teeth a delicate complexion is the great female attraction. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

THE want colums of the POST-DISPATCH daily reach one-fourth of the population of St. Louis.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. Pays special attention to gentlemen.

DR. DINSBEER removed to 814 Pine street, where he will dispense safe medicines, skillful treatment and speedy cures for chronic disease.

ADVERTISE for what you want in the POST-DISPATCH.

CITY NEWS.

The German branch of the Y. M. C. A. held its quarterly meeting last night. There are 300 members.

It is said that Mr. Sam'l Cupples will not erect a manufactory on the Center Market lot, but, having purchased the property from the city at a bargain, will sell the ground to the railroads.

Police Officer Henry C. Withington has been suspended by Capt. Fruchte of the Central District pending investigation of charges of drunken and disgraceful conduct at Nortrop's grocery saloon, Clark and Jefferson avenues.

The Democratic Central Committee last evening at Hotel Hunt adopted the report locating the polling places, and selected judges and clerks for the primaries to be held next Saturday to elect delegates to the State Convention.

The Health Commissioner reports complete arrangements at Quarantine to stop steamboats coming from the South upon which there is a suspicion of sickness aboard. The patients removed will be separated from the small-pox quarters.

The Merry Knights Social Circle and their friends will picnic to-morrow at Harrisonville, thirty-five miles down the river, the elegant steamer Chas. P. Chouteau being engaged for this occasion. Music, dancing and games will be the feature of the day.

The French fete held at Anthony & Kuhn's Garden yesterday was a success. The attendance was very large. There were interesting addresses in French and English interspersed with musical exercises and pyrotechnics, and the celebration concluded with a banquet. The arrangements were excellent throughout.

A New Treatment of Piles.

Drs. Wortman, 906 Pine street. No knife or pain. Cures guaranteed. Send for circulars.

PRESSED cigarettes contain no opium.

The Best Refrigerators

Are sold by the Simmons Hardware Company.

ASK your grocer for some of our new Baby Jumbles. They are rich and delicious.

DOZIER-WEYL CRACKER CO.

ADVERTISE for what you want in the POST-DISPATCH.

THE celebrated Vegetable Compound for females, which, within a few years, has made the name of Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham known in every part of the civilized world, relieves suffering by the safe and sure method of equalizing the vital forces and thus regulating the organic functions. It is only by such a method that disease is ever arrested and removed.

WANTS, ten cents.

READING NOTICES.

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price twenty-five cents a bottle.

HIGH PRICES.

The Present Unreasonable Costliness of Common Food.

An Exhaustive Comparison of Last Year's Food and To-Day's.

The Advance in Living Expenses Not Warranted by the Shortage in the Crops.

There is no subject which has caused so universal remark, so universal surprise and so wide and deep complaint, within the last ten months, as the extraordinary high prices which have prevailed, and still do prevail, among us for the greater portion of what we call the necessaries of life. The matter has been brought forcibly home to the rich and the prosperous as well as to the poor and improvident. People are always keener to notice a change which affects their pockets unfavorably than a change which does the reverse. The chuckle of satisfaction which accompanies an unexpectedly cheap purchase is not nearly as far-reaching or as penetrating as the groan which attaches to paying fifty cents for a twenty-five-cent steak. This is a natural thing, and it is entirely reasonable that complaints of the terribly high prices of provisions should for some months have formed the staple of conversation in the household and of neighborly intercourse. People who read with any care, or who have given the matter any real thought, have generally come to the conclusion that the fearful prices which have prevailed have not been warranted by the condition of business in the country or the actual shortage of last year's crops. There was a drouth last summer, to be sure, and the crops of the Mississippi Valley were affected thereby, but it does not appear there was any such drouth or such shortage of crops as to account for the fact that to-day, in Union Market, a simple pork chop—the cheapest meat known to the world, and the especial product of our vicinity—should command 17½ cents a pound. A drouth is something not hitherto unknown in the land; there have been years before when the crops were bad—think of the grasshopper years, for instance—but no drouth or shortage ever produced a tithe of the advance in prices which has been made in the last year. The householder is bound to feel that in some manner, by some unfair means probably, the markets have been forced up on him, and as a rule he has experienced no corresponding advance in the amount of money he can earn to meet that advance. He finds it harder to bring both ends into juxtaposition than it was, especially if he is a salaried man. If you shall ask the man who is in receipt of $100 a month for the support of himself and family, he will probably tell you, and that too somewhat excitedly, that it costs him 25 per cent more, "yes, sir, 25 per cent more, 25 per cent, by jingo," to live than it did last year. He has his mind fixed upon the unequal

AND THE MEAL BAG

so firmly that he forgets other essentials which have not gone up in price, and hence fixes his percentage rather high. The advance in meats, has, it is true, been nearer 50 per cent than 25 per cent, and the advance in some staple grocery articles has certainly exceeded 25 per cent, but it must be borne in mind that dry goods, boots and shoes, clothing, furniture and housekeeping goods have not advanced at all. A great many small articles, too, which appear on the grocer's list will be found to be as cheap, and even cheaper, than they were last July.

A reporter of the POST-DISPATCH has this week

CANVASSED THE PRICE OF NEARLY EVERYTHING

which enters into our daily life in order to ascertain, or at least to approximate the difference in the cost of living now and a year or more ago. Starting out with the feelings of the indignant householder, and smarting under the infliction of paying 20 cents a pound for a steak that consisted of considerable bone, a mouthful or two of meat and a long continuation of fat and gristle, he was convinced that he could show up a gross and general increase of 25 per cent. After a thorough examination, however, candor compels him to admit that the situation is not quite as bad as it appears. It is hard to make an average of 25 per cent even with meat away up in the clouds. Still, the situation is very bad, and more than exasperating. Most of the articles which have to be purchased every day are exorbitantly high—higher, certainly, than there is any occasion for, or the law of supply and demand would lead us to expect. The income of the majority of middle-class people has not been increased a bit, so as to enable them to meet this forced state of the provision markets. Nearly all mechanics have, during the year, succeeded in securing a nominal advance in wages of from 10 to 15 per cent, but it is doubtful if they are not still in the rear, for the reason that they live almost exclusively upon the very articles which have most advanced in price. The army of clerks and small-salaried men, who invariably live fully up to the extent of their means, are, perhaps, greater sufferers in this instance than the poor laborers on the streets, whose actual pay is much less.

By a liberal use of the interviewing power, and a judicious working upon the feelings of the "butcher, the baker and the candlestick-maker," the following statistic facts concerning the St. Louis market of to-day and a year ago have been obtained. In the tables of comparative prices given reference is always had to the best articles only. Inasmuch as the meat market presents the most remarkable (and unaccountable) advance, it is given first. The figures are enough to make a boardinghouse-keeper weep.

THE ADVANCE IN MEATS.

	July '81	July '82	Per cent Increase
Porter-house steak	15	20	33⅓
Rib roast	12	15	25
Sirloin steak	12	15	25
Round steak	10	12½	25
Mutton chops	12	15	25
Pork chops	10	17½	75
Veal cutlets	16	28	75
Corned beef	8	11	37½
Ham	14	18	28½
Bacon	12	16	33⅓

In the above it will be noticed that pork and veal are at present at fearful prices. It is fair to state that both have very recently advanced. Only last Monday the wholesale dealers, who supply nearly all the retailers, both in the markets and in the meat shops, put up the price of pork to 14 cents. This price cannot hold and is likely to go down any day. Calves are so scarce that the butchers cannot get hold of them, and hence the price of veal has lately been forced up from 25 to 28 and 30 cents, the latter figure being now obtained by a few dealers in Union Market. Strange to say the price of spring lamb is very little in advance of last year, as the price obtained for this dainty is always a fancy one. In an article on "Beef" which appeared in last Saturday's POST-DISPATCH, it was clearly demonstrated that there is too great difference between the wholesale and the retail meat market in St. Louis. The meat for which we are paying 15 to 20 cents a pound costs on the hoof in East St. Louis but 4 cents. Formerly it cost 2 cents. With a wholesale advance of 2 cents we are charged a retail advance of 5 cents a pound. The butchers deny the situation, but the figures are against them. In some portions of the city meat can be had a little cheaper than is quoted above, but the cattle are correspondingly poorer, being of the 3¼ cent grade.

SPRING CHICKENS

which retailed at this date last year at 25 cents and less, now bring 40 cents, or an advance of 60 per cent. This is altogether unreasonable, and not to be accounted for by the fact that corn was high in the winter. The warm winter and early spring were very favorable to the production of unlimited chickens, and they should not now be over $2 25 a dozen. Of game there is nothing to be had at present but woodcock. These are no higher than last year, and bring $1 25 per pair.

FISH

are selling in Union Market to-day at precisely the same figures that they did on the 15th day of July last year, with the exception of catfish, which is now quoted at 12½ cents a pound, instead of 10 cents. Perhaps the farmers will tell us that fish haven't gone up because they didn't winter on corn.

ADVANCE IN GROCERIES.

Staple groceries are generally selling at an advance on last year's figures of from 5 to 100 per cent, this latter figure being reached on meal. The figures for the very best grade of articles run as follows:

	1881.	1882.
Flour (brl)	$7 50 to 8 50	$8 00 to 9
Corn meal (bu)	75	1 50
Rye flour (lb)	3	3½
Hominy	3	4
Rice (lb)	10	10
Beans (bu)	2 75	4 00
Cheese (lb)	14	20
Molasses (gal)	50	65
Soap (box)	2 75	3 25
Creamery butter	35	35
Dairy "	30	30
Common "	20	20
Cooking "	12	15
Lard	10	15
Eggs	13	18
Coffee, Java (good)	35	32
Coffee, Rio "	25	20
Tea	85 to $1	Same
Sugar, brown	9	9
Sugar, granulated	11	11
Sugar, crushed	13	12

Flour, it will be noticed, is now only 50 cents a barrel higher than last year, but during the fall and spring it was $1 higher, so that the average increase has been between 10 and 12½ per cent. Meal is extravagantly high, and out of proportion to the shortage of last year's crop of corn. "Corn-pone and bacon" have become luxuries under present prices. Hominy, following corn, is up 100 per cent. This article is much used as a vegetable among the working classes, and its inordinate price comes especially hard upon them. The despised bean, it will be noticed, has gone up almost 45 per cent, a fact more bewailed in Boston than in St. Louis. Eggs have been exceedingly high all the season; too high, again, to be easily explained. They were cheaper below 15 cents a dozen, while last year they sold everywhere in April at three dozen for 25 cents. This is really an advance of 100 per cent on eggs, although the present figures do not show so great a difference. Strangly enough molasses and syrups are up about 30 per cent, while sugar has not changed at all. Sugar, however, is an article always sold without profit. Just now sugar is wholesaleing at a half cent off last July's figures. Butter appears to be no higher than last year, but really it is. The drouth began last year in July and butter went up at a gallop. But this has been an unexcelled grass season, and butter ought to be 30 per cent lower than it is; ditto of course with cheese. Coffee, being an imported article, has been little affected by the alleged scarcity of corn. Lately it has gone down three cents a pound on all grades.

CANNED GOODS

of all descriptions were very high last fall, but the break came early in the year, and for the last five months they have averaged no higher than last year. Some few varities of fruit and vegetables are just now selling cheaper than ever before, but this is because of the prospects of an immense crop this year. Packers who expected to make a fortune in canned fruits last year failed utterly. Anticipating very high prices, they packed all they could get hold of. The high prices, and the talk of still higher prices, scared consumers away from canned goods early in the winter, and the consequence was that packers found themselves overloaded. The goods were then rushed west so fast as to almost cause a freight blockade, and put on the market at any price that could be obtained. Imported goods and fancy groceries generally are at the same figure or less than last year. Unfortunately, however, the multitude cannot live on fancy groceries. What the $15 a week clerk requires is away up; what he is unable to afford at any time is down a trifle. Dried apples are not considered a luxury, but they have gone up from 5c a pound to 8c. Coal oil remains about as last year, 20c a gallon,

ADVANCE IN VEGETABLES.

It is very difficult to compare the prices of vegetables and fruits at any given date, as the market changes daily; still it can be done in a general way. The prices given below are those which prevailed at Union Market on July 13, 1881, and July 13, '82.

	1881.	1882.
New potatoes (bu)	$1 25	$1 25
Tomatoes (peck)	40	70
Corn (doz)	12½	12½
Lettuce (head)	2	2½
Cabbage (head)	5	10
Peas (pk)	40	35
String beans (pk)	25	30
Gumbo (pk)	90	1 00
Onions (pk)	35	40
Beets (doz bunches)	25	25
Squash (head)	5	10
Cucumbers (doz)	25	50
Onions, young (doz)	10	20
Apples (pk)	20	25
Peaches (box)	1 25	1 25
Watermelons	25@40	Same
Cauliflowers	20@10	15@25
Cherries (quart)	20	20
Blackberries	25	25

With the exception of tomatoes, cabbage, cucumbers, onions and squashes, prices do not seem to differ greatly from those of last year, but it must be remembered that last season was a very backward while this has been a forward season. Then, again, some of the articles quoted are out of season. Last year cherries in their season sold at 5 cents a quart, but this year they have not gone below 15 cents. There was an almost equal difference in strawberries, and there will be yet in blackberries. Blackberries last year went down as low as 20 cents a gallon, but this season they will never fall below that by the quart. It is now a certainty that fruit is going to be scarce and high all through the year, thus rendering it impossible for many housewives to do any canning or preserving. Housekeepers were appalled last year when, at this date, potatoes went up to $1 25 a bushel; but now, with the prospect of an immense crop, they are held at the same exorbitant figure. They should be about 60 cents.

ADVANCE IN BREAD AND MILK.

By general agreement among the leading retail city bakers the five-cent loaf of bread weighs twelve ounces. An advance was made last fall when flour went up. In place of the 14-ounce loaf a 12-ounce loaf was adopted and has since prevailed, although most grades of flour have gone down one-half of their original advance. The 12-ounce loaf is, however, what is called a fancy article. All up through the northern portion of the city there are small bakers furnishing 13, 14, 15 and even 16-ounce loaves for five cents, but where the weight is greater the quality of flour used is poorer. A great many poor people would much rather have a 15-ounce loaf for their nickel, even if it does look a little darker colored than the snowy brands made at the fancy bakeries in the center of the city. Generally speaking there can be no fault found with the existing prices of bread, crackers, etc., as the bakers have done little more than follow the advance in flour, which advance has been small compared with many other articles of daily food.

With the drouth and the advance of feed last fall came the certain advance in milk. The milkmen of the city are united in a union embracing 300 of the leading dairies in and around the city. They have rules and regulations governing the sale and prices of their milk, which, it is claimed, they are living up to very squarely.

The price fixed upon by the union as necessary to be obtained in order to make the dairy business profitable is 33⅓ cents a gallon. To secure this price the milk is either sold pure at twelve quarts for a dollar, or it is skimmed and the 33⅓ cents divided up between the cream and the resulting skimmed milk. Nearly all milk wagons now carry two large cans, the one containing pure milk sold at twelve quarts for the dollar, and the other skimmed milk sold at fourteen to sixteen quarts for the dollar. If a person secures more than twelve quarts for a dollar it is absolutely certain that the milk is either skimmed or watered. The advance last fall was from 7 cents a quart to 8½ cents, or nearly 18 per cent.

THE SUMMARY.

In summarizing the figures which have been presented, it will be noticed that in nearly every instance where the advance is small the article is not essential or in universal and every day use in the average family. Meats, it will seem, have gone up from 25 to 75 per cent. Leading staple groceries, with the exception of tea, coffee, sugar and butter, have advanced from 5 to 100 per cent, with very few articles at the 5 end. Vegetables and fruits in their season have gone and will continue to go from 5 to 25 per cent higher than last year, notwithstanding that it has been a capital year for garden sass. Bread is up some 12 per cent and milk 18 per cent. They tell us that this is all due to the drouth of last summer, but many believe, and will continue to believe, that, by manipulation and speculation and an inordinate greed for gain, fictitious values have at last been forced upon even the very necessaries of life. All manufactured goods are as cheap as they were last year, notwithstanding the fact that the cost of manufacture has been increased in nearly every instance.

In conclusion, it is well to call attention to one staple article, one indispensable article in every St. Louis family, which, instead of going up, has gone down 25 per cent in the last year. The POST-DISPATCH was reduced last fall from twenty cents a week to fifteen cents—an unprecedentedly low figure for a live eight page paper. This reduction was a great consolation to the people in their affliction, for they indeed felt that they could better do without porterhouse beefsteak than the newsy, spicy POST-DISPATCH.

THAT great dermatologist, Dr. C. W. Benson, of Baltimore, has prepared his favorite prescription for general use, and now any person, however poor, can get the benefit of his best treatment for skin diseases. It consists of both internal and external treatment.

ABOUT HORSESHOES.

Faults of Ordinary Shoes, Which Contract the Heels and Spoil the Gait.

From the Medical News.

Any one who will take the trouble to examine, even casually, the anatomy of a horse's foot, will see that the frog is a wedge of elastic tissue fitted for concussion. Each time it pounds the earth it spreads the hoof laterally by reason of its shape, for it is not only a wedge anteroposteriorly, but also vertically. It is fitted for concussions as perfectly as is the sole of the dog or cat.

We know it is a mooted point among even good horsemen as to whether in shoeing frog-pressure should be courted or avoided. Experience, we believe, will be in favor of frog-pressure, and both anatomy and common sense are on its side. The frog is precisely fitted, as we have said, for such pressure, and even our stony street pavements do but harden and develop the frog just as the bare-footed boy has his foot sole toughened. Xenophon tells us in his school for horsemen that colts brought up on dry, stony soils never need protection.

The ordinary shoe, with heel and toe cork, lifts the foot-sole from the ground and prevents such frog-pressure. But, as a rule, such horses have more or less contracted heels and have not a long, free stride. Their gait is "groggy." Take off such shoes and put on the Goodenough or similar shoe, and it is remarkable to see how their gait improves and how the heel expands. In the winter time, owing to the ice, it is necessary to shoe them with corks, say two or three times; all the rest of the year the Goodenough, applied cold, is by far the best shoe. We speak after considerable experience.

The above item taken from the Medical News speaks voldmes in favor of the Goodenough shoe and system, and is alone a sufficient guarantee of the efficiency of this modern improvement in horse shoeing; it being the only shoe which, both in theory and practice, gives to the horse the wonderful benefits of "frog pressure." The only person in St. Louis authorized or competent to use this shoe and system, and who is also the sole agent in the West, is our fellow townsman Ed. Butler, whose advertisement can be seen on another page.

FAR, far better for you than beer, ale or porter, and free from the intoxicating effects, is Hop Bitters.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH make the most valuable advertising medium in St. Louis.

BABY CARRIAGES VERY CHEAP

At Simmons Hardware Company.

PRESSED cigarettes, made of finest tobacco.

Notice to Printers.

Bids will be received from responsible parties for the printing of the transactions of the Missouri State Medical Association. Specifications, with copy of the last transactions, will be found at A. M. Leslie & Co.'s, No. 204 North Fifth street. All bids (under seal) must be put in the hands of the Secretary before July 21, 1882. CHAS. A. TODD, Secretary, 1801 Washington avenue, St. Louis.

A HUNDRED THOUSAND persons read each ten-cent want in the POST-DISPATCH.

Dr. Adams' Turkish Bath, 311 N. Seventh Street.

During the summer months a package of twenty tickets for $10.

PRESSED cigarettes last longer than others

Seeing Is Believing.

The muddy river water is made pure as crystal by the Stevens Filter. Call and see for yourself at the Simmons Hardware Company.

TO-MORROW the St. Louis Grand Orchestra at Schnaider's Garden will play from 5 to 11 p. m. The music is of the best order.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' LOW SHOES

In Button, Strap-Tie, Oxford and Harvard Ties, IN ANY STYLE OF TOE. Range of Prices from $1 to $3.

J. G. BRANDT,

504 and 506 Franklin Ave.

Chicago and Kansas City Tickets WANTED.

MULFORD & McKENZIE,

Ticket Brokers,

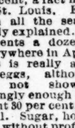
108 N. Fourth St. and Twelfth and Poplar Sts.

ICE CREAM!

For the best and purest in the City; for the largest quantity in the shortest time and fairest prices, go to

Bowman & Co.'s

818 AND 820 MORGAN ST.



PERMANENT cure for toothache, neuralgia and lockjaw without using drugs. Neuralgia of long standing cured in a few days, no cure, no pay. 50c. Ordinary cases cured, from $2 to $10, in advance. Ordinary cases of toothache cured and the teeth preserved from any further decay. Office hours, 8 a. m. till 6 p. m.

PROF. LYNCH,

1100 North Eleventh street.

A. BIGGS & CO.,

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

Sewering, Etc.,

NO. 711 PINE STREET, ST. LOUIS.

ANDREW F. BROWN,

UNDERTAKER,

BOARDING SALE & LIVERY STABLE,

Nos. 101 to 107 S. Eleventh St.,

CORNER OF WALNUT.

I am now prepared to deal with my friends and the public on the most reasonable terms, and respectfully invite their attention. The best quality of metallic and wooden caskets constantly on hand.

ICE CHESTS!

—AT—

COST

Furniture, Carpets, Stoves,

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

OF ALL KINDS ON PAYMENTS.

FOLDING BEDS,

BEST and CHEAPEST in the World.

J. W. STALEY & CO.,

SEVENTH AND MARKET.

Weather Indications for to-day are: Cloudy; local rains.

NOW IS THE TIME

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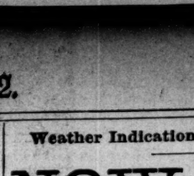

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AMUSEMENTS.

Attractions at the Summer Theaters Next Week.

"Billee Taylor" and "The Widow"—Local Gossip—General Musical and Dramatic Notes.

The midsummer dearth, or theatrical vacuum, has ceased to be characteristic of St. Louis since the gardens commenced running nightly programmes and drawing to the city a large number of professionals. It is no longer necessary "to go from home to hear the news," for the local actors and singers make a round of attractions, and keep such a continuity of information that the city has grown into consideration as a theatrical center. The beginning is small, perhaps, and to many insignificant, but the commencement was half the battle. There are now more than three times the number of professionals summering here than eight or ten years ago, and the list is annually swelling. It has been discovered that all the accessories of management, engagements and theatrical productions are obtainable here, and there are many unconsidered trifles in favor of St. Louis as a theatrical city, not only in winter, but in the summer vacation. For this the gardens are to be commended.

Both Uhrig's Cave and the Pickwick have attracted large audiences during the week. The phenomenally cool weather continued and interfered somewhat with the increase of patronage expected. At the Cave the production of the new opera, "Claude Duval," was the principal event of the week, and was specially applauded for its melody, its amusing situations, its comical dialogue and handsome setting. In brief the effort proved successful and Ford's Opera Company showed musical ability in their several roles. At the Pickwick a series of performances have been given for the benefit of the Russian exiles, attracting an excellent patronage. The programme was the second week for "The Bohemian Girl," in which the Hess Opera Company developed considerable strength.

UHRIG'S CAVE.

To-morrow evening Ford's Opera Company will appear at the Cave in the popular opera of "Billee Taylor, or the Reward of Virtue," accompanied by new scenery, a well-drilled chorus and handsome accessories. The cast is as follows:

Hon. Capt. Flapper	W. H. Fitzgerald.
Billee Taylor	Chas. F. Lang,
Sir Mincing Lane	J. Jones.
Christopher Crab	L. W. Raymond.
Ben. Barnacle	Geo. W. Denham.
Arabella Lane	May Stembler.
Eliza Dabsey	Genevieve Reynolds.
Susan	Mamie Taylor.
Phoebe Fairleigh	Blanche Chapman.
Sailor's Hornpipe	Clara Downs.

PICKWICK THEATER.

On Monday evening next Lavellee's comic opera of "The Widow," in three acts, will have its initial performance in this city at the Pickwick by the Hess Opera Company. The production of comic opera is becoming quite fashionable, and the public is reaping a rich harvest of music therefrom. The cast of "The Widow" is arranged in the following order:

Pacquita (the widow)	Miss Emma Ellsner
Adele (Marchioness Beausant)	
Nanine (ward of the Duke)	Miss Rose Leighton
	Miss Louise Eissing
Marquis Beausant	Mr. Mark Smith.
Marcel de Bois (in love with Nanine)	
	Mr. Alfred Wilkie
Duke de Trop	Mr. Arthur W. Tams
Count de Trop	Mr. D. A. Flint
Passepoil (valet of the Count)	
	Mr. James G. Peakes

The following will be the programme of the concerts to be given this week by the Pickwick Theater Military Band, under the leadership of Mr. Richard Maddera:

March, "Sharpshooters,".....Schlepegrell
Selection, "Claude Duval,".....Solomon
Air and variations (cornet solo).....Read
Performed by Mr. James Stevens.
"Gems of Scotland,"...Caverlee's Theater.....Cavallini
Quadrille, "Sounds from the Opera,"
.....Strauss
Sario-comic fantasia, "Chips,".....Beyer
Galop, "Rollicking,".....Pieike

LOCAL DRAMATIC NEWS.

Stage Manager Slocum, of Pope's, is taking tickets at Uhrig's Cave.

J. A. Ransone, O. W. Blake and J. H. Shewell are summering in this city.

Miss Ida Smith and Mrs. Hudson are proving valuable additions to Ford's Opera Company.

John W. Norton, of the Grand Opera-house, will return from New York the 1st of August.

Miss Maud Waldemere, of Ford's Opera Company, is an attractive and pleasing singer, and has been highly successful.

Miss St. Quinten and the Peakes are doing splendid service for the Hess Opera Company and are great favorites with the local public.

Manager Spalding, of the Olympic, is now on his wedding tour, and is not expected here until the beginning of the theatrical season.

Rice's New Surprise Party, now organizing with Grace Plaisted as the star, will produce next season a new burlesque, entitled "The Queen of the Circus."

Miss Libbie Noxon, of this city, is declared by the Chicago papers to have made a decided hit in that city this week as Blossom in the new melodrama, "A Square Man."

Manager E. E. Rice of the Pickwick Theater, left for New York last Wednesday, to complete his arrangements with the attractions that are to follow the Hess Company at the Pickwick.

Gilbert and Sullivan's opera of "The Sorcerer" is in rehearsal at the Cave for July 23, with Varney's "Musketeers" and Strauss' "Merry War" in preparation. The Ford Company has considerable work ahead.

Mr. John J. Collins has secured the following excellent company to support Mr. Frederick Warde, the tragedian, next season: Henry Aveling, L. F. Rand, J. B. Curran, Hallett Murray, O. W. Blake, J. A. Ransone, J. M. Sturgeon, F. M. Jackson, T. E. Garrick, D. R. Allen, Anna Boyle, Mary Davenport, Frances Fields; stage manager, D. R. Allen; business manager, C. W. Roberts; treasurer, T. M. Birmingham.

Miss Pearl Eytinge, who begins her starring tour at the People's in the new drama of "Brentwood," is a daughter of Sol. Eytinge, the artist, who became famous by reason of his Blackville sketches. Miss Eytinge was several years leading lady at Wallack's, and is stated to be handsome, besides possessing dramatic and literary abilities. Manager Webb has secured an excellent company for her support and closed dates to the first of January.

The Excelsior Quartet, consisting of Pall. Branson, Nat. Hazard, Joe Saler, Web. Norcross, will give a concert at Schnaider's Garden next Thursday evening. The programme will be a very fine one. The quartet will shortly visit Chicago upon invitation of the famous Chickering quartet of that city, and they will have a friendly competition with their hosts. The members of the Chicago quartet are C. H. Clark, Charles Knorr, McWade and Clark.

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL NOTES.

Fanny Davenport sailed for England last Wednesday. She intends to be absent for at least two years.

Now it is said that Miss Sadie Martinot is to play a part in the New York production of "The Romany Rye."

Miss Carrie Swain will begin her starring tour in "Cad, the Tomboy," on the New England circuit the last of August.

The managers of Prussian theaters are using sheet tin for scenery. This material is fire-proof, and is more durable than canvas.

Mrs. Edgar Buckner, recently from England, has been added to the Vokes-Bijou Opera Company, and will sing important mezzo roles.

Mr. Willie Edouin has engaged Mr. Julian Mitchell, a brother of Maggie Mitchell, as a member of his "Sparks" Company for next season.

Mrs. Zelda Seguin Wallace will give her coming season to concert and oratorio engagements, under the direction of Manager Max Strakosch.

Sir Randal Roberts will not be a member of Kate Claxton's company next season. He has written a new play, and will probably star in it on the road.

The "Fun on the Bristol" company has made such a good impression in England that Mr. Jarrett seriously thinks of keeping it there all next season.

Chicago is to have a fine music hall and art museum. It will extend for 270 feet at Michigan avenue and Monroe street. Its estimated cost is to be $1,250,000.

"Touch and Go," the new play written by Messrs. H. C. Bunner and J. Brander Matthews, will be brought out by Mr. John T. Raymond in September next.

Miss Griswold, the American prima donna, has announced that she will leave the Paris Opera next autumn and will thereafter confine her appearances to Italian opera.

Mme. Januauschek, after a brief visit to Boston, sailed from New York for Europe on Wednesday last. She has completely recovered from her recent severe indisposition.

Mme. Modjeska's American tour under Mr. John Stetson's management will begin in October. She is still playing "Odette" to large audiences in the London Haymarket.

The Fanny Kellogg-Brignoli Concert Company's success at Toronto, Canada, last month was so unqualified that it has been engaged for three concerts in that city during the coming week.

Mr. Sims Reeves has returned to London from Germany, where the baths have, it is hoped and believed, effectually cured his rheumatism, or gout, or whatever his malady may be called.

M. B. Curtis will play an engagement in London next summer, beginning in June, under M. B. Leavitt's engagement, at either the Adelphi or Gaiety, supported by an American company.

Mr. Edwin A. Locke has just completed a new piece in which Miss Minnie Palmer and Mr. R. E. Graham will star next season. It is a comedy-drama entitled "Bodie, the Pearl of Serpent Mountain."

Owing to the precarious condition of his father's health, Mr. Maurice Strafford has retired from the dramatic profession and taken up his residence in New York, where he has become a partner in an importing house.

Noah Orr, the giant, who has been seen in numerous museums and circuses and lately traveled with a Lilliputian company representing the giant in "Jack the Giant Killer," died in Marysville, Ohio, July 1, aged 46 years.

Lytton Sothern will not come to America with the Wyndham Company next season, as he has made a contract to tour the United States a year later as a star, in Lord Dundreary and other characters formerly played by his father.

Mr. Carl Rosa, the English opera manager, and Mr. Franko, the German manager, have joined their forces for a London season later on, and by this union Herr Hans Richter becomes the operatic director of Carl Rosa's provincial tour.

Mr. Nat Goodwin is shortly to join his wife and her sister, Miss Emie Weathersby, at White Sulphur Springs, Va., and try the baths. He still feels the results of the accident by which a ligament in his leg was ruptured about a year ago.

Mr. Fred Burgess, for three years past agent for his brother's "Widow Bedott" company, has been re-engaged for next season. Mr. Neil Burgess, who is enjoying himself in London, will return about September 1, and immediately begin another starring tour.

Mrs. Langtry's engagement in Boston will probably be played in the Globe Theater. She will begin her American tour under Messrs. Abbey & Shoeffel's management, in the Germania (formerly Wallack's) Theater, New York, that house having been secured last week.

Stage Manager Seymour says that since last September he has read 150 plays offered by American authors to the Madison Square Theater, and out of that number only five have been accepted—"the rest," he naively remarks, "were all bad." In but four was the scene laid in this country.

Mme. Bernhardt-Damalas' three weeks' engagement at the London Gaiety brought $40,000 into the treasury. Sarah and her husband are now resting at her villa near Havre, but will emerge to play "La Dame aux Camelias" at Aix on the 15th, and at Vichy four days later, for which they are to receive $4,000.

Manager Abbey is having built a palace car on a new model for the tour of Mrs. Langtry next season, and that of Henry Irving the season following. There will be three private compartments, one of which Mr. Abbey will retain for his own use, a drawing-room supplied with a piano, a dining-room, a completely equipped kitchen and a bath.

Mr. Louis Aldrich will shortly take his family to the seaside for the summer. He and his partner, Mr. Parsloe, have engaged Mr. M. A. Kennedy, a San Francisco actor, to play Maj. Britt in "My Partner" next season, in place of Mr. George D. Chaplin, who goes with Mme. Januschek.

"The Jerseyman" is the title of the new play which Mr. Edwin A. Locke has just completed for Mr. Barney McAuley. Mr. Locke, it will be remembered, is the author "A Messenger from Jarvis Section," in which Mr. McAuley has been so successful for the past four seasons. "The Jerseyman" has been accepted, and will be produced in the early autumn.

Mr. Stuart Robson had a great deal of "fun with the boys" on the Fourth of July. For some time previous he had invited every boy he met to come to his residence in Cohasset on the national holiday, and, in response to his invitations, about fifty lads of all conditions in life appeared there. The genial actor treated them to ice cream by the gallon and cake by the bushel, together with numerous other toothsome compounds dear to the youthful palate, and, when they could eat no more, he organized a celebration that evoked more real fun, for young and old, it is safe to say, than was realized that day at any other place in the commonwealth. His efforts were heartily seconded by his long-time partner, Mr. W. H. Crane, and by Mr. Charles R. Thorne, Jr., of the Union Square Theater, who joined in the sports and games with all possible zest. The boys around Cohasset and along the south shore will long remember the occasion as one of the jolliest "Fourths" they ever enjoyed.

A Philanthropist Dished.

From the Philadelphia Record.

It was a pathetic incident. The elderly gentleman was walking down Tenth street when the wail of a tender youth who had fallen on the sidewalk and broken the crockery in his dinner pail smote upon his ear. "Never mind, my little lad: are you much hurt?" asked the benevolent gray-beard. No, sir; I'm not hurt," replied the youngster. "Then why do you cry?" "Because I'll get licked when I get home." "Well, well, my boy; go and buy another plate and cup, and your mother won't know the difference," said Philanthropy, as he handed the lad a silver token. The boy took the money, but set up a more dismal howl than before. "I'll get licked all the same—boo hoo." "Why so?" asked the interested gentleman. "'Cause you only give me ten cents, and the sucker I picked up yesterday gave me fifty!" The venerable gentleman strode along musing.

ISMAIL IN ROME.

How the Ex-Khedive of Egypt is Enjoying This Life.

Perugia letterto the Manchester Examiner.

Among the villas which have sprung up in Rome since 1870 in the new quarter of the Macao there is scarcely any more imposing or attractive than the one generally known as Villa Telfener. It was built originally for Signor Ahemo, the private secretary and even connection of King Victor Emmanuel, for that gentleman had married a relation of the Countess Mirafiore, with whom the King, it is well known, had contracted a morganatic union. This very handsome villa became the property of Count Telfener, the railway contractor, who is now engaged in constructing the direct line from New York to Mexico. It then passed into the hands of the Oriental retired from business, who is at the present moment one of the most prominent figures in the society of Naples and Rome. On his arrival at Naples from Alexandria there was assigned to him the royal villa, La Favorita, and in that villa he established his family, consisting of *ma femme*, whom he never mentions save in terms of the highest respect and affection, and a large bevy of ladies, such as the custom of the East entitles a person of his rank and wealth to be possessed of. When he further established himself in Rome, his proceedings here attracted no little attention. He is, in truth, a very remarkable man. Perhaps Manchester would like to know some details about him. His house has done a good deal of business with Manchester. He thinks it just possible that he personally may again do business with Manchester. He takes a great interest in the welfare of Manchester. He can tell you, as exactly as was told in your impression of last Friday, the number of bales of cotton shipped from Alexandria to Liverpool for the manufacturing usages of Manchester.

But at present I am chiefly concerned with his social position in Rome. There he knows everybody worth knowing, and evidently made it his first business to do so from the moment of his arrival. Nor is there any great difficulty for a person of fair standing in society to know him. This courteous Oriental receives visits in the morning. You go to the Villa Telfener, are shown into a spacious room on the ground floor to the right of the entrance, where you will find two or three secretaries busily writing. On presenting your card or letter of introduction, one of the secretaries disappears, returns in a couple of minutes, and by him you are conducted through a small ante-room into a large drawing-room, at the end of which you will find seated the Oriental retired from business. He rises, receives you most courteously, offers you at once a cigar or a cigarette, whichever you prefer, insists, whatever remonstrance you may make, on himself holding the light for you, when you are lighting your cigar, and will then proceed to chat on all possible subjects with equal courtesy and ease. He is a little, decidedly stout gentleman, has no Oriental swarthiness or gravity in his manner, for he is as fair as an Anglo Saxon, and in his features, which tell of some 60 years of age, you are most struck by his half-closed eyes and by the slight squint which they possess. He speaks excellent, indeed perfect French, is full of bon mots and epigrams, and so overflowing with anecdote that he might almost figure as the hero of Capt. Marryat's story, "The Pasha of Many Tales." Perhaps he will invite you to stay to luncheon, at which all the secretaries are present. Later in the day the large gates of the Villa Telfener are thrown open, and our Oriental friend may be seen setting out for his afternoon drive to the Pincio or the Villa Borghese in his dark caleche or brougham, with the red wheels, the dark blue livories, and the two fine gray horses. At the Pincio or the Villa Borghese there is a universal bowing and greeting whenever he comes, above all between the ladies and himself, for he is a prodigious favorite with the fair sex. Once a month, perhaps, when he sets forth for his drive, it is not in the brougham with the two gray horses, but in a magnificent state carriage with four gray horses, and coachman and footman wear, not the usual dark blue, but gorgeous light blue and gold state liveries. The state carriage takes the direction of the Quirinal Palace, where the sentinels present arms before he enters and after he has finished his visit to King Humbert. Sometimes the state carriage goes in another direction. As a rule, distinguished personages in Rome who visit the King of Italy at the Quirinal do not visit the Pope at the Vatican, and vice versa; but our Oriental friend is equally at home on the right and the left side of the Tiber, and when he drives up to the gates of the Vatican all the Swiss guards are called out, and this believer in Mahommed is treated with all the forms of old Papal etiquette by the successor of St. Peter.

After these drives and visits he returns to the Villa Telfener, and no evening during his stay in Rome is allowed to pass over without a dinner party of some eight or ten guests, at least one-half consisting of ladies, these guests chosen with singular tact from the most influential political or social circles, without any distinction of party, in the Italian capital. And if the saying ascribed to Lord Palmerston be true, that *la vraie base de la diplomacie c'est la cuisine*, our Oriental friend's dinners are the highest triumphs of diplomatic art. Until his arrival in Rome, the Belgian embassy was considered to stand first in this respect; but the sauces and *entremets* of even Mr. M. Van Loo must hide their diminished heads before the unrivaled courses of a Villa Telfener dinner. The host is a neologian in his interpretation of the maxims of the Koran respecting wine. There are wet Mohammedans as well as wet Quakers, and as the libations of Johannisberg follow the Madeira, and the Chateau La Rose or Chambertin follow the Johannisberg, and Veuve Cliquot, with all her creamy attractions, follows the claret or Burgundy, the guests can not help thinking that unless they are moderate in their draughts they may themselves exhibit the spectacle of "wet Europeans." After dinner the host does the honors of his saloon with untiring gayety and urbanity. He passes from one fair guest to another, keeping all in good humor with his jokes and stories, so that the impression which they carry away is even more that of good will toward their host than of admiration for the splendor of the banquet. Rarely indeed, if ever, have they partaken of a banquet where the table groaned beneath such quantities of massive silver and gold plate. Our Oriental friend can well afford to have such services of plate if it be true that he retired, it would be much more correct to say was ejected from the firm with an income of from £150,000 to £200,000 a year. The noble rule of the Almanack des Gourmandes which Macauley loved to quote declares that when a man gives you a good dinner you are bound to speak well of him for at least three months. I am afraid this rule is not always observed by the guests of the Oriental. They have been known to whisper of late that their host, who has far more gold and silver than what glitters on his table, has been employing some of it to make matters far from pleasant in Egypt, and that some of the said gold and silver has even found its way into the pocket of Arabi Bey. For long before I have written so far, most of your Manchester readers, I feel convinced, will have guessed that the Oriental retired from business who lives in such splendor in Rome is no other than the ex-Khedive Ismail, who rules with such pomp and power in Cairo.

French Stagnation.

From the New York Times.

The stagnation of the French population is naturally a source of satisfaction to the Germans. A bloody campaign would, they maintain, quickly exhaust the stock of French soldiers available, and, at best, cause them to fall back upon mere boys. This is the real source of danger to France from her population increasing so very slowly, and, in fact, to the bloody campaigns between 1670 and 1815, taken with the half-starved plight of the peasantry during no inconsiderable portion of that period may be chiefly ascribed the deficiency to-day. Another cause is the habit of putting babies out to nurse, which has been shown in the most conclusive manner to result in an enormous mortality. In the meantime, the Germans have plenty of men, even after sending hundreds of thousands here and elsewhere, while the French emigration amounts to nothing. Restaurant-keeping, for example, is par excellence a French business, and yet in this city of restaurants scarce a restaurant is kept by a real Frenchman. Those whom Americans often take to be such are Swiss or Belgian. Even when a Frenchman does summon up courage to come here it is only to return home as soon as he can.

A Celebrated Couple at the Theater.

From the New York Tribune.

At the Bijou Theater on Saturday night there was a pair that attracted some attention. They sat on the north side of the house, midway between the aisles, about eight rows back from the footlights. There was nothing particularly striking about them. The man was rather insignificant in appearance. He was slight, a little undersized, with a pale face and a Roman nose. He was dressed neatly in black, with a modest scarf, the only jewelry he wore being a scarf pin and a plain gold chain. Under the seat he occupied lay a small straw hat, encircled by a plain black band. The woman was pretty, with a graceful figure. Her dress was in excellent taste. It was black, and quietly but fashionably made. Her hat was a small round one, black and ornamented with two or three feathers of a dark color. She wore little or no jewelry. In her hands, which were ungloved, she carried a blue and white feather fan.

The pair enjoyed the performance. They had evidently never seen "Patience" before. They were intelligent enough to appreciate Mr. Gilbert's jokes, and they laughed at all of them as if they had never heard them. Yet their mirth was never boisterous; it was characterized by the same good taste as their dress. The two were not profuse in their attentions to each other, although the man would occasionally lean over toward his companion in an affectionate manner. They were evidently on the best of terms, but their bearing toward each other was rather that of a married couple than of two lovers.

When the last song had been sung and the curtain had fallen the couple left the theater with the rest of the audience. The woman did not take her companion's arm at first. At the door he stopped and lighted a cigarette. They then turned and walked down Broadway through the crowd. At Twenty-seventh street several painted women and loud-talking men unexpectedly brushed against the woman. She shrank instinctively from them and took her companion's arm as if for protection.

"Do you know that couple?" asked a young man just graduated from Yale, who was walking behind them with a friend.

"They are Blanche Douglas and Walter Malley."

Mrs. Scoville's Bouquet.

Washington Special to Cincinnati Gazette.

It was stated in these dispatches in the report of the Guiteau execution that on the afternoon of the day before Mrs. Scoville sent to the Jail a large bouquet, and that there were reasons to think some of the flowers contained poison, by means of which it was expected Guiteau might escape the gallows. The report at the time was generally denied as sensational. The analysis of the suspected flowers, which has been completed by the chemist to-day, shows that the report was true, and that the central rose contained very plain traces of arsenic, a sufficient quantity, said Dr. Tilden, chemist at the laboratory of the Army Medical Museum, to have killed several men if they had taken it. The incidents of that afternoon, in view of this discovery, have additional significance. Mrs. Scoville's passionate outburst at not being permitted to enter the cell, and her great disappointment on account of it, were noticed at the time. The officers thought then, and are now quite certain, that if she had been admitted to the cell and had whispered in Guiteau's ear that the flower was poisoned, Guiteau might have ended his life the night before the execution. It is certain that Mrs. Scoville, in all possible ways, from the corridor outside the cell, called her brother's attention to the central flower, which was a large white rose. She said it was the finest flower she had ever seen, commented earnestly on its beauty, and endeavored in every possible manner to call Guiteau's attention to it. The analysis of the chemist, as to whose skill there can be no doubt, no longer leaves a question that the Jail officers barely saved their prisoner for the gallows. More of the flowers are to be analyzed.

Oscar Wilde's Papa.

From the Charleston News and Courier.

A contemporary in a biographical sketch of Oscar Wilde tells a story which is almost as broad as the famous one of which Lady Mary Wortley Montague was the subject. It says: "Whence Mr. Wilde got his æstheticism we know not. It was not from that worthy man of science, his father. His habits were Hibernian to the core, and 'racy of the soil.' Dining out one day in Dublin, a lady, an intimate acquaintance, whom he took down to dinner, said: 'Now really, Sir William, this is outrageous; you haven't washed your hands.' With great good humor the eminent oculist replied: 'I will bet you there's a dirtier hand than that here.' 'I don't believe it,' rejoined his fair companion. 'Well then, there,' said the knight, and he held up his other hand. He spoke truth."

FASHION NOTES.

The newest canes for gentlemen have hammered copper heads.

Large Leghorn hats with white and yellow plumes are most popular because they can be worn with costumes of any of the colors now in vogue.

Venetian lace in patterns like those of rose point is the most elegant trimming for the Canton crepe dresses worn at summer receptions.

The latest large London hat, called the Langtry, has marabout feathers set in a soft fluffy puff on the edge of the brim.

Many of the cotton satines that are too striking and bizarre for dresses to be worn in the city will be effective for country toilets.

The prettiest lace mantle is the double fichu of guipure net with a full frill of the lace on its edges, and black velvet ribbon bows to tie it in front.

Madopolams is the new French fabric for "washing" dresses. It is stamped with figures in bright colors, or else it is plain cream white.

Just as beaded trimmings are losing favor and are about to be relegated to the Indians who first wore them, it is announced that real gold beads, real turquoises and pure amber beads are in vogue in Paris.

Tea-gowns have Watteau overdresses of large figured foulard, with a skirt of crevette (shrimp) colored satin trimmed with puffs and white lace. Bows of dark red velvet ribbon trim the corsage and sleeves.

White Chudda cloth dresses, with old blue or dull red velvet collar and cuffs, are worn at summer hotels by ladies whose fair complexion will admit such a trying toilet.

Small boys wear scarlet coats of hussar cloth over their white kilt suits at the watering-places. There are frogs of black cord up the front of the jacket. A red Turkish fez completes the costume.

Merchants predict that the taste for embroidered dresses will increase next season, and some economical persons think it well to buy embroidered cashmere dresses for next winter at their present reduced prices.

Large white mull shawls with embroidery in each corner and some block figures of drawn work are worn by ladies in the country at church, on the piazza and in open carriages.

The genuine India muslin, as glossy as silk, and diaphanous like gauze, is worn by English women of wealth, who import it directly from India. A batiste skirt is worn beneath this fabric, and both these are mounted on a silk skirt in order to bring out its finest effect.

CAPITAL PICKINGS.

Senator Conger and Other Legislative Notables.

A Feminine Press Club—Washington's Great Need—Frank Cushing's Marriage, Etc.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Hotter than blazes.

Congress still goes on wrangling, the latest row having occurred in the Senate between Senators Butler and Conger. Senator Conger is a very trying man. He has a bitter, acrid wit which is certainly devoid of the finer quality of humor, and when he makes a joke somebody always winces. When he was in the House he lacked dignity, and was disposed to turn the assembly of notables into an amateur minstrel performance. When he was transplanted to the Senate he learned to behave himself better. He has a son who lives here. In the shooting affair which occurred in the office of the National Republican last winter, by which Soteldo lost his life while making an attack, with his brother to help him, on Mr. Barton, one of the editors, Mr. Conger, seeing two armed men attacking Mr. Barton, exerted himself most heroically to save the lamp that stood on the table, which he gallantly carried to a place of safety. Senator Butler is a member of the celebrated Butler family of South Carolina, of whom Fanny Kemble married one—the notorious Pierce Butler. As is well known, the two Senators from South Carolina have only two legs between them—but they are just as plucky as if they had two legs apiece. Senator Butler isn't afraid to speak his mind if he is a one-legged man, and as for Senator Hampton, he does his best to control himself, but he is a regular old fire-eater. He can't help liking to fight and wanting to lick a man when he says insulting things about him. If there ever was anything supremely funny, it was Senator Hampton's efforts to get John Sherman to fight a year or two ago. The fiery old soldier was in dead earnest. He thought John Sherman a scoundrel and told him so. Senator Sherman believes in moral suasion—letting a man call him names and tear his reputation to pieces without striking a blow. It may seem a barbarous sentiment, but in the times when a resort to Bladensburg was occasionally known between two antagonists Congress was not half such a bear-garden as it is now. In point of fact few of the belligerent Congressmen were seriously hurt—they were slightly winged, but that was rather a warning to them to behave themselves in the future. Of course, the New England love-your-neighbor-as-yourself-but-pay-your-political-assessment class would be deeply shocked at this antique sentiment, just as they are paralyzed by the iniquities of the Mormons, while other own divorce laws are the shame and scandal of the nineteenth century. But when people's reputations are dear to them they are willing to risk a hole in their skins for the sake of reputation.

To return to Senator Conger. He had a veritable romance, although apparently the last man in the world to fall a victim to the tender passion. In early life he had been engaged to a young lady from whom circumstances had separated him. He married and she married. His wife died, and no hint of marrying appeared to enter the mind of the Representative from Michigan. His first love, then a widow, came to Washington on a visit, and one day, going down to the Capitol, from the ladies' gallery of the House she heard a gentleman making a speech. She listened to its conclusion, recognized her former lover, and sent him a card. He immediately left the floor of the House and came up to the gallery, where their acquaintance was renewed, and in a few weeks the pretty widow was the second Mrs. Conger.

The fashion of ladies going to the House and Senate galleries has its increases and lapses, just like everything else feminine. Never, since the Electoral Commission days, have ladies been seen so much at the Capitol as during the present session. Even now, in spite of the summer begira, they flock there in numbers. It is absolutely *de rigueur* for a member to invite a party of ladies of his acquaintance to lunch at the Capitol restaurant if he sees them on the gallery. (N. B.—It is hoped that this will meet the eye of the Missouri delegation.) He must offer them champagne, which they will understand is to be refused and beer ordered instead. When the bill comes in the Congressman will then understand himself what the understanding was.

The she correspondents to the number of twenty have organized a press club. Of course it does not include all the she correspondents, of which there are probably two hundred in Washington. Only those that are not ashamed of the faith that is in them. Mrs. Olivia Briggs, who was long known as one of the most brilliant female writers of the country, having been identified with the Philadelphia Press during its palmiest days under John W. Forney, is the president. The ladies met at the Riggs House and agreed to meet again. What for this correspondent, who usually knows all about everything, is unable to say, not being a member of the charmed circle.

People still get married occasionally, the latest candidate in that direction being Mr. Frank E. Cushing, the Zuni Indian man. Just as likely as not, the benighted compatriots of Jesse James don't know who the Zuni Indian man is. Well, he is the individual in charge of the Zuni Indians, who with Oscar Wilde and Jumbo were the sensations of Washington last winter, who went to Boston, and was lionized by Mrs. Julia Ward Howe and all the literati. Mr. Cushing has apparently pitched the Zunis for a young lady of Washington whom he married last week, but the papers say he will return to Zuni in the fall. Where Zuni is nobody seems to know. It is either near Wrangell Land and Herald Island, or else somewhere in Mexico.

Twice a week does the Marine Band discourse music in the White House grounds. The President often selects the airs himself, and invites friends to sit upon the south porch during the performances. Judging from the selections the President's taste does not run to Wagner and Brahms and Schumann. He likes "The Mascot" and "Patience" and similar musical favorites.

Le Clear, the artist who painted the portrait of Gen. Grant and of Gen. Garfield, is soon to have sittings from the President. The portrait by Andrews of Gen. Garfield is pronounced a wonderful success, and was hung in the hall of the House of Representatives on the occasion of the Garfield memorial services. It now hangs in the main corridor of the White House, which contains the pictures of most if not all of the Presidents.

President Barrios, of Guatemala, will be in Washington, at the Arlington Hotel, next week, and, in spite of July heat, numerous entertainments will be offered him. As there isn't anybody left in town to come, the President will not probably give him a large entertainment at the White House, but only a select and very splendid dinner.

Among the excursionists of the season, Senator Bayard, Mr. Perry Belmont (Mr. Blaine's young man) and a party of friends will go to the Yellowstone Park. The wife of Senator Farley will be the only one of the ladies from the Pacific Coast who will return home. The others will try an experience of Eastern watering-places.

Until recently one of the greatest wants of Washington has been of small places of resort near enough to go and return in a day, where people who are obliged to stay here during the best part of the hot season will go for a breath of fresh air. This want is being gradually supplied, the last scheme being the purchase of the historic Fort Washington, on the opposite side of the river from Mount Vernon and about three-quarters of an hour from Washington. It has not been garrisoned for many years, except by picnic parties. It is proposed to build a fine hotel and to make it a refuge in hot weather.

Senator Ransom is the hero of the hour. As long as he lives the halo of that half million of money he got for the reclamation of the Potomac Flats will effulgently surround him. Besides what will be used for residences a large public park will be reserved. The citizens are jubilant over it.

DE VERNON.

SUMMER IN PARIS.

A Dull City, Exceedingly Uninviting to Tourists.

Paris Letter to the New York Times.

I am usually disposed to laugh at the stereotyped phrase found in all the newspapers about the "solitude of the streets of Paris," once the Grand Prix has been run for. At present though, and for the first time in the month of June within my recollection, I am obliged to confess that the lamentations of chroniclers are justified, that Paris is, approximately, a desert, where are not seen even the customary nomads from across the Channel who are wont to gladden the hearts of the native urchins by the exhibition of strange garments and wonderful shoes. Nor am I surprised at this postponement of the annual invasion of Mr. Cook's tourists, for certainly Paris offers few, if any, attractions to the traveler whose aims are other than long stations, oft repeated, before the counters of the Bon Marche and the Louvre. It rains all the time, or if it don't rain it hails; it is not safe to go out of doors without an overcoat, and yet there are occasional blasts of hot air as stifling as the Egyptian Khamsin. The streets are quagmires or dust-heaps, never swept or watered when the weather is dry—a semi-occasional situation remembered as existing last month—never cleaned of mire when the weather is wet. There are holes in the asphalt causeways, holes in the macadam of the boulevards, yawning chasms, such as distinguished the city of the Sultan, in the streets where stones are still used for pavements. Whether you go to the wealthy quarters or to the proletarian suburbs, the intuition is the same, the Commission of Public Ways shows the same indifference to the comfort of its fellow-citizens. Formerly the access to the Champs Elysees was prohibited to all vehicles unprovided with springs, and interdicted to omnibuses between certain hours of the afternoon; now all restrictions have been removed, and on the fashionable promenade one sees more carts and drags than private equipages, and the City Fathers, memorialized on the subject, gravely reply: "This is as it should be. The Champ Elysees avenue is the main artery of communication between the Place de la Concorde and the Etoile, wherefore it is neither right nor just to give its monopoly to the rich. Such partiality might be expected under a regime of tyranny; it cannot be tolerated by an Administration which is inspired by the immortal principles of '89." Some people fail to see the connection between liberty and dirty streets, but the Ædiles maintain that this connection exists, and as some of the "Socialist"—the advanced newspapers have substituted this epithet for "radical"—organs approve the doings of the Municipal Council, there may be—wherefore I shall not discuss the question, merely noticing the fact that the impression produced by this manifestation of equality on foreign visitors is not universally favorable, any more than is the notion of fraternity connected with certain performances in the Bois de Boulogne, when two or three cases of garroting are signaled every week. The police have made several productive raids into the bushes off the main roads, gathering up batches of land pirates, male and female, sometimes as many as ten or a dozen in the course of an evening; but this remedy is insufficient, and will, I fancy, be abandoned as expensive, for the "interesting victims" of the "vile mouchards" are uniformly released after a couple of days' detention with a gratuity of 2f. and the recommendation "to work at some honest profession," which most of them interpret according to their lights and begin their exploits over again.

Foreigners, however, are rather indifferent to such considerations; they care naught for sociology, and, learning from such of their acquaintances as have made the experiment that Paris is terribly dull and dirty, postpone their visit or make it a flying one, all of which is a sore trial to the hotel-keepers. Wait for two months, at least, would be my advice to all intending travelers: there is nothing to amuse any one here at present except the circus, where a horse-tamer exhibits two of his equine pupils on a see-saw, and the Hippodrome, at which establishment two oxen balance each other at the opposite extremities of a plank. The Salon has closed its doors, and so has M. Petit's show of paintings in the Rue de Seze—infinitely more choice, by the way, than the official one, and the Vaudeville, the Palais Royal, and the Varietes will be like graveyards next Saturday, so that exotics will be left with only a very meagre bill of fare to choose from. But what a splendid outlook there is for next season. Judge for yourselves how worthy of all praise will be the caterers to public amusement if they fulfill their promises.

A Knight of Pythias Presentation.

At the regular weekly meeting of Golden Crown Lodge, No. 62, Knights of Pythias, at their hall, Tuesday evening, July 11, the following officers for the new term were installed:

Chas. W. Aldrich, Past Chancellor.
Chas. Pikus, Chancellor Commander.
Chas. S. Alvord, Vice-Chancellor.
Rev. Dr. Glerlow, Prelate.
Alex. Lightstone, Master of Exchequer.
C. A. Aldrich, Master of Finances.
John Bruce, Keeper of Record and Seals.
Wm. Pikus, Master at Arms.
Adams and Horstmier, Inner and Outer Guards.
Jas. W. Cook, Alex. Lightstone and Chas. W. Aldrich, Representatives to the Grand Lodge.

The lodge expressed itself as well satisfied with the administration of the retiring Chancellor, Charles W. Aldrich. At the close of the meeting Mr. Aldrich was invited to the residence of Charles S. Alvor, No. 1118 Pine street, where a supper and music afforded pleasure to the participants. During the evening a fine jewel badge was presented to Mr. Aldrich.

Sad End of a Sad Story.

From the London Daily News.

Our Vienna correspondent, referring to the late painful case of suicide by two young girls observes: "The poor girl's account of her lover's indifference and his father's hardness of heart might be deemed exaggerated did not subsequent circumstances show them to be true to the letter. Old Count Condenhoven was so shocked at the whole event that he left the castle the same day on which the corpses were found. The young Count ordered a decent funeral for the girls, and made the gardener cut all the flowers to be found in hot-house and gardens to deck their coffins and their grave. The old Count, on returning to Ottenheim, heard of this, and immediately gave orders the very reverse of those given by his son. The girls were buried outside the churchyard wall in the early morning, when no one knew of the ceremony, and when no friendly hand could throw earth upon them with a pitying heart."

P. T. Barnum was at Agricultural Hall, London, a fortnight ago, when he was informed that the Prince of Wales would like to see him. "His Royal Highness," said the equerry, "wonders what your next enterprise will be. Perhaps you would like to take the British army over to exhibit in America. "Well, no," responded Barnum; "tell the Prince, with my compliments, I would much rather take him over."

A MEETING.

Quite carelessly I turned the newsy sheet;
A song I wrote full many a year ago
Smiled up at me, as in a crowded street
One runs across a friend he used to know.

So full it was—that simple, little song—
Of all the love, the transport and the truth
Which to the impetuous morn of life belong,
That once again I seemed to grasp my youth.

So full it was of that sweet fancied pain
We woo and cherish ere we meet with woe,
I felt as one who hears a plaintive strain
His mother sang him in the long ago.

Up from their grave, the years that lay between
That sung's birthday and my stern present, came
Like phantom forms, and swept across the scene,
Bearing my broken dreams of love and fame.

Fair hopes and bright ambitions that I knew
In that old time, with that ideal grace,
Shone for one moment, then were lost to view
Behind the dull clouds of the commonplace

With trembling hands I put the sheet away.
Ah, little song! the sad and hopeless truth
Struck like an arrow when we met that day—
My life has missed the promise of its youth.

ELLA WHEELER.

A FRONTIER STORY.

From the Circus Ring to Wealth.

The North American Consolidated Circus was to show in Shadowville. Shadowville was named after a legend of a haunted shadow that envelopes the town after sunset; and long before the canvas flaps were drawn back and the highly gulided ticket-wagon, with the "electric ticket seller!" was ready to exhange greenbacks for the redbacked "open sesame," the ground and two streets leading to the lot were crowded with an anxious, expectant, peanut-munching, chewing-gum-masticating collection. The large posters and hand-bills announced in highly-colored style the arrival of "Miss Nannie Florenstein, the most wonderful bareback rider in the known world!" while the little "gutter snipes" simply begged the people to "wait for Miss Nannie Florenstein."

The "doors are thrown open," and in less than twenty minutes the immense canvass is rising and falling with the concentrated respirations of 5,000 people! Such a crowd! Charles Dickens, Anthony Trollope, or Bret Harte would have been in ecstacies at the curious collection of faces, costumes and vernacular, not to mention the expressions of genuine enthusiasm or surprise at even the entries into the ring of even the sawdust rakers.

The band has ended its attempt at one of Strauss' waltzes, and the master of ceremonies, Mr. Lunt, walks consequentially into the ring, bowing to the vast concourse who applaud at—they scarce know what.

"This way, Mr. Oliphant!"

"Aye! aye! sir! 'Ere h'i h'am. Ah, sir! this bevy of smiling faces is refreshing evenin to the sawdust. [Applause.] What shall we have now, sir?" asks the jester (?) as he throws his hat in the air and catches it on the ground.

"Mr. Tom Karl."

"Not the tender singer, sir?"

"You mean tenor singer! No! The pad rider, sir."

"It's all the same, Mr. Lunt; but time's flying. Ah! here is Karl! Now then, Mr. Karl, that's the way I used to ride—(aside) in my mind."

And so it goes. One act after another; each one showing agility, daring and skill; while the old jester and ring master entertain the crowd and rest the performers.

"Miss Nannie Florenstein, ladies and gentlemen, will now have the honor of appearing before you in her wonderful bare-back act—riding a wild untamed horse without either bridle, saddle or surcingle. An act never before accomplished—although often attempted—by any lady in the world! Miss Nannie Florenstein!"

A lithe, pretty little lady, with an anxious, care-worn face, stepped into the ring, and, acknowledging the applause of the audience, vaulted lightly on the back of her black horse, and quicker than a flash of lightning was off. Around and around the forty-two-foot circle she goes, pirouetting, posturing and doing a really graceful, wonderful act.

She is what all the papers had claimed she would be. There is a spirit of reckless daring flashing from her dark eyes as she jumps "the banners," and even the old and storied ring-master watches her anxiously as she attempts one act more daring than the rest, that of standing on her tip-toes on the horse's hindquarters and slowly pirouetting as the animal continues his mad career.

Suddenly she reels. She has lost her balance. Over she goes. Her head has struck the ring board. A shriek of a thousand anxious voices rends the air, and all is confusion.

She is bleeding, bleeding profusely from a cut in her forehead. A hundred hands are ready to convey her to the dressing tent.

A rough-hewn specimen of a man suddenly appears in their midst. Where he came from or what moved him no one knows.

"Stand back! Stand back, I say, and give the gal air! Do ye hear?"

Instinctively every one obeys him.

"Yer a doctor, Doctor, this gal I know. Tend ter her, an' look ter me for the perkisites."

A quiet, confident-looking gentleman, Dr. Adams, is already by her side, stopping the flow of blood, and under his directions she is conveyed to her dressing tent, the miner, tall, athletic, with immense sunburned beard, following anxiously in the rear.

The performance has been renewed and the crowd are forgetting the accident, when the miner appears in the ring dragging after him a performer, Monsieur La Forge, as he is called, "the strongest man in the world," who resists with all his might, the iron muscles that are clinched like a vice on his wrists.

A trapeze act is being performed, but all eyes are on the miner and his victim, not one of the performers having interfered, as they all dislike and fear La Forge for his bullying, bragadocio character.

"Leddies and gintlemin, this yere coyote am ther cause on that yere young gal er falling. I knows 'em both. He wanted ter kill her. Yes, yer did, ye skunk! He stole her when she war a chile from my sister. I knowed him; I knowed her. He hearn I was coming ter-day and he sed that he'd kill her. Lay down, yer he-bar! Lay down, I say.

"I was standing close on ter this ring when I seed him fire sumthing at her. She turned her putty eyes to see what it wur and over he went. Mister performers, ye'll 'scuse me fur interruptin' yer performances, but I thought I'd let these yere know who this skunk is. Now, then, Meester Ler Forger, alias John Rafferty, what hev yer got ter say ter my statement?"

"Hang him! Hang him! Strangle him!" broke in the crowd as they left their seats and rushed for the ring.

"Back! Back! Yer shan't hang him! Do yer hear? Ther fust man that raises a finger to throttle him I'll pile in that yere straw dust! Do yer year?"

His revolver leveled at the angry, grumbling crowd held them back. They all knew him. All knew old Ned Struthers, the most daring and best shot on the frontier; a man whom the redskins feared more than a whole army of trained United States soldiers; a remnant of a race of men who could settle the Indian question quicker, better and with less expense than a whole army of Indian whisky-selling agents; a man who they knew was dangerous and vindictive when aroused. So all kept their distance.

"Now, thin, yer goll-darned skunk, git up aff yer knees! Git!"

"The doctor says Miss Florenstein is dying!" the ring-master, pale and breathless, announced as he ran into the ring.

"Dying, did yer say, Mister? Oh, yer mean rattlesnake! Pray she may live—pray! Er she dies, I'll hang yer scalp on her coffin! Do you hear?"

Poor Rafferty, by the intervention of the Sheriff, who had a free pass to the show, and was present, was released from Ned Struthers' hold and taken away to the lock-up while Ned hurried to the bedside of his sister's child, Miss Nannie Florenstein.

She tossed and moaned upon her impoverished bed of straw, an anguish-stricken few around her; for she was loved by the company. Her lusterless eyes would open appealingly, and, looking at some familiar face with tear-bedimmed expression near her, try to smile them a recognition—a sad, painful recognition.

The doctor knelt beside her with one hand on her pulse and one on her bandaged forehead, and, as he noticed the weary, faint pulsation, would shake his head, prophetic of her death.

The flaps of her tent are raised, and old Ned Struthers, hat in hand, looks in, asking in a mute way permission to enter. The doctor sees him and beckons him to her side.

Nannie hears his footstep as it crushes the straw beneath his weight, and, slowly opening her eyes, looks at him in an indifferent, inquisitive way. Suddenly they brighten, —she closes them as if to think—in a minute opens them with a gigl smile of affectionate recognition lighting up her handsome, pale face, raises her weak hand, beckons him to her, and as he takes her little finger into his brawny palm she pulls him gently to her and whispers something in his ears. She cannot speak loud.

Old Ned cannot keep back the tears as they slowly run down his bronzed cheek and are lost in the shadow of his beard. He has now knelt beside her, and answers her whispered question.

"Yes, leetle 'un! I'm yer uncle—yer loving uncle! Get well, leetle un, and I'll take care on yer." He could say no more.

She, poor little bruised body, turns to him a grateful smile of affection, and again drawing him to her, kisses his wrinkled old forehead, while the group who are silent witnesses of the scene turn away their heads in silent sorrow.

"Say, Doctor, can't we move her to sum more kumfortable quarters? To ther hotel. Her aunty lives some twenty miles from yere, and I'll send for her."

Again Nannie opened her eyes, looking anxiously, at the doctor, but a shadow darkens the tent opening and a young, handsome-faced man enters; instantly her eyes meet his, and she beckons him to her, and drawing him down to her side, whispers a few words in his ear. His face brightens, and turning to Ned—who is curiously watching this last scene—puts out a hard muscular hand as he says:

"Mr. Struthers, Nannie tells me you are her uncle. I am engaged to be married to Nan."

Old Ned eyed him curiously and doubtingly as he replies:

"Wal, sir! what Nan tells yer is gospel truth. I'm her unsie; but about the other part of the bizness I ain't so sartin"—but seeing Nan's troubled face appealingly turned to him, he continues, "But was she right? Nan oughter be married. Ef she was she wouldn't be yere, a jumping on bar horseback, he showing her how, sir, she oughter be at hum, and I'd do ther barback ridin' for ther crowd—thet is our leetle crowd, ter hum; but 'scuse me, we must move Nan —what's yer business, sir?"

"I'm in the same business as Nan; we were brought up together, trained together, and next week we were to be married."

"Together, I serpose?" laughingly answered Ned, as he saw Nan brighten and smile at her intended's words.

Nan was carefully removed to a hotel, the proprietor of the circus defraying all the necessary expenses of a large room and extra attendance. Old Ned was about to start for his sister's Nan's aunt, to attend her, and had taken a more hopeful view of her recovery if properly nursed, when he, entering the barroom of the hotel, preparatory to starting, was suddenly made aware that he was the target of at least a dozen eyes, all staring with a perplexed gaze at him. First he thought it might be something in his dress, but this he quickly ascertained was not so; then he surveyed his face in the mirror opposite. At last he got angry.

"What are ye all staring at? Do I owe enny on yer enythinig, eh?" He was defiant now.

"No, Mr. Struthers, you don't owe anybody here anything that I am aware of! We have congregated here to congratulate you. We heard you had recovered your niece and your mine, and we come, as fellow-townsmen, to congratuiate you." It was the town justice who spoke.

"My neesse, pardner, I've diskivered, but ther mine I wanter sell out to-morrow, and ——"

"Mr. Struthers, here's a telegram for you." A messenger boy handed him a telegram.

"Read that fir me, lidge, will yer?" And he handed the telegram to the justice of the peace.

"Mr. Struthers, it is an offer from Col. Allston, of San Francisco. He says: 'I will give you three hundred thousand dollars and one quarter share for your Red Gulch mine. Answer. Pay in cash.' That's all, sir, only the news has been on the street for half an hour!"

"Wal, I declare that's prime news! Let's take a drink, boys. Squire, you jist answer that tillygramm, will yer? Tell Kurnel Allston I'll take the offer, and he may send the cash yere. Say, boys, thet's gud news, but I must tell my neesse!"

"Mr. Smithers, before you go will you tell us about your niece?"

"Sartingly! Yer see, boys, about fifteen years agone my sister died an' left her leetle one—Nannie was her name—left her with a widder womin in Fresco. I war away in Nevady; ned only been gone three months. Yee young un war only nine years old, an' when I got that news I war struck dumb. Yer see, my sister had heart disease. I started with my pack mule fir Fresco, but whin I 'rived thar the young un and the widder war gone. I hearn she hed gone ter Brazzel with her husband, a man named Rafferty, a sirkus performar, so I waited. About thet time I war takin sick with small-pox, and win I got well I could not get no news on that young un, so I gave up thar trail. About one month ago I war at Red Gulch Canyon er staking of my 'find' whin Jim Parkins, my old pard, wrote me from San Yoses thet my leetle un war with this yere sirkus, an' thet her name was Nannie Florenstein. So I got on thar trail, found this yere Rafferty hed her as his'n—or raether his darter—got $200 a week fir her an' gave her nuthing, so I lit on him yere terday, dragged on him foul, and ther war wolf meat in the air. But he crawled, an' now I'm going ter send him ter prison. I think he can do more good breakin' stuns than performing on cannons—eh?"

The crowd—it was a crowd by the time he had finished—gave the old man three rousing cheers and he escaped from them, hastening to Nanuie's room to find her wonderfully improved and able to sit up.

* * * * * * * * * * *

The circus left Shadowville without "Miss Nannie Florenstein," and to-day she has returned from a village church a blooming bride, "Frank Grace, the celebrated bare-back rider," being her happy husband.

Old Ned occupies a seat in their carriage.

"Uncle, you have made me a happy woman and Frank a happy man."

"Yas, leetle un, I serpose so. It is better than bar'-back riding, ain't it?"

"Yes, uncle. But how can I thank you for all the wealth you have showered on me, and for the home you have bought us?" again asked Nan, as she kissed his happy face.

"Wall, leetle un, I don't kinder want eny thanks, only plese don't—I mean ef yer hev eny children, leetle un, don't trust 'em ter eny widders ter sell 'em out ter sirkus people fur bar'-back ridin'."

"You may be certain of that, Uncle Struthers," answered Frank, as he kissed his bride.

"Wall, I hope so. Enyhow, if yer do, see they doesn't fall from thar horse's back into a rich uncle's pocket—eh, you little pet!" And the carriage stopped in front of their new home, happy, bright and cheerful.

THE want columns of the POST-DISPATCH rent houses, secure tenants, sell miscellaneous property, bring buyers and sellers together, effect general brokerage quicker than any other known agency.

The European bathing dresses without sleeves are adopted here by ladies who swim well.

PROFLIGATE BERLIN.

Bismarck's Wicked Boys and Prince Battenberg.

Berlin Correspondence Philadelphia Press.

Social Berlin preserves the outward forms of a Puritan colony, while under the rose the passion flower and the daffodil grow in rank luxuriance.

Though doing their best, the Bismarck boys, Counts Herbert and John, have of late been rivaled in profligacy by their lordly associates. It is the gossip of the "brauereis" that the imposing portals of the Palace Radziwill, the official residence of Prince Bismarck, have been closed to the irrestrainable John. He has been from his boyhood up a burden to the paternal Bismarck. His pranks were the sorrow of the Bismarck party and the scorn and butt of the liberals. Some years ago he horrified the respectable "younkers"—that is to say, the rock-rooted Bourbons of the empire—by an open escapade with one of the soubrettes of the opera. His liaison was, however, thrown in the shade by a simultaneous event which occupied the social factors of the capital. This was the marriage of the Prince Henry of Reuss with an agile rider in a so-called American circus, which for many seasons astonished and delighted the wondering burghers of the cities of the fatherland. But the gallantries of the young Bismarck were of small consequence compared with the folly of the Prince in ending his intrigue by marriage. In royal and semi-royal society a man is allowed a great many years to sow his wild oats—providing he doesn't wind up by the folly of marrying the object of an irregular passion.

In 1877 a certain American elbowed a lieutenant in Unter den Linden so effectually that a duel was the result. Young America was walking with his lady love and stopping now and then to look at the photographs in the great print shops. There is no city in Europe save Rome where photographs are so abundant and cheap. As the couple moved from window to window they were conscious of the persistent scrutiny of a young officer, who, as soon as the couple stopped, made believe to be admiring the same objects, and obtruded himself so close to the young girl that she was forced several times to change sides. Young America, indignant at this persecution, jostled the intruder rather roughly, but the mute adorer affected not to notice the hints. Finally, having striven in every way to avoid this persistent admiration, the American crossed the street. The officer followed and began the same pertinacious system of overt attack. Losing patience, the American broke into an indignant remonstrance, in which he made known to the officer that he considered him a coward. Thereupon that personage handed his assailant a card and demanded an exchange. When it was made he politely informed the American that he should hear from him during the day. The German's card bore the name Louis von Battenberg, Lieutenant.

Sure enough, an hour later two Germans, whose cards bore princely names, called at the American's hotel and formally laid a challenge before the lover. He referred them to his friends, and the next morning at 5 o'clock the party were promptly on hand in a small wood near Potsdam. The American, having the choice of weapons, named revolvers, the men to fire until all the barrels were emptied. To this the Germans demurred, declaring that to be murder. The American would not fight upon any other terms, as he declared it was his purpose to kill the unmannerly young ruffian or be killed himself. The German is not strong as a duelist. In such cases the sword is almost exclusively used, and the pistol disconcerts these heroes. The Prince's seconds—for Battenberg was then Prince, and is now ruler of Bulgaria—refused to allow their principal to be sacrificed, and the affair came to an end.

Battenberg was then a youth of 21, with the light, golden hair, blue eyes, and generally seraphic beauty of the northern races. He was the terror of all staid families of Potsdam, where his regiment rendezvoused and came to close quarters with the military authorities a score or more times. It was this boyish Lothario that broke up the tranquility of one of the greatest houses in Prussia. He was seen at all times in the company of a rather mature princess, who had sons of almost the prince's age. It was his poverty, however, not his tastes, that led him to keep up the liaison. The princess sold her jewels to keep him in pocket money, and gambling is one of the ineradicable vices of German aristocratic society, he found abundant opportunity to indulge his taste. It was the joke of Berlin that the prince made the husban of his patroness keep him in money as well as the wife, for, whenever he dined with the family cards followed the coffee, and the wife invariably lost for herself and husband. The intrigue was brought to an end by a transfer of the young Prince's regiment to Dresden, where he at once proceeded to keep up his reputation by captivating the young wife of a distinguished Russian diplomat.

The husband in this case was not so accommodating as the other. He found out the amour and the young woman fled, begging Lothario to follow. But the youth on pleasure bent had a frugal mind. He hadn't a penny to his name. If he compromised his lieutenancy he would be without bread to eat, let alone the luxuries that a small amount of prudence would enable him to command. He wrote his beloved that it would be madness to risk everything, and that she must continue to love him and wait. But the determined woman was not to be put off thus. She returned to Dresden in disguise, penetrated her husband's house and carried off her diamonds and such ands and ends as could be turned into cash. The husband thought it prudent ro say nothing of the affair, for he was himself compromised in another quarter. The woman was determined to remain with her lover, and it was soon observed that the Prince shared his modest quarters with a youth whom he drew out as his cousin from Baden. The "cousin" was known to a few in the caserne, but for months the affair continued unsuspected.

Had the pair not grown incautious it might have continued forever, but they were mad enough to take places in the parquet of the opera one gala night, when a relation of the lady at once recognized her. As she was leaving the theater with her lover the police presented themselves, and in spite of all protests carried her to prison. In the morning she was found dead, having hanged herself by tying the sleeves of a shirt together. The real name was concealed, thanks to the intervention of the Grand Duke Alexis, who was then living in charming seclusion with the young lady whom the Czar had forbidden the Grand Duke to marry.

Battenberg's peace of mind was restored by his return to Berlin, where the gayeties of his former escapades were renewed. He was of the very fast Bismarck boys' set. Almost any night a group of these wild young princes might be seen at the "Orpheum," a concert garden, ball-room and theater on the model of the Mabille in Paris, but as much more pronounced in wickedness as a serpent is more loathsome than an eel. It would be obscenity to describe the ordinary proceedings of this Sybarite scene. Limits and restraints of no sort were put upon tipsy young men, all of the aristocratic classes, for the prices of admission were too steep to make it a haunt of common vice. Three or four forms of entertainment alternated. Upon one stage an opera bouffe of the wildest and most lascivious abandon; concerts in which the songs were more than Anacreontic; ballets in which the human form suffered but the most trifling restraints from costumes. Finally, a superb ball-room in which the tipsy princelings tore about the smooth-waxed floor in a delirium of erotic ecstasy.

There was a legend in Berlin in 1875 that Bismarck had visited the place incognito one night, and that the first group he saw was his own younger son reeling about tipsily with a bedizened frailty, both drinking champagne from the same glass. The proprietor was hauled before the Chancellor the next day, and thenceforth the Bismarck boys were not admitted. Indeed, Berlin is as wicked as Paris, but not so open in the practice of its wickedness. The homilies of the Prussian press against the godlessness of the French might better be directed against the iniquities and hypocrisies of the somber capital on the Spree, for although Paris is constantly full of Germans seeking the pleasures forbidden at home, it is no secret that Berlin does not yield to Paris in the temptations that besiege the flesh.

THE "wants" in the POST-DISPATCH cost ten cents.

A ROYAL RESORT.

The Hotel Wentworth on the New Hampshire Coast.

From a Letter to Springfield Republican.

The navy-yard on the opposite shore is seen to good advantage, while a little further on Fort Constitution, with its quaint, almost antiquated defences, enhances the interest of the prospect and the ride. The river drive to the splendid summer resort toward which we hasten, if not so elegant, is so attractive in its odd turns and ancient bits of sight-seeing that the visitor should not neglect it.

With all the results of Yankee shrewdness manifested in the choice of these locations for summer palaces which should attract and retain the throngs of pleasure-seekers, it is passing strange that the one now rising so grandly before our eyes should have been so long neglected. The only explanation seems to be that while the site was doubtless appreciated, no far-seeing man of sufficient wealth and courage appeared to risk the venture of planting a big hotel on such implacable foundations as these defiant ledges and jutting boulders. But a man did come, at last, who had the means and the will, and now, without undue assumption, the builder of the superb Hotel Wentworth, may inscribe over its broad portals, Veni, vidi, vici. To rear this great and architecturally beautiful palace of recreation and sea-side pleasure, the builder was forced to blast out immense ledges, and these broad and perfectly graded drives and approaches have been laid after dynamite and giant powder had played the part of pioneers. The unsurpassed grass levels which border the hotel are terraced upon almost incorrigable rocks, though art has so wonderfully supplemented nature, that the rich velvet lawns give no hint of the sterile flint which gave way to affluent verdure.

It is not exactly the thing to say that the desert has been made to blossom as the rose, for a rocky bluff as a prospective Eden intensifies the force of the simile, and involves in said blossoming a much more arduous task. A masterful landscape gardening has reduced the harsh, bald apparently intractable projection into the sea to softer effects, and the strength of rugged scenery has been clothed with artistic beauty, while nature has put on beauteous garments at every turn, in every nook, and away in every vista. Curious winding walks around delicate parterre and over abrupt edges; here a quaint summer-house of costly material and workmanship; just beyond, on another cliff, a bower skillfully wreathed; at the right a pleasant grouping of evergreen trees; at the left a pond bordered by the same. Mr. Jones' private landscape gardener, W. S. Patterson, a skilled artist from Germany, has laid out the grounds of Hotel Wentworth, and his opportunity is unrivaled.

Wherever rock scenery is wanted, there it is in all profusion of rugged boldness or curious nook formation; where rocks are intruders they are promptly removed. Those that remain loom up in naked boldness or are delightfully draped in trailing vines. The most varied and successful use is being made of rock in these grounds that we have ever observed. The general trend of the estate adjoining the house is that of an undulating slope from the eminence crowned by the hotel, downward to the sea upon one side and the abutting *terra firma* on the other. The lawns are to be indefinitely extended. In the grading of but two terraces $10,000 was expended, and the whole system of the most affluent landscape prospects which any seashore locality can afford. At our feet is the landlocked bay in which float the pretty yachts of the establishment, accessible from a fine and convenient pier. A little to the right is the broad and winding avenue, the main approach from the city, gay with the brilliant turnouts of the elite. Right in front and in easiest eye-range we are surprised with the best view of the Isles of Shoals we ever obtained from any promontory. They seem to stand in near the main land, floating in an indescribable grace like the fabled isles of the ancients. To the left is a delicate stretch of country landscape, while to the rear is witnessed a most charming combination of nature and art. One is in doubt where to expend the best strength of his observation.

From the crowning level of the eminence the view is fully satisfying, but from the architectural heights it is entrancing and quite beyond description. Beneath us is the bay, lawns, terraces, deer park, rocky ramble, and the large shallow safety pond, with its tiny steam yacht for the entertainment of the children. A wider sweep takes in the navy yard and the harbor defences, together with the sinuosities of the river, a pretty village, and, farther to the left, a wide landscape rich in umbrageous groves. Raise your eyes a little, and there is the gem of the vista, Portsmouth, embowdered in graceful verdure, half concealed, half disclosed, a picture ever to be admired. Then reach away to the limits of vision, and you behold the Granite hills in luxurious undulations, changing the landscape into a sea, whose waves are literal mountains and whose border land is old Agamenticus, venerable, imposing, settling away in the staid grandeur of its distance.

I hade merely hinted at some of the outer attractions of a locality eclipsed by none along the shore. We now come to the house itself, which must be conceded to be the most elegant, complete and costly establishment that adorns the coast line of New England. This hotel is all that money can make it, and now Mr. Jones, in his restless ambition to attain the utmost in the lines of his liberal endeavor, proposes to add 200 feet, longitudinally to this already colossal edifice.

Lord Shrewsbury's Marriage.

From the London Truth.

Some of my contemporar ieswere desperately anxious to see Lord Shrewsbury married to Mrs. Mundy. One weekly journal announced that the marriage had taken place on the 17th, another on the 18th, and the latter gave the church and the name of the officiating clergyman. As the divorce had not been made absolute, it was impossible that the couple could have been married on the days mentioned. The case was settled on Tuesday, and the parties were married at a Registrar's office on Wednesday morning. In "Coning-by," Lord Beaconsfield defines pinck as (according to Lord Monmouth's idea) "a total disregard of public opinion." If this is what it is, Lord Shrewsbury and his bride must possess a full share, for few people in their position would have gone flaunting down to the family place, having previously ordered "demonstrations" to be got up. It appears that they were met by tenants, who escorted them from the station to the house; that there were eight triumphal arches in four miles, and that young ladies presented the bride with bouquets! Thackeray's picture of the abject servility of the British public is as absolutely true now as it was forty years ago. Suppose he is a nobleman of a jovial turn, the public will sympathize good-naturedly with his amusements, and say he is a hearty, honest fellow. Suppose he is fond of play and the turf, and has a fancy to be a blackleg, the public will fawn on him, and many honest people will court him, as they would court a house-breaker if he happened to be a Lord. Suppose he is an idiot, yet, by the glorious Constitution, he is good enough to govern us; he may be an ass, and yet respected; or a ruffian, and yet be exceedingly popular; or a rogue, and yet excused—will be found for him. Snobs will still worship him.

WANTS, ten cents.

THE BOER LEADER.

Mr. Aylward in America and Threatening to Lecture.

From the New York World.

Alfred Aylward, Captain of the Lydenburg Volunteers, Commandant in South Africa and Military Secretary to the President of the Transvaal Republic, ex-Fenian agitator, journalist and politician, is visiting in New York. He was called upon yesterday by a reporter of the World at the residence of his friend, Mr. Edward Byrne, in East Twenty-eighth street. Captain Aylward, who is a bronzed and robust man of middle age, spoke freely of himself and his experiences. He was born in 1845 at New Ross, County Wexford. His grandmother was a daughter of the noted Col. Gurley, whose revolutionary sentiments she inherited, and she eloped with a Captain McEvoy, who afterwards joined the revolutionary General Dwyer and was hanged by the English. Mr. Aylward was educated at a Jesuit college in King's county and studied medicine in London, acquiring also a knowledge of surgery. Becoming interested in the Fenian movement, he joined the organization, and on the arrest of Shaun O'Claughessy, the Center of the Emmet Circle in Dublin, was chosen as his successor. Aylward was twice imprisoned in Kilmainham Jail. In 1868 he went to the Gold Coast, and has not since had any connection with Irish organizations. Sir Theophilus Shepstone, the British High Commissioner, in 1878 was preparing to annex the Transvaal. Three deputations were sent to the Colonial Office to prevent the annexation, and a memorial was sent to Parliament, but the deputations were refused a hearing at the Colonial Office, and Parliament refused to reopen the matter. "I accompanied Joubert, Kruger, Bok and the other Boer delegates to England," said Capt. Aylward. "and co-operated with them. While in England I wrote and published 'The Transvaal of To-Day,' and did some other literary work. Towards the end of 1878 it was suggested to me to return to South Africa and give Sir Bartle Frere what aid I could. I landed just before the declaration of war with Cetewayo and found it impossible to co-operate with Sir Bartle Frere. While I was at Pietermaritzburg, President Joubert came down from the Transvaal to have an interview with the British Commissioner. As a result of the interview it was decided that the Boers must fight, and my services were enlisted."

"What is the object of your visit to America?"

"Owing to certain features of the treaty of peace, which was signed last year, the Government of the Transvaal is prevented from having consular or diplomatic intercourse with any other countries except through the British Resident Commissioner. England retains a nominal suzerainty over the country. That this selfish and ostrusive policy of England is injurious to American interests is proved by the fact that nearly all the agricultural instruments and a vast proportion of the wheeled vehicles in use in the Free States of South Africa were, up to 1881, of American manufacture. American interests are also involved in the opening up of Central African trade, via Delagoa Bay, a port exceptionally privileged by treaty between the Transvaal and Portugal. I intend to deliver lectures pointing out these things in order to gain the strength of American public opinion for an effort which will soon be made to throw off entirely the British yoke. It seems to me that England is repeating to-day in Egypt the same unwarrantable course she pursued in South Africa, and on the same thin pretext of preserving order."

ADVERTISE for what you want in the POST-DISPATCH.

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MALVERN, ARK., May 3, 1881.

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Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, and why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay, Who should marry. How life and happiness may be increased. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it, than keep under lock and key. It etc., by mail, in money or postage.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

ESTATE of Rose McAvedy, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Rose McAvedy,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 9th day of May, 1882.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1882.

PATRICK MAGUIRE,
Executor of the estate of Rose McAvedy, deceased. 9m

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Hermann Brickwede,

deceased, that I, the undersigned administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the second Monday of September next.

WILHELMINA BRICKWEDE,
Administratrix of the estate of Hermann Brickwede.
St. Louis, May 1, 1882. 70N

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June term, 1882.
Saturday, June 10, 1882.
Rebecca W. Allnutt
vs.
Wm. H. Allnutt.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds of habitual drunkenness, such indignities as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable and desertion;

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be began and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court city of St. Louis, this 12th day of June, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
R. J. Delano, plaintiff's attorney. 91M

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Wednesday, June 28, 1882.
Emma B. Moore
vs.
William D. Moore.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit hereto filed herein that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri; wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce on the ground that the defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without any reasonable cause for more than the space of one year.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of October next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 8th day of June, 1882.

SEAL CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
E. Farmer, Attorney.

Sheriff Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Edward Wills and against the University Street Baptist Church, a corporation,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered thirty-six (36) of block numbered thirty-nine (39) and lettered "D" (block number 32 B), of an addition to the city of St. Louis known as Union Addition, said lot fronting twenty-five feet on University street and running northwardly for depth one hundred and eight (108) feet to an alley, bounded on the south by said University street, on the west by lot numbered thirty-seven (37) of said block, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot numbered thirty-five (35) of said block, together with the improvements thereon.

Also, lot numbered thirty-seven (37) of block numbered thirty-nine (39), and lettered "B," of an addition to the city of St. Louis aforesaid known as Union Addition, said lot having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on University street and running northwardly for depth one hundred and eight (108) feet to the same width on an alley running east and west through said block, bounded on the south by University street, on the west by lot number thirty-eight (38) of said block, on the north by said alley and on the east by lot numbered thirty six of said block.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, 1882, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named University Street Baptist Church, a corporation, of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Mo., July 12, 1882. 94O

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October Term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathanial C. Ryan, Collector of the City of St. Louis, is the plaintiff, and Bridget Sullivan, Mary A. Grace, well known heirs of James Sullivan, Mary A. Grace, administratrix of estate of Thomas Grace, Anna Grace, Anna Grace, Gertrude Grace, Raymond Grace, Alfreda Grace, William Sullivan, Michael Sullivan, James Sullivan, Mary Hickey, William Hickey and Catharine Delaney and Charles H. Chapin, guardian ad litem for Anna Grace, Gertrude Grace, Raymond Grace and Alfreda Grace, minor defendants, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Wash street, in city block 357, 26 feet in front or width, and 142 feet 7 inches in length or depth, being lots 18

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEES' SALE.—Whereas, by their deed of trust, dated the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875 and recorded in the Recorder's office of Adair county, Missouri, in book for mortgages "T" at pages 60 to 62, Abraham H. John and Mary F. John, his wife, did convey to the uncersigned trustees, to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, the following described real estate, to-wit:. The west half of the southwest quarter and the west half of the northwest quarter of section number 5, and the southeast quarter of section number 5, and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section number 32, and the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter and the north half of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 33, and the east half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section number 21, and the south half of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 20, and 15 acres of the east part of the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section number 20, in township number 62; also the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section number 3, in township 61, all in range number 16; also the east half of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section number 24, township number 62, range number 17, all in Adair county, State of Missouri; and whereas said principal note is past due and remains unpaid, now, therefore, in pursuance of the terms and conditions of said deed of trust, we will on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, A. D. 1882,

at the Court-house door in the town of Kirksville, Adair county, Missouri between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., proceed to sell the said premises at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the uses and purposes of said trust.

WILLIS B. HARLAIN,
THOMAS H. SWAIN,
Trustees.
60L

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Henry Buchholz and Johanna Buchholz, his wife by their certain deed of trust dated the nineteenth day of April, A. D. 1873, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 448, page 489, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Lot No. eighteen (18) of block No. three (3) of George Bailey's first addition to the city of St. Louis, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the eastern line of Pleasant street one hundred and eighty feet five inches southwardly from the southern line of Kossuth avenue; thence eastwardly with the southern line of lot nineteen of said block one hundred and twenty feet to alley; thence southwardly with the western line of said alley twenty-five feet to the northern line of lot seventeen of said block; thence westwardly with the northern line of said lot seventeen one hundred and twenty feet to Pleasant street; thence northwardly with the eastern line of Pleasant street twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. Also a certain piece or parcel of ground situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of Bentzen street, distant southwardly one hundred and six feet one inch from the southwest corner of Bentzen street and Kossuth avenue, thence running southwardly forty-five feet five inches, thence westwardly eighty-eight feet four inches parallel with Bailey avenue to a point, thence northwardly parallel with Bentzen street forty-five feet five inches to an alley, thence eastwardly parallel with said avenue eighty-eight feet four inches to place of beginning; which said conveyance to the undersigned was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described. And whereas one of said notes has become due and remains unpaid, Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions in said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 2D DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purpose of satisfying said note and the cost of executing this trust.

JOHN M. KRUM, Trustee.
10

R. J. DELANO, Attorney.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas John Scriton, of the city of St. Louis, Mo., by his certain deed dated June 29, 1871, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the then county, now city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 417, page 246, conveyed to the undersigned as trustee the following described real estate situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and being in block numbered 451 east of the then city of St. Louis, and in Railroad addition to said city, containing a front of 29 feet on the south side of Papin street by a depth of 150 feet to an alley, and being the whole of lot number 13 and twenty feet off of the western side of lot number 14 of block number one of said Railroad addition, and bounded north by said Papin street, east by a lot 55 feet wide, sold and conveyed by Hilbert A. Sire to Henry Fischer, south by said alley, and west by Sixteenth street; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described; and whereas the said John Scriton has departed this life more than nine months since, and default has been made in the payment of the principal note in said deed described. Now, therefore, under the provisions of said deed, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, the undersigned trustee will offer said real estate for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front Court-house door, in said city of St. Louis, on FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1882, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM ROHLFING,
Trustee.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Friday, June 30, 1882.
Estate of Jacob Wastier.

Now at this day comes Martrom D. Lewis, Public Administrator, having charge of the estate of Jacob Wastier, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed this 7th day of July, 1882.

{SEAL} 94N W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Wednesday, June 28, 1882.
Estate of Nicholas Gondolf.

Now at this day comes Martrom D. Lewis, Public Administrator, having charge of the estate of Nicholas Gondolf, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed this 30th day of June, 1882.

{SEAL} 93N W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1882.
Friday, June 30, 1882.
Estate of Harriet F. McQuaid.

Now at this day comes Martrom D. Lewis, Public Administrator, having charge of the estate of Harriet F. McQuaid, deceased, and presents to the court his petition praying for an order for the sale of so much of the real estate of said deceased as will pay and satisfy the remaining debts due by said estate, and yet unpaid for want of sufficient assets, accompanied by the accounts, lists and inventories required by law in such case, on examination whereof

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased be notified that application as aforesaid has been made, and that, unless the contrary be shown on or before the first day of the next term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the said city of St. Louis, on the second Monday of September next, an order will be made for the sale of the whole or so much of the real estate of said deceased as will be sufficient for the payment of said debts.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in some newspaper printed in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, for four weeks before the next term of this court.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, hereto affixed this 7th day of July, 1882.

{SEAL} 95N W. E. WAGNER, Clerk.

LEGAL.

Sheriff Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Philip Schmidt, trustee of Charlotte Schiffman, and Charlotte Schiffman, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Bellefontaine road, 40 feet in front or width and 437 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 11 in Gimblins' estate addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, June 22, 1882. 141L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Pacific Railroad in front or width 42 feet in the one part and 45 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 150 feet in the one part and 152 feet 3 inches in the other part, being lot 42 in Wible's eastern addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Pacific Railroad in front or width 42 feet in the one part and 43 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 152 feet 3 inches in the one part and 174 feet 6 inches in the other part, being lot 43 in Wible's eastern addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., Jun e27 1882. 175

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Sauiim is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Two lots of ground on Phillips avenue, each 25 feet in front or width, and 123 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lots 16 and 11 in block 9 in Phillips' addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 138L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Philip Schmidt, trustee of Charlotte Schiffman, and Charlotte Schiffman, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Bellefontaine road, 40 feet in front or width and 437 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 11 in Gimblins' estate addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 22, 1882. 140L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Gustavus Hammel; Daniel Tefz, Jane C. Anderson, Murray Anderson are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Pacific Railroad in front or width 42 feet in the one part and 43 feet 6 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 162 feet 3 inches in the one part and 174 feet 6 inches in the other part, being lot 43 in Wible's eastern addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 141L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph B. Mathewson is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Fourtain avenue, 60 feet in front or width and 225 feet in length or depth, being lot 19 in block 8 in Aubert place addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 26, 1882. 146L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Dunn, Mary Dunn and John F. Dunn and Cornelius H. Dunn, guard an ad litem for John Dunn, a minor, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Second street in city block 2932, 25 feet in front or width, and 236 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in Eller's survey, and bounded on the north by real estate owned by Fleharty, on the east by Second street, on the south by real estate of one Briggs, on the west by Third street

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 22, 1882. 139L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Philip Schmidt, trustee of Charlotte Schiffman, and Charlotte Schiffman, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Bellefontaine road, 40 feet in front or width and 437 feet in length or depth, being the north part of lot 11 in Gimblins' estate addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 22, 1882. 140L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and unknown heirs of Christopher Maguire are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Franklin avenue in city block 965, 25 feet in front or width in the one part and 26 feet 3 inches in front or width in the other part, and in length or depth as follows: 154 feet 3 inches in the one part and 161 in the other part, being lot 15 in W. C. Carr's addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Franklin avenue in city block 965, 25 feet in front or width and 155 feet and 3 inches in length or depth, being lot 16 in W. C. Carr's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 141L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Sauiim is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Main street in city block 2918, 146 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 146 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being in block 6 in Eller's survey, and bounded on the north by Elwood's reet, on the east by Main street, on the south by Harrison street, on the west by real estate of one Daniel.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 22, 1882. 137L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and George H. Sackett, Henry W. Gardner, Lodowick Brayton, Branch & Mathewson's Bank of Attleboro, Massachusetts, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 1935, 32 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 and 6 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kolmeier, on the south by an alley, on the west by California avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 142L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julius E. Braunsdorf is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 1935, 32 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 and 6 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kolmeier, on the south by an alley, on the west by California avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 143L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Matthew Doyle and Huntington smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 5, in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 48 in survey 4.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 144L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John Dunn, Mary Dunn and John F. Dunn and Cornelius H. Dunn, guard an ad litem for John Dunn, a minor, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Second street in city block 2932, 25 feet in front or width, and 236 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in Eller's survey, and bounded on the north by real estate owned by Fleharty, on the east by Second street, on the south by real estate of one Briggs, on the west by Third street

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 22, 1882. 139L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and George H. Sackett, Henry W. Gardner, Lodowick Brayton, Branch & Mathewson's Bank of Attleboro, Massachusetts, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 1935, 32 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 and 6 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kolmeier, on the south by an alley, on the west by California avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 142L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julius E. Braunsdorf is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 1935, 32 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 and 6 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kolmeier, on the south by an alley, on the west by California avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 143L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph B. Mathewson is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 1935, 32 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 and 6 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kolmeier, on the south by an alley, on the west by California avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 144L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mathew Doyle and Huntington smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, being lot 5, in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 48 in survey 4.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 145L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and James Smith, Thomas Cunningham, Lucin H. Brown, Horatio B. Lincoln, George Brown, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Aubert avenue, 30 feet in front or width and 150 feet in length or depth, being the south half of lot 94 in block 1 in Aubert place addition to said city

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 146L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Julius E. Braunsdorf is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Broadway in city block 1935, 32 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 125 feet 10 inches in length or depth, being the west part of lots 5 and 6 in Bryan's addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Kolmeier, on the south by an alley, on the west by California avenue.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 147L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Matthew Doyle and Huntington smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 3 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 50 feet in length or depth, being lot 4 in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 5. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, being lot 5, in block 48 in survey 4.

No. 6. A lot of ground on Ninth street, in city block 3138, 25 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, being lot 6 in block 48 in survey 4.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.
St. Louis, Mo., June 24, 1882. 148L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mathew Doyle and Huntington smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Sarah Ann Wassall and William Wassall, her husband, by their certain deed of trust, dated March 15, 1880, and recorded in book 626, page 375, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds of St. Louis city, Missouri, conveyed to the trustee in said deed mentioned the following described real estate, to-wit: A lot, tract or parcel of land, with all improvements thereon, lying in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and being lot 18 in "Gratiot," being Paul M. Gratiot's subdivision of a part of the "Gratiot League Square," a plat of which is on file and of record in said Recorder's office, said lot 18 fronting north on Chelienham avenue 207 feet by a depth southwardly of 631 feet 8 inches, etc., etc., said lot 18 containing 3 acres, and being the same property conveyed by Eliza R. Billon to Sarah Ann Wassall by deed dated May 5, 1879, and recorded in said Recorder's office in book 611, page 434. Whereas said conveyance to said trustee was made to secure among other things the payment of a certain note, being the principal note in said deed of trust described, which said note has become due and remains unpaid, and whereas the said trustee aforesaid was and still is absent from the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and whereas the Sheriff of the said city of St. Louis declines to act and the trustee as is provided in said deed of trust, and whereas the undersigned has been, by order of the Circuit Court of said St. Louis City, duly granted on June 30, 1882, and entered on record in said court, duly appointed under the provisions of law as trustee in place and stead of the trustee named in said deed of trust and in place and stead of said Sheriff, with all the powers thereof. Now, therefore, in pursuance of said appointment and of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, will, on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, offer said property for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of executing said trust.

FREDERIC F. ESPENSCHIED,
Trustee by appointment.

St. Louis, July 5, 1882. 68N

WHEREAS, John F. O'Brien and Mary, his wife, by their deed of trust dated October 2, 1871, and recorded in book 440, page 99, conveyed to the trustee therein named the following described lots or parcels of land, to-wit: A lot in block 54 of the city of St. Louis, commencing at a point in the south line of Almond street, one hundred feet east of the east line of Third street, thence eastwardly twenty-five feet, thence south along the west line of a lot, now or formerly of Chas. Warren, sixty-nine feet to lot of Primm, thence westwardly with Primm's north line twenty-five (25) feet, and thence northward parallel with Third street sixty-nine feet to the point of beginning.

Also another lot in said block 54, fronting thirty feet on the south line of Almond street by a depth southwardly of sixty feet, more or less, to lot of Coons; bounded north by Almond street, east by lot of Andreas Burtin, Julia Meyer, trustee, lessee, south by said Coons and west by Anthony Curotto, and being the same premises by said O'Brien by deed of Florez dated November 5, 1870, recorded in book 416, page 476, to which reference is had, and

And whereas default has been made in the principal note of $2,000 therein mentioned; and whereas the trustee aforesaid and the Sheriff of St. Louis county declined to act; and whereas the undersigned was by order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, July, 1882, duly appointed successor in trust and stead of the trustee named in said deed of trust; now therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, and at the request of the trustee and authority thereof and of said appointment, I, the undersigned, will on

THURSDAY, 27TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash.

EDWARD T. FARISH, Trustee.
72N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas George J. Gerber and Esther, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated September 25, 1879, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis in book 648, page 276, conveyed to the undersigned, Jakob B. Decker, as trustee, the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and being lot No. eight (8) and the eastern portion of lot No. nine (9) of block or division two (2) of the southeast quarter of city common, dated eighty-four (84), being now in city block No. 2676; said lots having an aggregate front of thirty-four (34) feet and three inches on the northern line of Osceola street by a depth northwardly between lines running parallel to Nebraska avenue of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet on the east side of said lot and bounded north by said alley, east by lot No. 7 south by Osceola street, and west by a line parallel to and 49 feet 8 inches east of the seventy-foot line with the improvements thereon erected; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described, and whereas default has been made in the payment of seven date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note in said deed of trust and in place and stead of said Sheriff, with all the powers thereof. Now, therefore, in pursuance of said appointment and of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, by appointment, will, on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the east front door of the Court-house, in said city of St. Louis, offer said property for sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purpose of executing said trust.

FREDERIC F. ESPENSCHIED,
Trustee by appointment.

St. Louis, July 5, 1882. 68N

WHEREAS, John F. O'Brien and Mary, his wife, by their deed of trust dated October 2, 1871, and recorded in book 440, page 99, conveyed to the trustee therein named the following described lots or parcels of land, to-wit: A lot in block 54 of the city of St. Louis, commencing at a point in the south line of Almond street one hundred feet east of the east line of Third street, thence eastwardly twenty-five feet, thence south along the west line of a lot, now or formerly of Chas. Warren sixty-nine feet to lot of Primm, thence westwardly with Primm's north line twenty-five (25) feet, and thence northward parallel with Third street sixty-nine feet to the point of beginning.

Also another lot in said block 54, fronting thirty feet on the south line of Almond street by a depth southwardly of sixty feet, more or less, to lot of Coons; bounded north by Almond street, east by lot of Andreas Burtin, Julia Meyer, trustee, lessee, south by said Coons and west by Anthony Curotto, and being the same premises by said O'Brien by deed of Florez dated November 5, 1870, recorded in book 416, page 476, to which reference is had, and

And whereas default has been made in the principal note of $2,000 therein mentioned; and whereas the trustee aforesaid and the Sheriff of St. Louis county declined to act; and whereas the undersigned was by order of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, July, 1882, duly appointed successor in trust and stead of the trustee named in said deed of trust; now therefore, in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, and at the request of the trustee and authority thereof and of said appointment, I, the undersigned, will on

THURSDAY, 27TH DAY OF JULY, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash.

EDWARD T. FARISH, Trustee.
72N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas George J. Gerber and Esther, his wife, by their deed of trust, dated September 25, 1879, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis in book 648, page 276, conveyed to the undersigned, Jakob B. Decker, as trustee, the following described real estate, lying in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and being lot No. eight (8) and the eastern portion of lot No. nine (9) of block or division two (2) of the southeast quarter of city common, dated eighty-four (84), being now in city block No. 2676; said lots having an aggregate front of thirty-four (34) feet and three inches on the northern line of Osceola street by a depth northwardly between lines running parallel to Nebraska avenue of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet on the east side of said lot and bounded north by said alley, east by lot No. 7 south by Osceola street, and west by a line parallel to and 49 feet 8 inches east of the seventy-foot line with the improvements thereon erected; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed of trust described, which said note has become due and remains unpaid, and whereas default has been made in the payment of seven date with said deed of trust, and therein fully described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note in said deed of trust and in place and stead of said Sheriff, with all the powers thereof. Now, therefore, in pursuance of said appointment and of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, by appointment, will, on

TUESDAY, THE FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, and will sell, the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the costs and expenses of executing the same.

JAKOB B. DECKER,
Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., July 6, 1882. 68N

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, made on the 26th day of June, 1882, and during the June term of said court, in the case of Michael Dailey and Catherine Dailey, his wife, and against Elizabeth Nolan, Peter Nolan, John Nolan and Timothy Nolan, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, on the premises, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit:

1. A lot of ground in block No. thirty-two (32) in Union addition to said city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Warren street by one hundred and thirty (130) feet more or less, in depth; bounded on the north by an alley, east by a line parallel to and seventy-five feet east of Fourth street, south by Warren street, city of and west by a line parallel to and fifty feet east of Twenty-first street.

2. That certain lot of ground with the improvements thereon in block No. thirty-one (31) of said Union addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the south line of Warren street by one hundred and eleven feet five inches (111 ft. 5 in.) in depth to an alley; bounded on the north by said alley, east by a line parallel to and four hundred and thirty-six feet eleven inches (436 ft. 11 in.) west from Twentieth street, south by an alley and west by a lot of ground sold to Mrs. Mary Murphy.

3. That certain lot of ground numbered fourteen (14) of block No. forty-one (41) of said Union addition to the city of St. Louis, containing in front on the south line of Grande (now St. Louis) avenue fifty (50) feet, more or less, southwardly in that width of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet, more or less, to the alley in said block, being city block No. 1068.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, in the city in one and two years, with six per cent interest, and secured on the property by deed of trust.

WILLIAM J. NOLTE,
Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, July 5, 1882. 69N

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF DESIRABLE REAL ESTATE IN PARTITION.—Sophia Meyer et al. vs. Caroline Eulenstein et al. Case No. 59,414 in the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

By virtue of a decree of said court and order of sale made in above cause, the undersigned, special Commissioner, appointed by said court to sell the real estate in said decree and hereinafter described, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed to sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate: That certain lot of ground designated as Lot No. Two, and the brick dwelling house thereon erected, which said lot has become due and remains unpaid, and whereas the Sheriff of the said city of St. Louis declines to act and the trustee as is provided in said deed of trust, and whereas the undersigned has been, by order of the Circuit Court of said St. Louis City, duly granted on June 30, 1882, and entered on record in said court, duly appointed under the provisions of law as trustee in place and stead of the trustee named in said deed of trust and in place and stead of said Sheriff, with all the powers thereof. Now, therefore, in pursuance of said appointment and of the provisions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I, the undersigned trustee, by appointment, will, on

SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed to sell, and will sell, the property hereinbefore described, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, to satisfy said trust and the costs and expenses of executing the same.

JAKOB B. DECKER,
Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., July 6, 1882. 68N

Special Commissioner's Sale.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE IN PARTITION.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, made on the 26th day of June, 1882, and during the June term of said court, in the case of Michael Dailey and Catherine Dailey, his wife, and against Elizabeth Nolan, Peter Nolan, John Nolan and Timothy Nolan, the undersigned Special Commissioner will, on

SATURDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, on the premises, sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground in block No. thirty-two (32) in Union addition to said city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the north side of Warren street by one hundred and thirty (130) feet more or less, in depth; bounded on the north by an alley, east by a line parallel to and seventy-five feet east of Fourth street, south by Warren street, city of and west by a line parallel to and fifty feet east of Twenty-first street.

2. That certain lot of ground with the improvements thereon in block No. thirty-one (31) of said Union addition to the city of St. Louis, fronting twenty-five (25) feet on the south line of Warren street by one hundred and eleven feet five inches (111 ft. 5 in.) in depth to an alley; bounded on the north by said alley, east by a line parallel to and four hundred and thirty-six feet eleven inches (436 ft. 11 in.) west from Twentieth street, south by an alley and west by a lot of ground sold to Mrs. Mary Murphy.

3. That certain lot of ground numbered fourteen (14) of block No. forty-one (41) of said Union addition to the city of St. Louis, containing in front on the south line of Grande (now St. Louis) avenue fifty (50) feet, more or less, southwardly in that width of one hundred and forty-five (145) feet, more or less, to the alley in said block, being city block No. 1068.

Terms of sale—One-third cash, in the city in one and two years, with six per cent interest, and secured on the property by deed of trust.

WILLIAM J. NOLTE,
Special Commissioner.

St. Louis, July 5, 1882. 69N

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882 of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John C. Fink and N. D. Allen are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet and 7 inches in front or width, and 131 feet 8 inches in depth in the one part and 129 feet 1 inch in depth in the other part, and being lot 16 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet and 7 inches in front or width and 131 feet 8 inches in depth in the one part and 131 feet 8 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 17 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 7 inches in front or width and 131 feet 8 inches in depth in the one part and 129 feet 1 inch in depth in the other part, and being lot 18 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 7 inches in front or width and 129 feet 1 inch in depth in the one part, and 126 feet 7 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 19 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 7 inches in front or width and 126 feet 7 inches in depth in the one part, and 124 feet in depth in the other part, and being lot 20 in Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 6. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 7 inches in front or width, and 124 feet in depth in the one part and 122 feet 1 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 21 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 1 inch in front or width, and 121 feet 2 inches in depth in the one part and 119 feet 1 inch in depth in the other part, and being lot 22 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 8. A lot in city block 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 1 inch in front or width and 119 feet 1 inch in depth in the one part and 116 feet 10 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 23 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 9. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 1 inch in front or width and 116 feet 10 inches in depth in the one part and 114 feet 2 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 24 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 10. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 1 inch in front or width and 114 feet 6 inches in depth in the one part and 112 feet 2 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 25 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 11. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 112 feet 2 inches in depth in the one part and 109 feet 7 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 26 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 12. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 109 feet 7 inches in depth in the one part and 107 feet 1 inch in depth in the other part, and being lot 27 in the Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 13. A lot in city block No. 737 on Main street, being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 107 feet in depth in the one part and 104 feet 6 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 28 in the Lynch and Duchequette addition to said city.

No. 14. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width, and 104 feet 6 inches in depth in the one part and 101 feet 11 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 29 in the Lynch and Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 15. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 101 feet 11 inches in depth in the one part and 99 feet 5 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 30 in the Lynch and Duchouquette addition to said city.

No. 16. A lot in city block No. 737, on Main street, being 25 feet 6 inches in front or width and 99 feet 5 inches in depth in the one part and 96 feet 11 inches in depth in the other part, and being lot 31 in the Lynch and Duchouquette addition to said city.

And I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said alias execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., July 8, 1882. 69N

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Francis X. Biecherer, Benjamin Biecherer, Rose A. Bullo, Augustus A. Bullo, Mathilda E. Harkins and Joseph Harkins, her husband, Emma C. Bullo and Charles Samuel Brown, her husband, vs. Charles Joseph Bullo, Mary A. J. Bullo and Robert E. L. Bullo.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, dated June 15, 1882, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Thomas F. Conroy of, in and to the above described leasehold estate, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 67N

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mattie Eddy, Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Belle Glade avenue, 50 feet in front or width and 141 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 8 in block 6 in Prairie place addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Wash avenue, 25 feet in front or width and 141 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being the north half of lot 33 in block 6 in Prairie place addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 29, 1882. 92M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Charles English and Agnes Bell John Sharkey and F. J. Sharkey,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No 26 in city block 553, having a front or width of 25 feet on south side of Biddle street by a depth of 155 feet, bounded west by lot 25 of said block, east by lot 27 of said block, south by alley 20 feet wide and north by Biddle street.

And will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 91M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Bumberry, trustee of Sarah L. Lanham, Sarah L. Lanham, Philip L. Lanham, Ellen McKnight, James H. Brooks, trustee, David Smith are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 30 in block one of Page's subdivision, in city block 465 west, having a front of twenty-five feet on Park avenue by a depth of ninety feet.

And I will on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Abraham Covert Barnum, of, in and to the above described property, with improvements thereon, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 67M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and George A. Krebs and Eliza A. Krebs are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 57, 22 feet 4 inches in front or width and 100 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Rankin, on the east by that of one Todd, on the south by that of one Stahlie, on the west by Third street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, in city block 1472, 35 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in city commons.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, in city block 1472, 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 98L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Manetho Hilton, Margaretha Nieman, a minor, Julia A. Elfreder, a minor, Antonia Conrad and Louis E. Conrad are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain lot in block 1 of Labadie's addition, in city block numbered 490 of said city, having a front on the north part and 17 feet 1 inch on the other, by a depth of 205 feet, bounded north by Booth, east by an alley, south by Barnes, and west by Seventh street.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 99L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Ann Burke, Michael Burke, Patrick Burke, Henry M. Berry, Charles S. Bradley are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and charged with the lien of tax-bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots 13, 14 and 15 of block 2 of Swan's addition in city block 2329, each fronting 25 feet on Minnesota avenue by a depth of 124 feet 10 inches.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 16M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and John C. Degenhart is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on McPherson avenue, 170 feet 7 inches in front or width and 175 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being part of lot 22 in F. Lindell's second addition to said city and bounded on the north by McPherson avenue on the east by vacant ground, on the south by real estate of said defendant, on the west by that of one Lighten.

No. 2 A lot of ground on Lindell avenue, containing three and 57-100 acres, being part of lot 23 in F. Lindell's second addition to said city, and bounded on the north by real estate of said defendant and others, on the east by Sarah avenue, on the south by Lindell avenue, on the west by real estate of one Patchin.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 97L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry M. Berry, Charles S. Bradley are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Wash avenue, 25 feet in front or width and 141 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being the north half of lot 33 in block 6 in Prairie place addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 21ST DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 29, 1882. 92M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Charles English and Agnes Bell John Sharkey and F. J. Sharkey,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendants in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No 26 in city block 553, having a front or width of 25 feet on south side of Biddle street by a depth of 155 feet, bounded west by lot 25 of said block, east by lot 27 of said block, south by alley 20 feet wide and north by Biddle street.

And will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 11M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Dickson, his guardian and Joseph C. L. Hill and Joseph C. L. Hill are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Park avenue, in city block 465 west, 36 feet in front or width and 96 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 1 in Page's second edition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 66M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Dickson, his guardian and Joseph C. L. Hill and Joseph C. L. Hill are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Park avenue, in city block 465 west, 36 feet in front or width and 96 feet 11 inches in length or depth, being lot 20 in block 1 in Page's second addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 66M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph Degenhart is defendant.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lots 13, 14 and 15 of block 2 of Swan's addition in city block 2329, each fronting 25 feet on Minnesota avenue by a depth of 124 feet 10 inches.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., June 27, 1882. 16M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph C. L. Hill and Joseph Dickson, his guardian, and George A. Krebs and Eliza A. Krebs are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Third street in city block 57, 22 feet 4 inches in front or width and 100 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by real estate of one Rankin, on the east by that of one Todd, on the south by that of one Stahlie, on the west by Third street.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, in city block 1472, 35 feet in front or width and 125 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 2 in city commons.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Arsenal street, in city block 1472, 25 feet in front or width and 125 feet 2 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 2 in city commons.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF JULY, 1882,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Abraham Covert Barnum, of, in and to the above described property, with improvements thereon, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., June 28, 1882. 67M

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1882, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Joseph C. L. Hill and Joseph Dickson, his guardian, and George A. Krebs and Eliza A. Krebs are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on